

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE

JESSE WHITE • Secretary of State

January 2, 2019

POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD DON BROWN 100 W RANDOLPH ST STE 11-500 CHICAGO, IL 60601 JAN 07 2019

STATE OF ILLINOIS Pollution Control Board

Dear DON BROWN

Your rules Listed below met our codification standards and have been published in Volume 42, Issue 52 of the Illinois Register, dated 12/28/2018.

ADOPTED RULES

Land Disposal Restrictions 35 Ill. Adm. Code 728	24924
Point of Contact: Mike McCambridge	
35 Ill. Adm. Code 733 Point of Contact: Mike McCambridge	25200
Hazardous Waste Injection Restrictions 35 Ill. Adm. Code 738 Point of Contact: Mike McCambridge	25244

If you have any questions, you may contact the Administrative Code Division at (217) 782 - 7017.

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NOTICE OF ADOPTED AMENDMENTS

1) <u>Heading of the Part:</u> Land Disposal Restrictions

2) <u>Code citation:</u> 35 Ill. Adm. Code 728

3)	Section Numbers:	Adopted Actions:
	728.101	Amendment
	728.102	Amendment
	728.103	Amendment
	728.104	Amendment
	728.106	Amendment
	728.107	Amendment
	728.109	Amendment
	728.120	Amendment
	728.130	Amendment
	728.131	Amendment
	728.132	Amendment
	728.133	Amendment
	728.134	Amendment
	728.135	Amendment
	728.136	Amendment
	728.138	Amendment
	728.139	Amendment
	728.140	Amendment
	728.141	Amendment
	728.142	Amendment
	728.143	Amendment
	728.144	Amendment
	728.145	Amendment
	728.146	Amendment
	728.148	Amendment
	728.149	Amendment
	728.150	Amendment
	728.Appendix D	Amendment
	728.Appendix F	Amendment
	728.Appendix H	Amendment
	728.Appendix I	Amendment
	728.Appendix K	Amendment
	728.Table A	Amendment
	728.Table B	Amendment
	728.Table C	Amendment
	728.Table D	Amendment

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728.Table E	Amendment
728.Table F	Amendment
728.Table G	Amendment
728.Table H	Amendment
728.Table I	Amendment
728.Table T	Amendment
728.Table U	Amendment

- 4) <u>Statutory authority:</u> 415 ILCS 5/7.2, 22.4, and 27.
- 5) <u>Effective date of rule:</u> NOV 1 9 2018
- 6) <u>Does this rulemaking contain an automatic repeal date?</u> No.
- 7) <u>Does this rulemaking contain incorporations by reference?</u> No.
- 8) <u>Statement of availability:</u> The adopted rulemaking, a copy of the Board's opinion and order adopted October 4, 2018 in consolidated docket R17-14/R17-15/R18-12/R18-31, and all materials incorporated by reference are on file at the Board's principal office and are available for public inspection and copying.
- 9) Notice of proposal published in the Illinois Register: 42 Ill. Reg. 11225; June 22, 2018
- 10) <u>Has JCAR issued a statement of objections to these rules?</u> No. Section 22.4 of the Environmental Protection Act [415 ILCS 5/22.4] provides that Section 5-35 of the Administrative Procedure Act [5 ILCS 100/5-35] does not apply to this rulemaking. Because this rulemaking is not subject to Section 5-35 of the APA, it is not subject to First Notice or to Second Notice review by the Joint Committee on Administrative Rules (JCAR).
- 11) <u>Differences between the proposal and the final version</u>: A table in a document entitled "Identical-in-Substance Rulemaking Addendum (Final)" that the Board added to consolidated docket R17-14/R17-15/R18-12/R18-31 summarizes the differences between the amendments adopted in the October 4, 2018 opinion and order and those proposed by the Board on May 24, 2018.

The differences are limited to minor corrections suggested by JCAR staff or resulting from the Board's review of its proposal. The changes are not intended to have substantive effect and intend to clarify the rules without deviating from the substance of the federal amendments on which this proceeding is based.

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12) <u>Have all the changes agreed upon by the Board and JCAR been made as indicated in the agreements issued by JCAR?</u> Section 22.4 of the Environmental Protection Act [415 ILCS 5/22.4] provides that Section 5-35 of the Administrative Procedure Act [5 ILCS 100/5-35] does not apply to this rulemaking. Because this rulemaking is not subject to Section 5-35 of the APA, it is not subject to First Notice or to Second Notice review by JCAR.

Since the Notices of Proposed Amendments appeared in the June 22, 2018 issue of the *Illinois Register*, the Board received suggestions for revisions from JCAR. The Board evaluated each suggestion and incorporated some into the adopted rules, as detailed in the Identical-in-Substance Rulemaking Addendum (Final) in consolidated docket R17-14/R17-15/R18-12/R18-31, as described in item 11 above. See that Addendum for additional details on JCAR suggestions and the Board actions on each. One table in itemizes changes made in response to various suggestions. Another table indicates suggestions not incorporated into the text, with a brief explanation for each.

- 13) <u>Will this rulemaking replace emergency rule currently in effect?</u> No.
- 14) Are there any other rulemakings pending on this Part? No.
- 15) Summary and purpose of rulemaking: The amendments to Part 728 are a segment larger Board rulemaking. The consolidated docket R17-14/R17-15/R18-11/R18-31 rulemaking also includes amendments to 35 Ill. Adm. Code 702 through 705, 720 through 727, 730, 733, 738, 739, and 810 through 812. Due to the extreme volume of the consolidated docket, each Part is covered by a notice in five separate issues of the Illinois Register. Included in this issue are the fifth and final group for publication: 35 Ill. Adm. Code 728, 733, 738, and 739.

When the Board filed the adopted amendments and submitted them for publication in the *Illinois Register*, the anticipated schedule for publication of all 20 parts of this rulemaking was as follows:

Group 1: Parts 702, 703, 704, 705, 720, 810, 811, and 812. Group 2: Parts 721 and 722. Group 3: Parts 723, 724, and 726. Group 4: Parts 725, 727, and 730. Group 5: Parts 728, 733, 738, and 739.

Section 22.4(a) of the Environmental Protection Act (Act) (415 ILCS 5/22.4(a) (2016)) requires the Board to adopt hazardous waste rules that are identical-in-substance to United States Environmental Protection Agency's (USEPA's) Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) Subtitle C hazardous waste rules. Section 22.4(a) requires the

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Board to use the identical-in-substance rulemaking procedure of Section 7.2(b) of the Act (415 ILCS 5/7.2(b) (2014)). The Illinois hazardous waste rules are in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 702, 703, 705, 720 through 728, 733, 738, and 739. The Board reserved docket R17-14 to incorporate USEPA amendments adopted during the period July 1, 2016 through December 31, 2016 into the Illinois hazardous waste rules. Similarly, the Board reserved docket R18-12 for USEPA hazardous waste rules adopted during the period July 1, 2017 through December 31, 2017 and consolidated it with dockets R17-14, R17-15, and R18-12.

The consolidated docket R17-14/R17-15/R18-11/R18-31 rulemaking updates the Illinois hazardous waste, underground injection control (UIC), and Municipal Solid Waste Landfill (MSWLF) rules to incorporate amendments adopted by the United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) during calendar years 2016 and 2017, embracing two update periods: July 1, 2016 through December 31, 2016 and July 1, 2017 through December 31, 2017.

The following USEPA actions form the basis for the consolidated docket R17-14/R17-15/R18-11/R18-31 rulemaking:

November 28, 2016 (81 Fed. Reg. 85696)—Hazardous Waste Export-Import Revisions: USEPA revised requirements for importing and exporting hazardous waste at 40 C.F.R. 260 through 267, 271, and 273. USEPA intended to provide greater protection of human health and the environment and greater consistency with current requirements for shipments between members of the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD). USEPA also intended to implement electronic submission of import- and export-related documents into an Automated Export System.

November 28, 2016 (81 Fed. Reg. 85732)—Generator Improvements Rule (GIR): USEPA adopted the GIR, which extensively revised requirements for hazardous waste generators. USEPA revised all parts of the hazardous waste rules: 40 C.F.R. 260 through 268, 270, 271, 273, and 279. The GIR also included revisions to RCRA Subtitle D rules in 40 C.F.R. 257 and 258. The federal MSWLF rules are codified in 40 C.F.R. 258. USEPA intended that reorganizing the hazardous waste generator requirements would make them simpler. USEPA also intended to address gaps in the rules to make them more effective and protective of human health and the environment. USEPA also corrected inadvertent errors and removed obsolete provisions.

August 29, 2017 (82 Fed. Reg. 41015)—Automated Export System (AES) Filing Compliance Date: USEPA established the AES filing compliance date for hazardous waste exports. As of December 31, 2017, exporters of manifested

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hazardous waste, universal waste, spent lead-acid batteries for recycling or disposal, and cathode ray tubes (CRTs) for recycling must use the AES for export shipments. After the AES filing compliance date, the use of paper reporting was no longer permissible for these exports.

December 26, 2017 (82 Fed. Reg. 60894)—Barring Claims of Confidential Business Information (CBI) for Hazardous Waste Import, Export, and Transit Documents: USEPA further revised the rules for imports and exports of hazardous waste. No person can assert a confidential business information (CBI) claim for documents relating to import, export, and transit of hazardous waste or to export of excluded CRTs.

Specifically, the amendments to Part 728 incorporate USEPA's action of November 28, 2016 adopting the Generator Improvements Rule.

The consolidated docket R17-14/R17-15/R18-11/R18-31 rulemaking further makes numerous corrections and non-substantive stylistic revisions that the Board found are needed.

Tables appear in the Identical-in-Substance Rulemaking Addendum (Final) in consolidated docket R17-14/R17-15/R18-12/R18-31, as described in item 11 above, that list corrections and amendments. Persons interested in the details of those corrections and amendments should refer to the Addendum.

Section 22.4(a) of the Environmental Protection Act [415 ILCS 5/22.4(a)] provides that Section 5-35 of the Administrative Procedure Act [5 ILCS 100/5-35] does not apply to this rulemaking. Because this rulemaking is not subject to Section 5-35 of the APA, it is not subject to First Notice or to Second Notice review by the Joint Committee on Administrative Rules (JCAR).

16) <u>Information and questions regarding this adopted rulemaking shall be directed to:</u> Please reference consolidated docket R17-14/R17-15/R18-12/R18-31 and direct inquiries to the following person:

Michael J. McCambridge Staff Attorney Illinois Pollution Control Board 100 W. Randolph Suite 11-500 Chicago, IL 60601

312-814-6924 michael.mccambridge@illinois.gov

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Request copies of the Board's opinion and order of October 4, 2018 at 312-814-3620. You may also obtain a copy of the Board's opinion and order from the Internet at <u>http://www.ipcb.state.il.us</u>.

The full text of the adopted amendments begins on the next page:

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TITLE 35: ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION SUBTITLE G: WASTE DISPOSAL CHAPTER I: POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD SUBCHAPTER c: HAZARDOUS WASTE OPERATING REQUIREMENTS

PART 728 LAND DISPOSAL RESTRICTIONS

SUBPART A: GENERAL

Section

AND.

728.101 Purpose, Scope, and Applicability

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- 728.102 Definitions
- 728.103 Dilution Prohibited as a Substitute for Treatment
- 728.104 Treatment Surface Impoundment Exemption
- 728.105 Procedures for Case-by-Case Extensions to an Effective Date
- 728.106 Petitions to Allow Land Disposal of a Waste Prohibited Pursuant to Subpart C
- 728.107 Testing, Tracking, and Recordkeeping Requirements for Generators, Treaters, and Disposal Facilities
- 728.108 Landfill and Surface Impoundment Disposal Restrictions (Repealed)
- 728.109 Special Rules for Characteristic Wastes

SUBPART B: SCHEDULE FOR LAND DISPOSAL PROHIBITION AND ESTABLISHMENT OF TREATMENT STANDARDS

Section

- 728.110 First Third (Repealed)
- 728.111 Second Third (Repealed)
- 728.112 Third Third (Repealed)
- 728.113 Newly Listed Wastes
- 728.114 Surface Impoundment Exemptions

SUBPART C: PROHIBITION ON LAND DISPOSAL

Section

- 728.120 Waste-Specific Prohibitions: Dyes and Pigments Production Wastes
- 728.130 Waste-Specific Prohibitions: Wood Preserving Wastes
- 728.131 Waste-Specific Prohibitions: Dioxin-Containing Wastes
- 728.132 Waste-Specific Prohibitions: Soils Exhibiting the Toxicity Characteristic for Metals and Containing PCBs
- 728.133 Waste-Specific Prohibitions: Chlorinated Aliphatic Wastes
- 728.134 Waste-Specific Prohibitions: Toxicity Characteristic Metal Wastes

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- 728.135 Waste-Specific Prohibitions: Petroleum Refining Wastes
- 728.136 Waste-Specific Prohibitions: Inorganic Chemical Wastes
- 728.137 Waste-Specific Prohibitions: Ignitable and Corrosive Characteristic Wastes
- Whose Treatment Standards Were Vacated
- 728.138 Waste-Specific Prohibitions: Newly-Identified Organic Toxicity Characteristic
- Wastes and Newly-Listed Coke By-Product and Chlorotoluene Production Wastes
- 728.139 Waste-Specific Prohibitions: Spent Aluminum Potliners and Carbamate Wastes

SUBPART D: TREATMENT STANDARDS

Section

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728.140	Ap	plicability	of Treatment	Standards

- 728.141 Treatment Standards Expressed as Concentrations in Waste Extract
- 728.142 Treatment Standards Expressed as Specified Technologies
- 728.143 Treatment Standards Expressed as Waste Concentrations
- 728.144 USEPA Variance from a Treatment Standard
- 728.145 Treatment Standards for Hazardous Debris
- 728.146 Alternative Treatment Standards Based on HTMR
- 728.148 Universal Treatment Standards
- 728.149 Alternative LDR Treatment Standards for Contaminated Soil

SUBPART E: PROHIBITIONS ON STORAGE

Section

728.150 Prohibitions on Storage of Restricted Wastes

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728.TABLE B	Constituent Concentrations in Wastes (CCW)
728.TABLE C	Technology Codes and Description of Technology-Based Standards
728.TABLE D	Technology-Based Standards by <u>USEPA Hazardous RCRA</u> -Waste
	Number-Code
728.TABLE E	Standards for Radioactive Mixed Waste
728.TABLE F	Alternative Treatment Standards for Hazardous Debris
728.TABLE G	Alternative Treatment Standards Based on HTMR
728.TABLE H	Wastes Excluded from CCW Treatment Standards
728.TABLE I	Generator Paperwork Requirements
728.TABLE T	Treatment Standards for Hazardous Wastes
728.TABLE U	Universal Treatment Standards (UTS)

AUTHORITY: Implementing Sections 7.2 and 22.4 and authorized by Section 27 of the Environmental Protection Act [415 ILCS 5/7.2, 22.4, and 27].

SOURCE: Adopted in R87-5 at 11 Ill. Reg. 19354, effective November 12, 1987; amended in R87-39 at 12 Ill. Reg. 13046, effective July 29, 1988; amended in R89-1 at 13 Ill. Reg. 18403, effective November 13, 1989; amended in R89-9 at 14 Ill. Reg. 6232, effective April 16, 1990; amended in R90-2 at 14 Ill. Reg. 14470, effective August 22, 1990; amended in R90-10 at 14 Ill. Reg. 16508, effective September 25, 1990; amended in R90-11 at 15 Ill. Reg. 9462, effective June 17, 1991; amended in R90-11 at 15 Ill. Reg. 11937, effective August 12, 1991; amendment withdrawn at 15 Ill. Reg. 14716, October 11, 1991; amended in R91-13 at 16 Ill. Reg. 9619, effective June 9, 1992; amended in R92-10 at 17 Ill. Reg. 5727, effective March 26, 1993; amended in R93-4 at 17 Ill. Reg. 20692, effective November 22, 1993; amended in R93-16 at 18 Ill. Reg. 6799, effective April 26, 1994; amended in R94-7 at 18 Ill. Reg. 12203, effective July 29, 1994; amended in R94-17 at 18 Ill. Reg. 17563, effective November 23, 1994; amended in R95-6 at 19 Ill. Reg. 9660, effective June 27, 1995; amended in R95-20 at 20 Ill. Reg. 11100, effective August 1, 1996; amended in R96-10/R97-3/R97-5 at 22 Ill. Reg. 783, effective December 16, 1997; amended in R98-12 at 22 Ill. Reg. 7685, effective April 15, 1998; amended in R97-21/R98-3/R98-5 at 22 III. Reg. 17706, effective September 28, 1998; amended in R98-21/R99-2/R99-7 at 23 Ill. Reg. 1964, effective January 19, 1999; amended in R99-15 at 23 Ill. Reg. 9204, effective July 26, 1999; amended in R00-13 at 24 Ill. Reg. 9623, effective June 20, 2000; amended in R01-3 at 25 Ill. Reg. 1296, effective January 11, 2001; amended in R01-21/R01-23 at 25 Ill. Reg. 9181, effective July 9, 2001; amended in R02-1/R02-12/R02-17 at 26 Ill. Reg. 6687, effective April 22, 2002; amended in R03-18 at 27 Ill. Reg. 13045, effective July 17, 2003; amended in R05-8 at 29 Ill. Reg. 6049, effective April 13, 2005; amended in R06-5/R06-6/R06-7 at 30 III. Reg. 3800, effective February 23, 2006; amended in R06-16/R06-17/R06-18 at 31 III. Reg. 1254, effective December 20, 2006; amended in R07-5/R07-14 at 32 Ill. Reg. 12840, effective July 14, 2008; amended in R09-3 at 33 Ill. Reg. 1186, effective December 30, 2008; amended in R11-2/R11-16 at 35 Ill. Reg. 18131, effective October 14, 2011; amended in R12-7 at 36 Ill. Reg. 8790, effective June 4, 2012; amended in R13-15 at 37

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Ill. Reg. 17951, effective October 24, 2013; amended in R16-7 at 40 Ill. Reg. 12052, effective August 9, 2016; amended in R17-14/R17-15/R18-12/R18-31 at 42 Ill. Reg. _____, effective

_____.

SUBPART A: GENERAL

Section 728.101 Purpose, Scope, and Applicability

- a) This Part identifies hazardous wastes that are restricted from land disposal and defines those limited circumstances under which an otherwise prohibited waste may continue to be land disposed.
- b) Except as specifically provided otherwise in this Part or 35 Ill. Adm. Code 721, the requirements of this Part apply to persons that generate or transport hazardous waste and to owners and operators of hazardous waste treatment, storage, and disposal facilities.
- c) Restricted wastes may continue to be land disposed as follows:
 - Where a person has been granted an extension to the effective date of a prohibition pursuant to Subpart C-of this Part or pursuant to Section 728.105, with respect to those wastes covered by the extension;
 - 2) Where a person has been granted an exemption from a prohibition pursuant to a petition pursuant to Section 728.106, with respect to those wastes and units covered by the petition;
 - 3) A waste that is hazardous only because it exhibits a characteristic of hazardous waste and which is otherwise prohibited pursuant to this Part is not prohibited if the following is true of the waste:
 - A) The waste is disposed into a non-hazardous or hazardous waste injection well, as defined in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 704.106(a); and
 - B) The waste does not exhibit any prohibited characteristic of hazardous waste identified in Subpart C of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 721 at the point of injection.
 - 4) A waste that is hazardous only because it exhibits a characteristic of hazardous waste and which is otherwise prohibited pursuant to this Part is not prohibited if the waste meets any of the following criteria, unless the

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waste is subject to a specified method of treatment other than DEACT in Section 728.140 or is D003 reactive cyanide:

- A) Any of the following is true of either treatment or management of the waste:
 - i) The waste is managed in a treatment system that subsequently discharges to waters of the United States pursuant to a permit issued pursuant to 35 Ill. Adm. Code 309;
 - ii) The waste is treated for purposes of the pretreatment requirements of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 307 and 310; or
 - iii) The waste is managed in a zero discharge system engaged in Clean Water Act (CWA)-equivalent treatment, as defined in Section 728.137(a); and
- B) The waste no longer exhibits a prohibited characteristic of hazardous waste at the point of land disposal (i.e., placement in a surface impoundment).
- d) This Part does not affect the availability of a waiver pursuant to Section 121(d)(4) of the federal Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980 (CERCLA) (42 USC 9621(d)(4)).
- e) The following hazardous wastes are not subject to any provision of this Part:
 - Waste generated by <u>a VSQG</u>-small quantity generators of less than 100 kg of non-acute hazardous waste or less than 1 kg of acute hazardous waste per month, as defined in 35 Ill. Adm. Code <u>720.110</u>-<u>721.105</u>;
 - 2) Waste pesticide that a farmer disposes of pursuant to 35 Ill. Adm. Code 722.170;
 - 3) Waste identified or listed as hazardous after November 8, 1984, for which USEPA has not promulgated a land disposal prohibition or treatment standard; and
 - 4) De minimis losses of waste that exhibits a characteristic of hazardous waste to wastewaters are not considered to be prohibited waste and are defined as losses from normal material handling operations (e.g., spills

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from the unloading or transfer of materials from bins or other containers or leaks from pipes, valves, or other devices used to transfer materials); minor leaks of process equipment, storage tanks, or containers; leaks from well-maintained pump packings and seals; sample purgings; relief device discharges; discharges from safety showers and rinsing and cleaning of personal safety equipment; rinsate from empty containers or from containers that are rendered empty by that rinsing; and laboratory waste that does not exceed one percent of the total flow of wastewater into the facility's headworks on an annual basis, or with a combined annualized average concentration not exceeding one part per million (ppm) in the headworks of the facility's wastewater treatment or pretreatment facility.

- f) A universal waste handler or universal waste transporter (as defined in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 720.110) is exempt from Sections 728.107 and 728.150 for the hazardous wastes listed below. Such a handler or transporter is subject to regulation pursuant to 35 Ill. Adm. Code 733.
 - 1) Batteries, as described in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 733.102;
 - 2) Pesticides, as described in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 733.103;
 - 3) Mercury-containing equipment, as described in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 733.104; and
 - 4) Lamps, as described in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 733.105.
- g) This Part is cumulative with the land disposal restrictions of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 729. The Environmental Protection Agency (Agency) must not issue a wastestream authorization pursuant to 35 Ill. Adm. Code 709 or Section 22.6 or 39(h) of the Environmental Protection Act-[415 ILCS 5/22.6 or 39(h)] unless the waste meets the requirements of this Part as well as 35 Ill. Adm. Code 729.
- h) Electronic Reporting. The filing of any document pursuant to any provision of this Part as an electronic document is subject to 35 Ill. Adm. Code 720.104.

BOARD NOTE: Subsection (h) is derived from 40 CFR 3, 271.10(b), 271.11(b), and 271.12(h) (2017) (2015).

(Source: Amended at 42 Ill. Reg. _____, effective _____)

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Section 728.102 Definitions

When used in this Part, the following terms have the meanings given below. All other terms have the meanings given under 35 Ill. Adm. Code 702.110, 720.110, or 721.102 through 721.104.

"Agency" means the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency.

"Board" means the Illinois Pollution Control Board.

"CERCLA" means the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980 (42 USC 9601 et seq.)

"Debris" means solid material exceeding a 60 mm particle size that is intended for disposal and that is a manufactured object; plant or animal matter; or natural geologic material. However, the following materials are not debris: any material for which a specific treatment standard is provided in Subpart D-of this Part, namely lead acid batteries, cadmium batteries, and radioactive lead solids; process residuals, such as smelter slag and residues from the treatment of waste, wastewater, sludges, or air emission residues; and intact containers of hazardous waste that are not ruptured and that retain at least 75 percent of their original volume. A mixture of debris that has not been treated to the standards provided by Section 728.145-of this Part and other material is subject to regulation as debris if the mixture is comprised primarily of debris, by volume, based on visual inspection.

"Halogenated organic compounds" or "HOCs" means those compounds having a carbon-halogen bond that are listed under Appendix C-of this Part.

"Hazardous constituent" or <u>"hazardous</u> constituents" means those constituents listed in Appendix H to 35 Ill. Adm. Code 721.

"Hazardous debris" means debris that contains a hazardous waste listed in Subpart D of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 721 or that exhibits a characteristic of hazardous waste identified in Subpart C of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 721. Any deliberate mixing of prohibited waste with debris that changes its treatment classification (i.e., from waste to hazardous debris) is not allowed under the dilution prohibition in Section 728.103.

"Inorganic metal-bearing waste" is one for which USEPA has established treatment standards for metal hazardous constituents that does not otherwise

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contain significant organic or cyanide content, as described in Section 728.103(b)(1), and which is specifically listed in Appendix K-of this Part.

"Land disposal" means placement in or on the land, except in a corrective action management unit or staging pile, and "land disposal" includes, but is not limited to, placement in a landfill, surface impoundment, waste pile, injection well, land treatment facility, salt dome formation, salt bed formation, underground mine or cave, or placement in a concrete vault or bunker intended for disposal purposes.

"Land disposal restriction" or "LDR" is a restriction imposed on the land disposal of a hazardous waste pursuant to this Part or 35 Ill. Adm. Code 738. The land disposal of hazardous waste is generally prohibited, except where the activity constituting land disposal is specifically allowed, pursuant to this Part or 35 Ill. Adm. Code 738.

BOARD NOTE: The Board added this definition based on the preamble discussions at 51 Fed. Reg. 40572, 40573-74 (November 7, 1986) and 53 Fed. Reg. 28118, 28119-20 (July 26, 1988). The USEPA publication "Terms of Environment Glossary, Abbreviations, and Acronyms" (December 1997), USEPA, Communications, Education, and Public Affairs, EPA 175/B-97-001, defines "land disposal restrictions" as follows: "Rules that require hazardous wastes to be treated before disposal on land to destroy or immobilize hazardous constituents that might migrate into soil and ground water."

"Nonwastewaters" are wastes that do not meet the criteria for "wastewaters" in this Section.

"Polychlorinated biphenyls" or "PCBs" are halogenated organic compounds defined in accordance with federal 40 CFR 761.3 (Definitions), incorporated by reference in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 720.111(b).

"ppm" means parts per million.

"RCRA corrective action" means corrective action taken under 35 Ill. Adm. Code 724.200 or 725.193, federal 40 CFR 264.100 or 265.93, or similar regulations in other states with RCRA programs authorized by USEPA pursuant to 40 CFR 271.

"Soil" means unconsolidated earth material composing the superficial geologic strata (material overlying bedrock), consisting of clay, silt, sand, or gravel size particles, as classified by the United States Natural Resources Conservation Service, or a mixture of such materials with liquids, sludges, or solids that is inseparable by simple mechanical removal processes and which is made up primarily of soil by volume based on visual inspection. Any deliberate mixing of

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prohibited waste with debris that changes its treatment classification (i.e., from waste to hazardous debris) is not allowed under the dilution prohibition in Section 728.103.

"Underlying hazardous constituent" means any constituent listed in Table U-of this Part, "Universal Treatment Standards (UTS),", except fluoride, selenium, sulfides, vanadium, and zinc, that can reasonably be expected to be present at the point of generation of the hazardous waste at a concentration above the constituent-specific UTS treatment standard.

"USEPA" or "U.S. EPA" means the United States Environmental Protection Agency.

"Wastewaters" are wastes that contain less than one percent by weight total organic carbon (TOC) and less than one percent by weight total suspended solids (TSS).

(Source: Amended at 42 Ill. Reg. _____, effective ______)

Section 728.103 Dilution Prohibited as a Substitute for Treatment

- a) Except as provided in subsection (b) of this Section, no generator, transporter, handler, or owner or operator of a treatment, storage, or disposal facility must in any way dilute a restricted waste or the residual from treatment of a restricted waste as a substitute for adequate treatment to achieve compliance with Subpart D of this Part, to circumvent the effective date of a prohibition in Subpart C-of this Part, to circumvent a land disposal restriction imposed by RCRA section 3004 (42 USC 6924).
- b) Dilution of waste that is hazardous only because it exhibits a characteristic of hazardous waste in a treatment system that treats wastes subsequently discharged to a water of the State pursuant to an NPDES permit issued under 35 Ill. Adm. Code 309, that treats wastes in a CWA-equivalent treatment system, or that treats wastes for purposes of pretreatment requirements under 35 Ill. Adm. Code 310 is not impermissible dilution for purposes of this Section, unless a method other than DEACT has been specified in Section 728.140 as the treatment standard or unless the waste is a D003 reactive cyanide wastewater or nonwastewater.
- c) Combustion of waste designated by any of the USEPA hazardous waste <u>numbers</u> codes-listed in Appendix J-to this Part is prohibited, unless the waste can be demonstrated to comply with one or more of the following criteria at the point of

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generation or after any bona fide treatment, such as cyanide destruction prior to combustion (unless otherwise specifically prohibited from combustion):

- 1) The waste contains hazardous organic constituents or cyanide at levels exceeding the constituent-specific treatment standard found in Section 728.148;
- 2) The waste consists of organic, debris-like materials (e.g., wood, paper, plastic, or cloth) contaminated with an inorganic metal-bearing hazardous waste;
- 3) The waste has reasonable heating value, such as greater than or equal to 5,000 Btu per pound, at the point of generation;
- 4) The waste is co-generated with wastes for which combustion is a required method of treatment;
- 5) The waste is subject to any federal or state requirements necessitating reduction of organics (including biological agents); or
- 6) The waste contains greater than one percent Total Organic Carbon (TOC).
- d) It is a form of impermissible dilution, and therefore prohibited, to add iron filings or other metallic forms of iron to lead-containing hazardous wastes in order to achieve any land disposal restriction treatment standard for lead. Lead-containing wastes include D008 wastes (wastes exhibiting a characteristic due to the presence of lead), all characteristic wastes containing lead as an underlying hazardous constituent, listed wastes containing lead as a regulated constituent, and hazardous media containing any of the aforementioned lead-containing wastes.

(Source: Amended at 42 Ill. Reg. _____, effective _____)

Section 728.104 Treatment Surface Impoundment Exemption

- a) Wastes that are otherwise prohibited from land disposal under this Part may be treated in a surface impoundment or series of impoundments provided that all of the following conditions are fulfilled:
 - 1) Treatment of such wastes occurs in the impoundments;
 - 2) The following conditions are met:

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- A) Sampling and <u>Testing testing</u>. For wastes with treatment standards in Subpart D or prohibition levels in Subpart C, the residues from treatment are analyzed, as specified in Section 728.107 or 728.132, to determine if they meet the applicable treatment standards or, where no treatment standards have been established for the waste, the applicable prohibition levels. The sampling method, specified in the waste analysis plan under 35 Ill. Adm. Code 724.113 or 725.113, must be designed such that representative samples of the sludge and the supernatant are tested separately rather than mixed to form homogeneous samples.
- B) Removal. The following treatment residues (including any liquid waste) must be removed at least annually: residues that do not meet the treatment standards promulgated under Subpart D-of this Part; residues that do not meet the prohibition levels established under Subpart C-of this Part or imposed by federal statute (where no treatment standards have been established); residues that are from the treatment of wastes prohibited from land disposal under Subpart C-of this Part (where no treatment standards have been established and no prohibition levels apply); or residues from managing listed wastes that are not delisted under 35 Ill. Adm. Code 720.122. If the volume of liquid flowing through the impoundment or series of impoundments annually is greater than the volume of the impoundment or impoundments, this flowthrough constitutes removal of the supernatant for the purpose of this requirement.
- C) Subsequent <u>Management management</u>. Treatment residues must not be placed in any other surface impoundment for subsequent management.
- D) Recordkeeping. Sampling, testing, and recordkeeping provisions of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 724.113 or 725.113 apply;
- 3) The impoundment meets the design requirements of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 724.321(c) or 725.321(a) even though the unit may not be new, expanded or a replacement, and must be in compliance with applicable groundwater monitoring requirements of Subpart F of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 724 or Subpart F of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 725, unless any of the following conditions is fulfilled:

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- A) The impoundment is exempted pursuant to 35 Ill. Adm. Code 724.321(d) or (e), or to 35 Ill. Adm. Code 725.321(c) or (d);
- B) Upon application by the owner or operator, the Agency has by permit provided that the requirements of this Part do not apply on the basis that the surface impoundment fulfills all of the following conditions:
 - i) The impoundment has at least one liner, for which there is no evidence that such liner is leaking;
 - ii) The impoundment is located more than one-quarter mile from an underground source of drinking water; and
 - iii) The impoundment is in compliance with generally applicable groundwater monitoring requirements for facilities with permits; or
- C) Upon application by the owner or operator, the Board has, pursuant to Subpart D of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 104, granted an adjusted standard from the requirements of this Part. The justification for such an adjusted standard must be a demonstration that the surface impoundment is located, designed, and operated so as to assure that there will be no migration of any hazardous constituent into groundwater or surface water at any future time; and
- 4) The owner or operator submits to the Agency a written certification that the requirements of subsection (a)(3) of this Section have been met. The following certification is required:

I certify under penalty of law that the requirements of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 728.104(a)(3) have been met for all surface impoundments being used to treat restricted wastes. I believe that the submitted information is true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment.

b) Evaporation of hazardous constituents as the principal means of treatment is not considered to be a treatment for purposes of an exemption under this Section.

(Source: Amended at 42 Ill. Reg., effective)

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Section 728.106 Petitions to Allow Land Disposal of a Waste Prohibited Pursuant to Subpart C

- a) Any person seeking an exemption from a prohibition pursuant to Subpart C for the disposal of a restricted hazardous waste in a particular unit or units must submit a petition to the Board demonstrating, to a reasonable degree of certainty, that there will be no migration of hazardous constituents from the disposal unit or injection zone for as long as the wastes remain hazardous. The demonstration must include the following components:
 - 1) An identification of the specific waste and the specific unit for which the demonstration will be made;
 - 2) A waste analysis to describe fully the chemical and physical characteristics of the subject waste;
 - 3) A comprehensive characterization of the disposal unit site including an analysis of background air, soil, and water quality;
 - 4) A monitoring plan that detects migration at the earliest practical time;
 - 5) Sufficient information to assure the Agency that the owner or operator of a land disposal unit receiving restricted wastes will comply with other applicable federal, <u>State</u>, state, and local laws;
 - 6) Whether the facility is in interim status, or, if a RCRA permit has been issued, the term of the permit.
- b) The demonstration referred to in subsection (a) of this Section must meet the following criteria:
 - 1) All waste and environmental sampling, test and analysis data must be accurate and reproducible to the extent that state-of-the-art techniques allow;
 - 2) All sampling, testing and estimation techniques for chemical and physical properties of the waste and all environmental parameters must conform with "Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste, Physical/Chemical Methods₇", USEPA publication number EPA-530/SW-846, and with "Generic Quality Assurance Project Plan for Land Disposal Restrictions Program₅", USEPA publication number EPA-530/SW-87-011, each incorporated by reference in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 720.111.

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- 3) Simulation models must be calibrated for the specific waste and site conditions, and verified for accuracy by comparison with actual measurements;
- 4) A quality assurance and quality control plan that addresses all aspects of the demonstration and conforms with "Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste, Physical/Chemical Methods,", USEPA publication number EPA-530/SW-846, and with "Generic Quality Assurance Project Plan for Land Disposal Restrictions Program,", USEPA publication number EPA-530/SW-87-011; and
- 5) An analysis must be performed to identify and quantify any aspects of the demonstration that contribute significantly to uncertainty. This analysis must include an evaluation of the consequences of predictable future events, including, but not limited to, earthquakes, floods, severe storm events, droughts, or other natural phenomena.
- c) Each petition referred to in subsection (a) of this Section must include the following:
 - 1) A monitoring plan that describes the monitoring program installed at or around the unit to verify continued compliance with the conditions of the adjusted standard. This monitoring plan must provide information on the monitoring of the unit or the environment around the unit. The following specific information must be included in the plan:
 - A) The media monitored in the cases where monitoring of the environment around the unit is required;
 - B) The type of monitoring conducted at the unit, in the cases where monitoring of the unit is required;
 - C) The location of the monitoring stations;
 - D) The monitoring interval (frequency of monitoring at each station);
 - E) The specific hazardous constituents to be monitored;
 - F) The implementation schedule for the monitoring program;
 - G) The equipment used at the monitoring stations;

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- H) The sampling and analytical techniques employed; and
- I) The data recording and reporting procedures.
- 2) Where applicable, the monitoring program described in subsection (c)(1)-of this Section must be in place for a period of time specified by the Board, as part of its approval of the petition, prior to receipt of prohibited waste at the unit.
- 3) The monitoring data collected according to the monitoring plan specified pursuant to subsection (c)(1) of this Section must be sent to the Agency according to a format and schedule specified and approved in the monitoring plan.
- 4) A copy of the monitoring data collected under the monitoring plan specified pursuant to subsection (c)(1) of this Section must be kept on-site at the facility in the operating record.
- 5) The monitoring program specified pursuant to subsection (c)(1) of this Section must meet the following criteria:
 - A) All sampling, testing, and analytical data must be approved by the Board and must provide data that is accurate and reproducible;
 - B) All estimation and monitoring techniques must be approved by the Board; and
 - C) A quality assurance and quality control plan addressing all aspects of the monitoring program must be provided to and approved by the Board.
- d) Each petition must be submitted to the Board as provided in Subpart D of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 104.
- e) After a petition has been approved, the owner or operator must report any changes in conditions at the unit or the environment around the unit that significantly depart from the conditions described in the petition and affect the potential for migration of hazardous constituents from the units as follows:
 - 1) If the owner or operator plans to make changes to the unit design, construction, or operation, the owner or operator must do the following at least 90 days prior to making the change:

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- A) File a petition for modification of or a new petition to amend an adjusted standard with the Board reflecting the changes; or
- B) Demonstrate to the Agency that the change can be made consistent with the conditions of the existing adjusted standard.
- 2) If the owner or operator discovers that a condition at the site that was modeled or predicted in the petition does not occur as predicted, this change must be reported, in writing, to the Agency within 10 days after discovering the change. The Agency must determine whether the reported change from the terms of the petition requires further action, which may include termination of waste acceptance, a petition for modification of or a new petition for an adjusted standard.
- f) If there is migration of hazardous constituents from the unit, as determined by the owner or operator, the owner or operator must do the following:
 - 1) It must immediately suspend receipt of prohibited waste at the unit, and
 - 2) It must notify the Agency, in writing, within 10 days after the determination that a release has occurred.
 - 3) Following receipt of the notification, the Agency must <u>do the following</u>, within 60 days after receiving notification <u>do the following</u>:
 - A) It must determine whether the owner or operator can continue to receive prohibited waste in the unit under the conditions of the adjusted standard.
 - B) If modification or vacation of the adjusted standard is necessary, it must file a motion to modify or vacate the adjusted standard with the Board.
 - C) It must determine whether further examination of any migration is required pursuant to the applicable provisions of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 724 or 725.
- g) Each petition must include the following statement signed by the petitioner or an authorized representative:

I certify under penalty of law that I have personally examined and am familiar with the information submitted in this petition and all attached

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documents, and that, based on my inquiry of those individuals immediately responsible for obtaining the information. I believe that submitted information is true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment.

- h) After receiving a petition, the Board may request any additional information that may be required to evaluate the demonstration.
- i) If approved, the petition will apply to land disposal of the specific restricted waste at the individual disposal unit described in the demonstration and will not apply to any other restricted waste at that disposal unit, or to that specific restricted waste at any other disposal unit.
- j) The Board will give public notice and provide an opportunity for public comment, as provided in Subpart D of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 104. Notice of a final decision on a petition will be published in the Environmental Register.
- k) The term of a petition granted pursuant to this Section will be no longer than the term of the RCRA permit if the disposal unit is operating pursuant to a RCRA permit, or up to a maximum of 10 years from the date of approval provided pursuant to subsection (g) of this Section if the unit is operating under interim status. In either case, the term of the granted petition expires upon the termination or denial of a RCRA permit, or upon the termination of interim status or when the volume limit of waste to be land disposed during the term of petition is reached.
- 1) Prior to the Board's decision, the applicant must comply with all restrictions on land disposal pursuant to this Part once the effective date for the waste has been reached.
- m) The petition granted by the Board does not relieve the petitioner of responsibilities in the management of hazardous waste pursuant to 35 Ill. Adm. Code 702, 703, and 720 through, 728, and 738.
- n) Liquid hazardous wastes containing PCBs at concentrations greater than or equal to 500 ppm are not eligible for an adjusted standard pursuant to this Section.

(Source: Amended at 42 Ill. Reg. _____, effective _____)

Section 728.107 Testing, Tracking, and Recordkeeping Requirements for Generators, Treaters, and Disposal Facilities

a) Requirements for Generators.

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1) A generator of a hazardous waste must determine if the waste has to be treated before it can be land disposed. This is done by determining if the hazardous waste meets the treatment standards in Section 728.140, 728.145, or 728.149. This determination can be made concurrently with the hazardous waste determination required in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 722.111, in either of two ways: testing the waste or using knowledge of the waste. If the generator tests the waste, testing determines the total concentration of hazardous constituents or the concentration of hazardous constituents in an extract of the waste obtained using Method 1311 (Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure) in "Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste, Physical/Chemical Methods,", USEPA publication number EPA-530/SW-846, incorporated by reference in 35 III. Adm. Code 720.111(a), depending on whether the treatment standard for the waste is expressed as a total concentration or concentration of hazardous constituent in the waste extract. (Alternatively, the generator must send the waste to a RCRA-permitted hazardous waste treatment facility, where the waste treatment facility must comply with the requirements of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 724.113 and subsection (b).) In addition, some hazardous wastes must be treated by particular treatment methods before they can be land disposed and some soils are contaminated by such hazardous wastes. These treatment standards are also found in Section 728.140 and Table T-of this Part, and are described in detail in Table C-of this Part. These wastes and soils contaminated with such wastes do not need to be tested (however, if they are in a waste mixture, other wastes with concentration level treatment standards must be tested). If a generator determines that it is managing a waste or soil contaminated with a waste that displays a hazardous characteristic of ignitability, corrosivity, reactivity, or toxicity, the generator must comply with the special requirements of Section 728.109 in addition to any applicable requirements in this Section.

2) If the waste or contaminated soil does not meet the treatment standard or if the generator chooses not to make the determination of whether its waste must be treated, the generator must send a one-time written notice to each treatment or storage facility receiving the waste with the initial shipment of waste to each treatment or storage facility, and the generator must place a copy of the one-time notice in the file. The notice must include the information in column "728.107(a)(2)" of the Generator Paperwork Requirements Table in Table I-of this Part. (Alternatively, if the generator chooses not to make the determination of whether the waste must be treated, the notification must include the USEPA hazardous waste

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numbers and manifest number of the first shipment, and it must include the following statement: "This hazardous waste may or may not be subject to the LDR treatment standards. The treatment facility must make the determination.") No further notification is necessary until such time that the waste or facility changes, in which case a new notification must be sent and a copy placed in the generator's file.

- 3) If the waste or contaminated soil meets the treatment standard at the original point of generation, the waste generator must do the following:
 - A) With the initial shipment of waste to each treatment, storage, or disposal facility, the generator must send a one-time written notice to each treatment, storage, or disposal facility receiving the waste, and place a copy in its own file. The notice must include the information indicated in column "728.107(a)(3)" of the Generator Paperwork Requirements Table in Table I-of this Part and the following certification statement, signed by an authorized representative:

I certify under penalty of law that I personally have examined and am familiar with the waste through analysis and testing or through knowledge of the waste to support this certification that the waste complies with the treatment standards specified in Subpart D of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 728. I believe that the information I submitted is true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting a false certification, including the possibility of a fine and imprisonment.

- B) For contaminated soil, with the initial shipment of wastes to each treatment, storage, or disposal facility, the generator must send a one-time written notice to each facility receiving the waste and place a copy in the file. The notice must include the information in the column headed "(a)(3)" in Table I-of this Part.
- C) If the waste changes, the generator must send a new notice and certification to the receiving facility and place a copy in its files. A generator of hazardous debris excluded from the definition of hazardous waste under 35 Ill. Adm. Code 721.103(f) is not subject to these requirements.

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- 4) For reporting, tracking and recordkeeping when exceptions allow certain wastes or contaminated soil that do not meet the treatment standards to be land disposed, there are certain exemptions from the requirement that hazardous wastes or contaminated soil meet treatment standards before they can be land disposed. These include, but are not limited to, case-by-case extensions under Section 728.105, disposal in a no-migration unit under Section 728.106, or a national capacity variance or case-by-case capacity variance under Subpart C-of this Part. If a generator's waste is so exempt, then with the initial shipment of waste, the generator must send a one-time written notice to each land disposal facility receiving the waste. The notice must include the information indicated in column "728.107(a)(4)" of the Generator Paperwork Requirements Table in Table I-of this Part. If the waste changes, the generator must send a new notice to the receiving facility, and place a copy in its file.
- 5) If a generator is managing and treating prohibited waste or contaminated soil in tanks, containers, or containment buildings regulated under 35 Ill. Adm. Code <u>722.115</u>, <u>722.116</u>, and <u>722.117</u>, <u>722.134</u>-to meet applicable LDR treatment standards found at Section 728.140, the generator must develop and follow a written waste analysis plan that describes the procedures it will carry out to comply with the treatment standards. (Generators treating hazardous debris under the alternative treatment standards of Table F-of this Part, however, are not subject to these waste analysis requirements.) The plan must be kept on site in the generator's records, and the following requirements must be met:
 - A) The waste analysis plan must be based on a detailed chemical and physical analysis of a representative sample of the prohibited wastes being treated, and contain all information necessary to treat the wastes in accordance with the requirements of this Part, including the selected testing frequency;
 - B) Such plan must be kept in the facility's on-site files and made available to inspectors; and
 - C) Wastes shipped off-site pursuant to this subsection (a)(5) must comply with the notification requirements of subsection (a)(3).
- 6) If a generator determines that the waste or contaminated soil is restricted based solely on its knowledge of the waste, all supporting data used to make this determination must be retained on-site in the generator's

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files. If a generator determines that the waste is restricted based on testing this waste or an extract developed using Method 1311 (Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure) in "Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste, Physical/Chemical Methods,", USEPA publication number EPA-530/SW-846, all waste analysis data must be retained on-site in the generator's files.

- 7) If a generator determines that it is managing a prohibited waste that is excluded from the definition of hazardous or solid waste or which is exempt from Subtitle C regulation under 35 Ill. Adm. Code 721.102 through 721.106 subsequent to the point of generation (including deactivated characteristic hazardous wastes that are managed in wastewater treatment systems subject to the CWA, as specified at 35 Ill. Adm. Code 721.104(a)(2); that are CWA-equivalent; or that are managed in an underground injection well regulated under 35 Ill. Adm. Code 730), the generator must place a one-time notice stating such generation, subsequent exclusion from the definition of hazardous or solid waste or exemption from RCRA Subtitle C regulation, and the disposition of the waste in the generating facility's on-site file.
- 8) A generator must retain a copy of all notices, certifications, waste analysis data, and other documentation produced pursuant to this Section on-site for at least three years from the date that the waste that is the subject of such documentation was last sent to on-site or off-site treatment, storage, or disposal. The three-year record retention period is automatically extended during the course of any unresolved enforcement action regarding the regulated activity or as requested <u>in writing</u> by the Agency. The requirements of this subsection (a)(8) apply to solid wastes even when the hazardous characteristic is removed prior to disposal, or when the waste is excluded from the definition of hazardous or solid waste under 35 Ill. Adm. Code 721.102 through 721.106, or exempted from RCRA Subtitle C regulation, subsequent to the point of generation.

BOARD NOTE: Any Agency request for extended records retention under this subsection (a)(8) is subject to Board review pursuant to Section 40 of the Act.

9) If a generator is managing a lab pack containing hazardous wastes and wishes to use the alternative treatment standard for lab packs found at Section 728.142(c), the generator must fulfill the following conditions:

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A) With the initial shipment of waste to a treatment facility, the generator must submit a notice that provides the information in column "Section 728.107(a)(9)" in the Generator Paperwork Requirements Table of Table I-of this Part and the following certification. The certification, which must be signed by an authorized representative and must be placed in the generator's files, must say the following:

I certify under penalty of law that I personally have examined and am familiar with the waste and that the lab pack contains only wastes that have not been excluded under Appendix D to 35 Ill. Adm. Code 728 and that this lab pack will be sent to a combustion facility in compliance with the alternative treatment standards for lab packs at 35 Ill. Adm. Code 728.142(c). I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting a false certification, including the possibility of fine or imprisonment.

- B) No further notification is necessary until such time as the wastes in the lab pack change, or the receiving facility changes, in which case a new notice and certification must be sent and a copy placed in the generator's file.
- C) If the lab pack contains characteristic hazardous wastes (D001-D043), underlying hazardous constituents (as defined in Section 728.102(i)) need not be determined.
- D) The generator must also comply with the requirements in subsections (a)(6) and (a)(7).
- 10) <u>An SQG Small quantity generators with tolling agreements pursuant to 35</u> Ill. Adm. Code 722.120(e) must comply with the applicable notification and certification requirements of subsection (a) for the initial shipment of the waste subject to the agreement. Such generators must retain on-site a copy of the notification and certification, together with the tolling agreement, for at least three years after termination or expiration of the agreement. The three-year record retention period is automatically extended during the course of any unresolved enforcement action regarding the regulated activity or as requested <u>in writing</u> by the Agency.

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BOARD NOTE: Any Agency request for extended records retention under this subsection (a)(10) is subject to Board review pursuant to Section 40 of the Act.

- b) The owner or operator of a treatment facility must test its wastes according to the frequency specified in its waste analysis plan, as required by 35 Ill. Adm. Code 724.113 (for permitted TSDs) or 725.113 (for interim status facilities). Such testing must be performed as provided in subsections (b)(1), (b)(2), and (b)(3).
 - For wastes or contaminated soil with treatment standards expressed in the waste extract (TCLP), the owner or operator of the treatment facility must test an extract of the treatment residues using Method 1311 (Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure) in "Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste, Physical/Chemical Methods₅", USEPA publication number EPA-530/SW-846, to assure that the treatment residues extract meets the applicable treatment standards.
 - 2) For wastes or contaminated soil with treatment standards expressed as concentrations in the waste, the owner or operator of the treatment facility must test the treatment residues (not an extract of such residues) to assure that the treatment residues meet the applicable treatment standards.
 - 3) A one-time notice must be sent with the initial shipment of waste or contaminated soil to the land disposal facility. A copy of the notice must be placed in the treatment facility's file.
 - A) No further notification is necessary until such time that the waste or receiving facility changes, in which case a new notice must be sent and a copy placed in the treatment facility's file.
 - B) The one-time notice must include the following requirements:
 - i) USEPA hazardous waste number and manifest number of first shipment;
 - The waste is subject to the LDRs. The constituents of concern for F001 through F005 and F039 waste and underlying hazardous constituents in characteristic wastes, unless the waste will be treated and monitored for all constituents. If all constituents will be treated and monitored, there is no need to put them all on the LDR notice;

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- iii) The notice must include the applicable wastewater/ nonwastewater category (see Section 728.102(d) and (f)) and subdivisions made within a <u>USEPA hazardous</u> waste <u>numbers code</u> based on waste-specific criteria (such as D003 reactive cyanide);
- iv) Waste analysis data (when available);
- v) For contaminated soil subject to LDRs as provided in Section 728.149(a), the constituents subject to treatment as described in Section 728.149(d) and the following statement, "this contaminated soil (does/does not) contain listed hazardous waste and (does/does not) exhibit a characteristic of hazardous waste and (is subject to/complies with) the soil treatment standards as provided by Section 728.149(c)"; and
- vi) A certification is needed (see applicable Section for exact wording).
- 4) The owner or operator of a treatment facility must submit a certification signed by an authorized representative with the initial shipment of waste or treatment residue of a restricted waste to the land disposal facility. The certification must state as follows:

I certify under penalty of law that I have personally examined and am familiar with the treatment technology and operation of the treatment process used to support this certification. Based on my inquiry of those individuals immediately responsible for obtaining this information, I believe that the treatment process has been operated and maintained properly so as to comply with the treatment standards specified in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 728.140 without impermissible dilution of the prohibited waste. I am aware there are significant penalties for submitting a false certification, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment.

A certification is also necessary for contaminated soil and it must state as follows:

I certify under penalty of law that I have personally examined and am familiar with the treatment technology and operation of the treatment process used to support this certification and believe that

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it has been maintained and operated properly so as to comply with treatment standards specified in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 728.149 without impermissible dilution of the prohibited wastes. I am aware there are significant penalties for submitting a false certification, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment.

- A) A copy of the certification must be placed in the treatment facility's on-site files. If the waste or treatment residue changes, or the receiving facility changes, a new certification must be sent to the receiving facility, and a copy placed in the treatment facility's file.
- B) Debris excluded from the definition of hazardous waste under 35 Ill. Adm. Code 721.103(f) (i.e., debris treated by an extraction or destruction technology listed in Table F-of this Part and debris that the Agency has determined does not contain hazardous waste) is subject to the notification and certification requirements of subsection (d) rather than the certification requirements of this subsection (b)(4).
- C) For wastes with organic constituents having treatment standards expressed as concentration levels, if compliance with the treatment standards is based in part or in whole on the analytical detection limit alternative specified in Section 728.140(d), the certification must be signed by an authorized representative and must state as follows:

I certify under penalty of law that I have personally examined and am familiar with the treatment technology and operation of the treatment process used to support this certification. Based on my inquiry of those individuals immediately responsible for obtaining this information, I believe that the nonwastewater organic constituents have been treated by combustion units as specified in Table C to 35 Ill. Adm. Code 728. I have been unable to detect the nonwastewater organic constituents, despite having used best good faith efforts to analyze for such constituents. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting a false certification, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment.

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D) For characteristic wastes that are subject to the treatment standards in Section 728.140 and Table T-of this Part (other than those expressed as a required method of treatment) or Section 728.149 and which contain underlying hazardous constituents, as defined in Section 728.102(i); if these wastes are treated on-site to remove the hazardous characteristic; and that are then sent off-site for treatment of underlying hazardous constituents, the certification must state as follows:

> I certify under penalty of law that the waste has been treated in accordance with the requirements of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 728.140 and Table T of Section 728.149 of that Part to remove the hazardous characteristic. This decharacterized waste contains underlying hazardous constituents that require further treatment to meet treatment standards. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting a false certification, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment.

E) For characteristic wastes that contain underlying hazardous constituents, as defined in Section 728.102(i), that are treated onsite to remove the hazardous characteristic and to treat underlying hazardous constituents to levels in Section 728.148 and Table U-of this Part universal treatment standards, the certification must state as follows:

> I certify under penalty of law that the waste has been treated in accordance with the requirements of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 728.140 and Table T of that Part to remove the hazardous characteristic and that underlying hazardous constituents, as defined in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 728.102(i), have been treated on-site to meet the universal treatment standards of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 728.148 and Table U of that Part. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting a false certification, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment.

5) If the waste or treatment residue will be further managed at a different treatment, storage, or disposal facility, the treatment, storage, or disposal facility that sends the waste or treatment residue off-site must comply with

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the notice and certification requirements applicable to generators under this Section.

- 6) Where the wastes are recyclable materials used in a manner constituting disposal subject to the provisions of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 726.120(b), regarding treatment standards and prohibition levels, the owner or operator of a treatment facility (i.e., the recycler) must, for the initial shipment of waste, prepare a one-time certification described in subsection (b)(4) and a notice that includes the information listed in subsection (b)(3) (except the manifest number). The certification and notification must be placed in the facility's on-site files. If the waste or the receiving facility changes, a new certification and notification must be prepared and placed in the on-site files. In addition, the owner or operator of the recycling facility also must keep records of the name and location of each entity receiving the hazardous waste-derived product.
- c) Except where the owner or operator is disposing of any waste that is a recyclable material used in a manner constituting disposal pursuant to 35 Ill. Adm. Code 726.120(b), the owner or operator of any land disposal facility disposing any waste subject to restrictions under this Part must do the following:
 - 1) Maintain in its files copies of the notice and certifications specified in subsection (a) or (b).
 - 2) Test the waste or an extract of the waste or treatment residue developed using Method 1311 (Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure in "Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste, Physical/Chemical Methods₅", USEPA publication number EPA-530/SW-846) to assure that the waste or treatment residue is in compliance with the applicable treatment standards set forth in Subpart D-of this Part. Such testing must be performed according to the frequency specified in the facility's waste analysis plan as required by 35 Ill. Adm. Code 724.113 or 35 Ill. Adm. Code 725.113.
 - 3) Where the owner or operator is disposing of any waste that is subject to the prohibitions under Section 728.133(f) but not subject to the prohibitions set forth in Section 728.132, the owner or operator must ensure that such waste is the subject of a certification according to the requirements of Section 728.108 prior to disposal in a landfill or surface impoundment unit, and that such disposal is in accordance with the requirements of Section 728.105(h)(2). The same requirement applies to any waste that is subject to the prohibitions under Section 728.133(f) and

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also is subject to the statutory prohibitions in the codified prohibitions in Section 728.139 or Section 728.132.

- Where the owner or operator is disposing of any waste that is a recyclable material used in a manner constituting disposal subject to the provisions of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 726.120(b), the owner or operator is not subject to subsections (c)(1) through (c)(3) with respect to such waste.
- A generator or treater that first claims that hazardous debris is excluded from the definition of hazardous waste under 35 Ill. Adm. Code 721.103(f) (i.e., debris treated by an extraction or destruction technology provided by Table F-of this Part, and debris that has been delisted) is subject to the following notification and certification requirements:
 - 1) A one-time notification must be submitted to the Agency including the following information:
 - A) The name and address of the RCRA Subtitle D (municipal solid waste landfill) facility receiving the treated debris;
 - B) A description of the hazardous debris as initially generated, including the applicable USEPA hazardous waste numbers; and
 - C) For debris excluded under 35 Ill. Adm. Code 721.103(f)(1), the technology from Table F-of this Part used to treat the debris.
 - 2) The notification must be updated if the debris is shipped to a different facility and, for debris excluded under 35 Ill. Adm. Code 721.103(f)(1), if a different type of debris is treated or if a different technology is used to treat the debris.
 - 3) For debris excluded under 35 Ill. Adm. Code 721.103(f)(1), the owner or operator of the treatment facility must document and certify compliance with the treatment standards of Table F-of this Part, as follows:
 - A) Records must be kept of all inspections, evaluations, and analyses of treated debris that are made to determine compliance with the treatment standards;
 - B) Records must be kept of any data or information the treater obtains during treatment of the debris that identifies key operating parameters of the treatment unit; and

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C) For each shipment of treated debris, a certification of compliance with the treatment standards must be signed by an authorized representative and placed in the facility's files. The certification must state as follows:

> I certify under penalty of law that the debris has been treated in accordance with the requirements of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 728.145. I am aware that there are significant penalties for making a false certification, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment.

- e) A generator or treater that first receives a determination from USEPA or the Agency that a given contaminated soil subject to LDRs, as provided in Section 728.149(a), no longer contains a listed hazardous waste and a generator or treater that first determines that a contaminated soil subject to LDRs, as provided in Section 728.149(a), no longer exhibits a characteristic of hazardous waste must do the following:
 - 1) Prepare a one-time only documentation of these determinations including all supporting information; and
 - 2) Maintain that information in the facility files and other records for a minimum of three years.

(Source: Amended at 42 Ill. Reg. _____, effective _____)

Section 728.109 Special Rules for Characteristic Wastes

a) The initial generator of a solid waste must determine each USEPA hazardous waste number (waste code) applicable to the waste in order to determine the applicable treatment standards under Subpart D-of this Part. This determination may be made concurrently with the hazardous waste determination required in Section 722.111. For purposes of this Part, the waste must carry the <u>USEPA</u> hazardous waste number waste code for any applicable listing under Subpart D of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 721. In addition, the waste must carry one or more of the <u>USEPA hazardous</u> waste <u>numbers codes</u>-under Subpart C of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 721 where the waste exhibits a characteristic, except in the case when the treatment standard for the listed waste operates in lieu of the treatment standard for the characteristic waste, as specified in subsection (b) of this Section. If the generator determines that its waste displays a characteristic of hazardous waste (and the waste is not D001 nonwastewaters treated by CMBST, RORGS, or POLYM of Table C-to this Part), the generator must determine the underlying
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hazardous constituents (as defined at Section 728.102(i)) in the characteristic waste.

- b) Where a prohibited waste is both listed under Subpart D of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 721 and exhibits a characteristic of hazardous waste under Subpart C of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 721, the treatment standard for the <u>USEPA hazardous</u> waste <u>number code</u> listed in Subpart D of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 721 will operate in lieu of the standard for the <u>USEPA hazardous</u> waste <u>number code</u>-under Subpart C of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 721, provided that the treatment standard for the listed waste includes a treatment standard for the constituent that causes the waste to exhibit the characteristic. Otherwise, the waste must meet the treatment standards for all applicable listed and characteristic <u>USEPA hazardous</u> waste <u>numbers codes</u>.
- In addition to any applicable standards determined from the initial point of generation, no prohibited waste that exhibits a characteristic under Subpart C of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 721 must be land disposed, unless the waste complies with the treatment standards under Subpart D of this Part.
- d) A waste that exhibits a characteristic of hazardous waste under Subpart C of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 721 is also subject to Section 728.107 requirements, except that once the waste is no longer hazardous, a one-time notification and certification must be placed in the generator's or treater's on-site files. The notification and certification that is placed in the generator's or treater's files must be updated if the process or operation generating the waste changes or if the RCRA Subtitle D (municipal solid waste landfill) facility receiving the waste changes.
 - 1) The notification must include the following information:
 - A) The name and address of the RCRA Subtitle D (municipal solid waste landfill) facility receiving the waste shipment; and
 - B) A description of the waste as initially generated, including the applicable USEPA hazardous waste numbers, the treatability groups, and the underlying hazardous constituents (as defined in Section 728.102(i)), unless the waste will be treated and monitored for all underlying hazardous constituents. If all underlying hazardous constituents will be treated and monitored, there is no requirement to list any of the underlying hazardous constituents on the notice.
 - 2) The certification must be signed by an authorized representative and must state the language found in Section 728.107(b)(4). If treatment removes

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the characteristic but does not meet standards applicable to underlying hazardous constituents, then the certification found in Section 728.107(b)(4)(D) applies.

(Source: Amended at 42 Ill. Reg. _____, effective _____)

SUBPART C: PROHIBITION ON LAND DISPOSAL

Section 728.120 Waste-Specific Prohibitions: Dyes and Pigments Production Wastes

- a) The waste specified in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 721.132 as USEPA hazardous waste number K181, soil and debris contaminated with this waste, radioactive wastes mixed with this waste, and soil and debris contaminated with radioactive wastes mixed with this waste are prohibited from land disposal.
- b) The requirements of subsection (a) of this Section do not apply if any of the following conditions are fulfilled:
 - 1) The wastes meet the applicable treatment standards specified in Subpart D of this Part;
 - A no-migration exemption has been granted from a prohibition pursuant to a petition under Section 728.106, in which case the requirements of subsection (a)-of this Section do not apply with respect to those wastes and units covered by the petition;
 - 3) The wastes meet the applicable treatment standards established pursuant to a petition granted under Section 728.144;
 - 4) Hazardous debris has met the treatment standards in Section 728.140 or the alternative treatment standards in Section 728.145; or
 - USEPA has granted an extension to the effective date of a prohibition pursuant to 40 CFR 268.5, in which case the requirements of subsection (a) of this Section do not apply with respect to these wastes covered by the extension.
- c) To determine whether a hazardous waste identified in this Section exceeds the applicable treatment standards specified in Section 728.140, the initial generator must test a sample of the waste extract or the entire waste, depending on whether the treatment standards are expressed as concentrations in the waste extract of the waste, or the generator may use knowledge of the waste. If the waste contains

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regulated constituents in excess of the applicable levels set forth in Subpart D-of this Part, the waste is prohibited from land disposal, and all requirements of this Part apply, except as otherwise specified.

(Source: Amended at 42 Ill. Reg. _____, effective _____)

Section 728.130 Waste-Specific Prohibitions: Wood Preserving Wastes

- a) The following wastes are prohibited from land disposal: the wastes specified in 35 III. Adm. Code 721 as USEPA hazardous waste numbers F032, F034, and F035.
- b) The following wastes are prohibited from land disposal: soil and debris contaminated with the wastes specified in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 721 as F032, F034, F035; and radioactive wastes mixed with USEPA hazardous waste numbers F032, F034, and F035.
- c) This subsection (c) corresponds with 40 CFR 268.30(c), which expired by its own terms on May 12, 1999. This statement maintains structural consistency with the corresponding federal regulations.
- d) The requirements of subsections (a) and (b) of this Section do not apply if any of the following conditions is fulfilled:
 - 1) The wastes meet the applicable treatment standards specified in Subpart D of this Part;
 - 2) A person has been granted an exemption from a prohibition pursuant to a petition under Section 728.106, with respect to those wastes and units covered by the petition;
 - 3) The wastes meet the applicable alternate treatment standards established pursuant to a petition granted under Section 728.144; or
 - 4) A person has been granted an extension to the effective date of a prohibition by USEPA pursuant to federal 40 CFR 268.5 (see Section 728.105), with respect to those wastes covered by the extension.
- e) To determine whether a hazardous waste identified in this Section exceeds the applicable treatment standards specified in Section 728.140 and Table T-to this Part, the initial generator must test a sample of the waste extract or the entire waste, depending on whether the treatment standards are expressed as

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concentrations in the waste extract or the waste, or the generator may use knowledge of the waste. If the waste contains constituents in excess of the applicable universal treatment standard levels of Section 728.148 and Table U-to this Part, the waste is prohibited from land disposal and all requirements of Part 728 are applicable, except as otherwise specified.

(Source: Amended at 42 Ill. Reg. _____, effective _____)

Section 728.131 Waste-Specific Prohibitions: Dioxin-Containing Wastes

- a) The dioxin-containing wastes specified in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 721.131 as USEPA Hazardous Waste Numbers F020, F021, F022, F023, F026, F027, and F028 are prohibited from land disposal, unless the following condition applies: the dioxin-containing waste is contaminated soil and debris resulting from a CERCLA response or a RCRA corrective action.
- b) USEPA Hazardous Waste Numbers F020, F021, F022, F023, F026, F027, and F028, and dioxin-containing waste that is contaminated soil and debris resulting from a CERCLA response or a RCRA corrective action listed in subsection (a)-of this Section are prohibited from land disposal.
- c) This subsection (c) corresponds with 40 CFR 268.31(c), which expired by its own terms on November 8, 1990. This statement maintains structural consistency with the corresponding federal regulations.
- d) The requirements of subsections (a) and (b) of this Section do not apply if any of the following conditions is fulfilled:
 - 1) The wastes meet the standards of Subpart D-of this Part; or
 - 2) A person has been granted an exemption from a prohibition pursuant to a petition under Section 728.106, with respect to those wastes and units covered by the petition; or
 - 3) A person has been granted an extension from the effective date of a prohibition pursuant to Section 728.105, with respect to those wastes and units covered by the extension.

(Source: Amended at 42 Ill. Reg. _____, effective _____)

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Section 728.132 Waste-Specific Prohibitions: Soils Exhibiting the Toxicity Characteristic for Metals and Containing PCBs

- a) The following wastes are prohibited from land disposal: any volumes of soil exhibiting the toxicity characteristic solely because of the presence of metals (USEPA hazardous waste numbers D004 through D011) and containing PCBs.
- b) The requirements of subsection (a) of this Section do not apply if any of the following conditions is fulfilled:
 - 1) <u>Low-Halogenated Organics Waste Meeting Low-halogenated organics</u> waste meeting the <u>Treatment Standards</u> treatment standards of Subpart D of this Part:
 - A) The wastes contain halogenated organic compounds in total concentration less than 1,000 mg/kg; and
 - B) The wastes meet the treatment standards specified in Subpart D-of this Part for USEPA hazardous waste numbers D004 through D011, as applicable; or
 - 2) <u>Low-Halogenated Organics Waste Meeting Alternative Treatment</u> <u>Standards Low-halogenated organics waste meeting alternative treatment</u> <u>standards-for Contaminated Soil-contaminated soil:</u>
 - A) The wastes contain halogenated organic compounds in total concentration less than 1,000 mg/kg; and
 - B) The wastes meet the alternative treatment standards specified in Section 728.149 for contaminated soil; or
 - 3) A person has been granted an exemption from a prohibition pursuant to a petition under Section 728.106, with respect to those wastes and units covered by the petition; or
 - 4) The wastes meet applicable alternative treatment standards established pursuant to a petition granted under Section 728.144.

(Source: Amended at 42 Ill. Reg. _____, effective _____)

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Section 728.133 Waste-Specific Prohibitions: Chlorinated Aliphatic Wastes

- a) The wastes specified in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 721 as USEPA hazardous wastes numbers K174 and K175, soil and debris contaminated with these wastes, radioactive wastes mixed with these wastes, and soil and debris contaminated with radioactive wastes mixed with these wastes are prohibited from land disposal.
- b) The requirements of subsection (a) of this Section do not apply if any of the following conditions is fulfilled:
 - The wastes meet the applicable treatment standards specified in Subpart D of this Part;
 - 2) A person has been granted an exemption from a prohibition pursuant to a petition under Section 728.106, with respect to those wastes and units covered by the petition;
 - 3) The wastes meet the applicable treatment standards established pursuant to a petition granted under Section 728.144;
 - 4) Hazardous debris has met the treatment standards in Section 728.140 or the alternative treatment standards in Section 728.145; or
 - 5) A person has been granted an extension to the effective date of a prohibition pursuant to Section 728.105, with respect to those wastes covered by the extension.
- c) To determine whether a hazardous waste identified in this Section exceeds the applicable treatment standards specified in Section 728.140, the initial generator must test a sample of the waste extract or the entire waste, depending on whether the treatment standards are expressed as concentrations in the waste extract or the waste, or the generator may use knowledge of the waste. If the waste contains regulated constituents in excess of the applicable levels of Subpart D-of this Part, the waste is prohibited from land disposal, and all requirements of this Part 728 are applicable, except as otherwise specified.
- d) Disposal of USEPA hazardous waste number K175 wastes that have complied with all applicable Section 728.140 treatment standards must also be macroencapsulated in accordance with Table F-of this Part, unless the waste is placed in one of the following:

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- 1) A RCRA Subtitle C monofill containing only K175 wastes that meet all applicable Section 728.140 treatment standards; or
- 2) A dedicated RCRA Subtitle C landfill cell in which all other wastes being co-disposed are at pH≤6.0.

(Source: Amended at 42 Ill. Reg. _____, effective _____)

Section 728.134 Waste-Specific Prohibitions: Toxicity Characteristic Metal Wastes

- a) The following wastes are prohibited from land disposal: the wastes specified in 35 III. Adm. Code 721 as USEPA hazardous waste numbers D004 through D011 that are newly identified (i.e., wastes, soil, or debris identified as hazardous by the Toxic Characteristic Leaching Procedure but not the Extraction Procedure), and waste, soil, or debris from mineral processing operations that is identified as hazardous by the specifications at 35 III. Adm. Code 721.
- b) The following waste is prohibited from land disposal: slag from secondary lead smelting that exhibits the characteristic of toxicity due to the presence of one or more metals.
- c) The following wastes are prohibited from land disposal: newly identified characteristic wastes from elemental phosphorus processing; radioactive wastes mixed with USEPA hazardous waste numbers D004 through D011 wastes that are newly identified (i.e., wastes, soil, or debris identified as hazardous by the Toxic Characteristic Leaching Procedure but not the Extraction Procedure); or mixed with newly identified characteristic mineral processing wastes, soil, or debris.
- d) This subsection (d) corresponds with 40 CFR 269.34(d), which expired by its own terms on May 26, 2000. This statement maintains structural consistency with the corresponding federal regulations.
- e) The requirements of subsections (a) and (b) of this Section do not apply if any of the following applies to the waste:
 - 1) The wastes meet the applicable treatment standards specified in Subpart D of this Part;
 - 2) The Board has granted an exemption from a prohibition pursuant to a petition under Section 728.106, with respect to those wastes and units covered by the petition;

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- 3) The wastes meet the applicable alternate treatment standards established pursuant to a petition granted under Section 728.144; or
- 4) USEPA has granted an extension to the effective date of a prohibition pursuant to federal 40 CFR 268.5, with respect to those wastes covered by the extension.
- f) To determine whether a hazardous waste identified in this Section exceeds the applicable treatment standards specified in Section 728.140 and Table T-of this Part, the initial generator must test a sample of the waste extract or the entire waste, depending on whether the treatment standards are expressed as concentrations in the waste extract or the waste, or the generator may use knowledge of the waste. If the waste contains constituents (including underlying hazardous constituents in characteristic wastes) in excess of the applicable universal treatment standard levels of Section 728.148 and Table U-of this Part, the waste is prohibited from land disposal, and all requirements of this Part are applicable, except as otherwise specified.

(Source: Amended at 42 Ill. Reg. _____, effective _____)

Section 728.135 Waste-Specific Prohibitions: Petroleum Refining Wastes

- a) The wastes specified in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 721.132 as USEPA hazardous wastes numbers K169, K170, K171, and K172; soils and debris contaminated with these wastes; radioactive wastes mixed with these hazardous wastes; and soils and debris contaminated with these radioactive mixed wastes are prohibited from land disposal.
- b) The requirements of subsection (a) of this Section do not apply if any of the following applies to the waste:
 - 1) The wastes meet the applicable treatment standards specified in Subpart D of this Part;
 - 2) The Board has granted an adjusted standard that exempts waste from a prohibition pursuant to Section 728.106, with respect to those wastes and units covered by the adjusted standard;
 - 3) The wastes meet an adjusted standard from an applicable treatment standard granted under Section 728.144;

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- 4) The waste is hazardous debris that has met the treatment standards set forth in Section 728.140 and Table T-of this Part or the alternative treatment standards in Section 728.145; or
- 5) USEPA has granted an extension to the effective date of a prohibition pursuant to federal 40 CFR 268.5, with respect to these wastes covered by the extension.
- c) To determine whether a hazardous waste identified in this Section exceeds the applicable treatment standards specified in Section 728.140, the initial generator must test a sample of the waste extract or the entire waste, depending on whether the treatment standards are expressed as concentrations in the waste extract or the waste, or the generator may use knowledge of the waste. If the waste contains constituents in excess of the applicable universal treatment standard levels of Section 728.148 and Table U-of this Part, the waste is prohibited from land disposal, and all requirements of this Part are applicable, except as otherwise specified.

(Source: Amended at 42 Ill. Reg. _____, effective _____)

Section 728.136 Waste-Specific Prohibitions: Inorganic Chemical Wastes

- a) The wastes specified in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 721 as USEPA hazardous wastes numbers K176, K177, and K178, and soil and debris contaminated with these wastes, radioactive wastes mixed with these wastes, and soil and debris contaminated with radioactive wastes mixed with these wastes are prohibited from land disposal.
- b) The requirements of subsection (a) of this Section do not apply if any of the following applies to the waste:
 - 1) The wastes meet the applicable treatment standards specified in Subpart D of this Part;
 - 2) A person has been granted an exemption from a prohibition pursuant to a petition under Section 728.106, with respect to those wastes and units covered by the petition;
 - 3) The wastes meet the applicable treatment standards established pursuant to a petition granted under Section 728.144;

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- Hazardous debris has met the treatment standards in Section 728.140 and Table T-to this Part or the alternative treatment standards in Section 728.145; or
- 5) A person has been granted an extension to the effective date of a prohibition pursuant to Section 728.105, with respect to these wastes covered by the extension.
- c) To determine whether a hazardous waste identified in this Section exceeds the applicable treatment standards specified in Section 728.140 and Table T-to this Part, the initial generator must test a sample of the waste extract or the entire waste, depending on whether the treatment standards are expressed as concentrations in the waste extract or the waste, or the generator may use knowledge of the waste. If the waste contains regulated constituents in excess of the applicable levels of Subpart D-of this Part, the waste is prohibited from land disposal, and all requirements of this part are applicable, except as otherwise specified.

(Source: Amended at 42 Ill. Reg., effective)

Section 728.138 Waste-Specific Prohibitions: Newly-Identified Organic Toxicity Characteristic Wastes and Newly-Listed Coke By-Product and Chlorotoluene Production Wastes

a) The wastes specified in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 721.132 as USEPA hazardous waste numbers K141, K142, K143, K144, K145, K147, K148, K149, K150, and K151 are prohibited from land disposal. In addition, debris contaminated with USEPA hazardous waste numbers F037, F038, K107 through K112, K117, K118, K123 through K126, K131, K132, K136, U328, U353, U359 and soil and debris contaminated with D012 through D043, K141 through K145, and K147 through K151 are prohibited from land disposal. The following wastes that are specified in the table at 35 Ill. Adm. Code 721.124(b) as USEPA hazardous waste numbers D012, D013, D014, D015, D016, D017, D018, D019, D020, D021, D022, D023, D024, D025, D026, D027, D028, D029, D030, D031, D032, D033, D034, D035, D036, D037, D038, D039, D040, D041, D042, and D043 that are not radioactive, that are managed in systems other than those whose discharge is regulated under the federal Clean Water Act (CWA; 33 U.S.C. 1251 et seq.), that are zero dischargers that do not engage in CWA-equivalent treatment before ultimate land disposal, or that are injected in Class I deep wells regulated under the Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) are prohibited from land disposal. "CWA-equivalent treatment,", as used in this Section, means biological treatment for organics, alkaline chlorination or

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ferrous sulfate precipitation for cyanide, precipitation and sedimentation for metals, reduction for hexavalent chromium, or another treatment technology that can be demonstrated to perform equally to or better than these technologies.

- b) Radioactive wastes that are mixed with any of USEPA hazardous waste numbers D018 through D043 waste that are managed in systems other than those whose discharge is regulated under the Clean Water Act (CWA), in systems that inject in Class I deep wells regulated under the Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA), or in systems that are zero dischargers that engage in CWA-equivalent treatment, as defined in subsection (a)-of this Section, before ultimate land disposal are prohibited from land disposal. Radioactive wastes mixed with any of USEPA hazardous waste numbers K141 through K145 and K147 through K151 are also prohibited from land disposal. In addition, soil and debris contaminated with these radioactive mixed wastes are prohibited from land disposal.
- c) This subsection (c) corresponds with 40 CFR 268.38(c), which expired by its own terms on September 19, 1996. This statement maintains structural consistency with the corresponding federal regulations.
- d) The requirements of subsections (a), (b), and (c) of this Section do not apply if any of the following applies to the waste:
 - The wastes meet the applicable treatment standards specified in Subpart D-of this Part;
 - 2) A person has been granted an exemption from a prohibition pursuant to a petition under Section 728.106, with respect to those wastes and units covered by the petition;
 - 3) The wastes meet the applicable alternate treatment standards established pursuant to a petition granted under Section 728.144;
 - 4) A person has been granted an extension to the effective date of a prohibition pursuant to Section 728.105, with respect to these wastes covered by the extension.
- e) To determine whether a hazardous waste identified in this Section exceeds the applicable treatment standards specified in Section 728.140 and Table T-to this Part, the initial generator must test a sample of the waste extract or the entire waste, depending on whether the treatment standards are expressed as concentrations in the waste extract or the waste, or the generator may use knowledge of the waste. If the waste contains constituents in excess of the applicable levels of Subpart D-of this

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Part, the waste is prohibited from land disposal and all requirements of this Part are applicable, except as otherwise specified.

(Source: Amended at 42 Ill. Reg. , effective)

Section 728.139 Waste-Specific Prohibitions: Spent Aluminum Potliners and Carbamate Wastes

- a) The wastes specified in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 721.132 as USEPA <u>hazardous waste</u> Hazardous Waste numbers K156-K159 and K161; and in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 721.133 as USEPA hazardous waste numbers P127, P128, P185, P188 through P192, P194, P196 through P199, P201 through P205, U271, U278 through U280, U364, U367, U372, U373, U387, U389, U394, U395, U404, and U409 through U411 are prohibited from land disposal. In addition, soil and debris contaminated with these wastes are prohibited from land disposal.
- b) The wastes identified in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 721.123 as USEPA hazardous waste number D003 are prohibited from land disposal, other than those that are managed in a system whose discharge is regulated under 35 Ill. Adm. Code:Subtitle C, one that injects hazardous waste in Class I waste injection well regulated under 35 Ill. Adm. Code 702, 704, and 730, or one that is a zero discharger that engages in federal Clean Water Act (CWA)-equivalent treatment before ultimate land disposal. This prohibition does not apply to unexploded ordnance and other explosive devices that have been the subject of an emergency response. (Such D003 wastes are prohibited unless they meet the treatment standard of DEACT before land disposal (see Section 728.140)).
- c) The wastes specified in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 721.132 as USEPA hazardous waste number K088 are prohibited from land disposal. In addition, soil and debris contaminated with these wastes are prohibited from land disposal.
- d) Radioactive wastes mixed with waste designated by any of USEPA hazardous waste numbers K088, K156 through K159, K161, P127, P128, P185, P188 through P192, P194, P196 through P199, P201 through P205, U271, U278 through U280, U364, U367, U372, U373, U387, U389, U394, U395, U404, and U409 through U411 are prohibited from land disposal. In addition, soil and debris contaminated with these radioactive mixed wastes are prohibited from land disposal.
- e) This subsection corresponds with 40 CFR 268.39(e), which expired by its own terms after April 8, 1998. This statement maintains structural consistency with the corresponding federal regulations.

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- f) The requirements of subsections (a), (b), (c), and (d) of this Section do not apply if any of the following applies to the waste:
 - 1) The wastes meet the applicable treatment standards specified in Subpart D of this Part;
 - 2) The person conducting the disposal has been granted an exemption from a prohibition under a petition pursuant to Section 728.106, with respect to those wastes and units covered by the petition;
 - 3) The wastes meet the applicable alternative treatment standards established pursuant to a petition granted under Section 728.144; or
 - 4) The person conducting the disposal has been granted an extension to the effective date of a prohibition pursuant to Section 728.105, with respect to those wastes covered by the extension.
- g) To determine whether a hazardous waste identified in this Section exceeds the applicable treatment standards set forth in Section 728.140, the initial generator must test a sample of the waste extract or the entire waste, depending on whether the treatment standards are expressed as concentrations in the waste extract or in the waste, or the generator may use knowledge of the waste. If a waste contains constituents in excess of the applicable levels of Subpart D-of this Part, the waste is prohibited from land disposal and all requirements of this Part are applicable to the waste, except as otherwise specified.

(Source: Amended at 42 Ill. Reg. _____, effective _____)

SUBPART D: TREATMENT STANDARDS

Section 728.140 Applicability of Treatment Standards

- a) A prohibited waste identified in Table T-of this Part, "Treatment Standards for Hazardous Wastes,", may be land disposed only if it meets the requirements found in that Table. For each waste, Table T-of this Part identifies one of three types of treatment standard requirements:
 - 1) All hazardous constituents in the waste or in the treatment residue must be at or below the values found in Table T-of this Part for that waste (total waste standards);

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- The hazardous constituents in the extract of the waste or in the extract of the treatment residue must be at or below the values found in Table T-of this Part (waste extract standards); or
- 3) The waste must be treated using the technology specified in Table T-of this Part (technology standard), which is described in detail in Table C-of this Part, "Technology Codes and Description of Technology-Based Standards-".
- b) For wastewaters, compliance with concentration level standards is based on maximums for any one day, except for D004 through D011 wastes for which the previously promulgated treatment standards based on grab samples remain in effect. For all nonwastewaters, compliance with concentration level standards is based on grab sampling. For wastes covered by the waste extract standards, the test Method 1311 (Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure) in "Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste, Physical/Chemical Methods,", USEPA publication number EPA-530/SW-846, incorporated by reference in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 720.111(a), must be used to measure compliance. An exception is made for D004 and D008, for which either of two test methods may be used: Method 1311 or Method 1310B (Extraction Procedure Toxicity Test) in "Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste, Physical/Chemical Methods,", USEPA publication number EPA-530/SW-846. For wastes covered by a technology standard, the wastes may be land disposed after being treated using that specified technology or an equivalent treatment technology approved by the Agency pursuant to Section 728.142(b).
- c) When wastes with differing treatment standards for a constituent of concern are combined for purposes of treatment, the treatment residue must meet the lowest treatment standard for the constituent of concern.
- d) Notwithstanding the prohibitions specified in subsection (a) of this Section, treatment and disposal facilities may demonstrate (and certify pursuant to Section 728.107(b)(5)) compliance with the treatment standards for organic constituents specified by a footnote in Table T-of this Part, provided the following conditions are satisfied:
 - 1) The treatment standards for the organic constituents were established based on incineration in units operated in accordance with the technical requirements of Subpart O of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 724, or based on combustion in fuel substitution units operating in accordance with applicable technical requirements;

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- 2) The treatment or disposal facility has used the methods referenced in subsection (d)(1)-of this Section to treat the organic constituents; and
- 3) The treatment or disposal facility may demonstrate compliance with organic constituents if good-faith analytical efforts achieve detection limits for the regulated organic constituents that do not exceed the treatment standards specified in this Section and Table T-of this Part by an order of magnitude.
- e) For a characteristic waste (USEPA hazardous waste number D001 through D043) that is subject to treatment standards set forth in Table T-of this Part, "Treatment Standards for Hazardous Wastes₅", and the waste is not managed in a wastewater treatment system that is either regulated under the Clean Water Act (CWA) or one that is CWA-equivalent or the waste is injected into a Class I non-hazardous deep injection well, all underlying hazardous constituents (as defined in Section 728.102) must meet the universal treatment standards, set forth in Table U-of this Part prior to land disposal, as defined in Section 728.102.
- f) The treatment standards for USEPA hazardous waste numbers F001 through F005 nonwastewater constituents carbon disulfide, cyclohexanone, or methanol apply to wastes that contain only one, two, or three of these constituents. Compliance is measured for these constituents in the waste extract from test Method 1311 (Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure) in "Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste, Physical/Chemical Methods₅", USEPA publication number EPA-530/SW-846, incorporated by reference in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 720.111(a). If the waste contains any of these three constituents along with any of the other 25 constituents found in USEPA hazardous waste numbers F001 through F005, then compliance with treatment standards for carbon disulfide, cyclohexanone, or methanol are not required.
- g) This subsection (g) corresponds with 40 CFR 268.40(g), which expired by its own terms on March 4, 1999. This statement maintains structural consistency with the corresponding federal rules.
- h) Prohibited USEPA hazardous waste numbers D004 through D011, mixed radioactive wastes, and mixed radioactive listed wastes containing metal constituents that were previously treated by stabilization to the treatment standards in effect at that time and then put into storage do not have to be retreated to meet treatment standards in this Section prior to land disposal.

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- i) This subsection (i) corresponds with 40 CFR 268.40(i), which USEPA has removed and marked "reserved-". This statement maintains structural consistency with the corresponding federal regulations.
- j) The treatment standards for the wastes specified in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 721.133 as USEPA hazardous waste numbers P185, P191, P192, P197, U364, U394, and U395 may be satisfied by either meeting the constituent concentrations presented in Table T-of this Part, "Treatment Standards for Hazardous Wastes,", or by treating the waste by the following technologies: combustion, as defined by the technology code CMBST at Table C, for nonwastewaters; biodegradation, as defined by the technology code BIODG; carbon adsorption, as defined by the technology code CARBN; chemical oxidation, as defined by the technology code CHOXD; or combustion, as defined as technology code CMBST at Table C, for wastewaters.

(Source: Amended at 42 Ill. Reg. _____, effective _____)

Section 728.141 Treatment Standards Expressed as Concentrations in Waste Extract

For the requirements previously found in this Section and for treatment standards in Table A to this Part, "Table CCWE-Constituent Concentrations in Waste Extracts₅", refer to Section 728.140 and Table T to this Part, "Treatment Standards for Hazardous Wastes.".

(Source: Amended at 42 Ill. Reg., effective)

Section 728.142 Treatment Standards Expressed as Specified Technologies

- a) The following wastes listed in Table T-of this Part, "Treatment Standards for Hazardous Wastes,", for which standards are expressed as a treatment method rather than as a concentration level, must be treated using the technology or technologies specified in Table C-of this Part.
 - Liquid hazardous wastes containing PCBs at concentrations greater than or equal to 50 ppm but less than 500 ppm must be incinerated in accordance with the technical requirements of 40 CFR 761.70 (Incineration), incorporated by reference in 35 III. Adm. Code 720.111(b), or burned in high efficiency boilers in accordance with the technical requirements of 40 CFR 761.60 (Disposal Requirements), incorporated by reference in 35 III. Adm. Code 720.111(b). Liquid hazardous wastes containing PCBs at concentrations greater than or equal to 500 ppm must be incinerated in accordance with the technical requirements of 40 CFR 761.70. Thermal treatment in accordance with this Section must be in

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compliance with applicable regulations in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 724, 725, and 726.

- 2) Nonliquid hazardous wastes containing halogenated organic compounds (HOCs) in total concentrations greater than or equal to 1,000 mg/kg and liquid HOC-containing wastes that are prohibited pursuant to Section 728.132(e)(1) must be incinerated in accordance with the requirements of Subpart O of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 724 or Subpart O of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 725. These treatment standards do not apply where the waste is subject to a treatment standard codified in Subpart C-of this Part for a specific HOC (such as a hazardous waste chlorinated solvent for which a treatment standard is established pursuant to Section 728.141(a)).
- 3) A mixture consisting of wastewater, the discharge of which is subject to regulation pursuant to 35 Ill. Adm. Code 309 or 310, and de minimis losses of materials from manufacturing operations in which these materials are used as raw materials or are produced as products in the manufacturing process that meet the criteria of the D001 ignitable liquids containing greater than 10 percent total organic constituents (TOC) subcategory are subject to the DEACT treatment standard described in Table C-of this Part. For purposes of this subsection (a)(3), "de minimis losses" include the following:
 - A) Those from normal material handling operations (e.g., spills from the unloading or transfer of materials from bins or other containers, or leaks from pipes, valves, or other devices used to transfer materials);
 - B) Minor leaks from process equipment, storage tanks, or containers;
 - C) Leaks from well-maintained pump packings and seals;
 - D) Sample purgings; and
 - E) Relief device discharges.
- b) Any person may submit an application to the Agency demonstrating that an alternative treatment method can achieve a level of performance equivalent to that achievable by methods specified in subsections (a), (c), and (d)-of this Section for wastes or specified in Table F-of this Part for hazardous debris. The applicant must submit information demonstrating that the applicant's treatment method is in compliance with federal and state requirements, including this Part; 35 Ill. Adm. Code 709, 724, 725, 726, and 729; and Sections 22.6 and 39(h) of the Environmental Protection Act-[415 ILCS 5/22.6 and 39(h)] and that the treatment method

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adequately protects human health and the environment. On the basis of such information and any other available information, the Agency must approve the use of the alternative treatment method if the Agency finds that the alternative treatment method provides a measure of performance equivalent to that achieved by methods specified in subsections (a), (c), and (d)-of this Section and in Table F of this Part, for hazardous debris. Any approval must be stated in writing and may contain such provisions and conditions as the Agency determines to be appropriate. The person to whom such approval is issued must comply with all limitations contained in such determination.

- c) As an alternative to the otherwise applicable treatment standards of Subpart D-of this Part, lab packs are eligible for land disposal provided the following requirements are met:
 - 1) The lab packs comply with the applicable provisions of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 724.416 and 725.416;

BOARD NOTE: 35 Ill. Adm. Code 729.301 and 729.312 include additional restrictions on the use of lab packs.

- The lab pack does not contain any of the wastes listed in Appendix D-of this Part;
- 3) The lab packs are incinerated in accordance with the requirements of Subpart O of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 724 or Subpart O of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 725; and
- Any incinerator residues from lab packs containing D004, D005, D006, D007, D008, D010, and D011 are treated in compliance with the applicable treatment standards specified for such wastes in Subpart D-of this Part.
- d) Radioactive hazardous mixed wastes are subject to the treatment standards in Section 728.140 and Table T-of this Part. Where treatment standards are specified for radioactive mixed wastes in Table T-of this Part, "Table of Treatment Standards;", those treatment standards will govern. Where there is no specific treatment standard for radioactive mixed waste, the treatment standard for the hazardous waste (as designated by USEPA hazardous waste <u>number-code</u>) applies. Hazardous debris containing radioactive waste is subject to the treatment standards specified in Section 728.145.

(Source: Amended at 42 Ill. Reg. _____, effective _____)

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Section 728.143 Treatment Standards Expressed as Waste Concentrations

For the requirements previously found in this Section and for treatment standards in Table A-to this Part, "CCW-Constituent Concentrations in Wastes₅", refer to Section 728.140 and Table T-to this Part, "Treatment Standards for Hazardous Wastes.".

(Source: Amended at 42 Ill. Reg., effective)

Section 728.144 USEPA Variance from a Treatment Standard

- a) Based on a petition filed by a generator or treater of hazardous waste, USEPA has stated that it may approve a variance from an applicable treatment standard if the petitioner can demonstrate that either of the following applies to treatment of the waste:
 - 1) It is not physically possible to treat the waste to the level specified in the treatment standard, or by the method specified as the treatment standard. To show that this is the case, the petitioner must demonstrate that because the physical or chemical properties of the waste differ significantly from waste analyzed in developing the treatment standard, the waste cannot be treated to the specified level or by the specified method; or
 - 2) It is inappropriate to require the waste to be treated to the level specified in the treatment standard or by the method specified as the treatment standard, even though such treatment is technically possible. To show that this is the case, the petitioner must demonstrate that either of the following applies to treatment of the waste:
 - A) Treatment to the specified level or by the specified method is technically inappropriate (for example, resulting in combustion of large amounts of mildly contaminated environmental media); or
 - B) For remediation waste only, treatment to the specified level or by the specified method is environmentally inappropriate because it would likely discourage aggressive remediation.

BOARD NOTE: A variance from a treatment standard is available only from USEPA. USEPA has reserved to itself the authority to grant a variance from a treatment standard.

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- b) Each petition must be submitted in accordance with the procedures in 40 CFR 260.20.
- c) Each petition must include the following statement signed by the petitioner or an authorized representative:

I certify under penalty of law that I have personally examined and am familiar with the information submitted in this petition and all attached documents, and that, based on my inquiry of those individuals immediately responsible for obtaining the information, I believe that the submitted information is true, accurate and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment.

- d) After receiving a petition for an adjusted treatment standard, USEPA has stated that it may request any additional information or samples that are necessary to evaluate the petition. Additional copies of the complete petition may be requested as needed to send to affected states and Regional Offices.
- e) USEPA has stated that it will give public notice in the Federal Register of the intent to approve or deny a petition and provide an opportunity for public comment. USEPA has stated that the final decision on a variance from a treatment standard will be published in the Federal Register.
- f) A generator, treatment facility or disposal facility that is managing a waste covered by an adjusted treatment standard must comply with the waste analysis requirements for restricted wastes found under Section 728.107.
- g) During the petition review process, the applicant is required to comply with all restrictions on land disposal under this Part once the effective date for the waste has been reached.
- h) Based on a petition filed by a generator or treater of hazardous waste, USEPA has stated that it may approve a site-specific variance from an applicable treatment standard if the petitioner can demonstrate that either of the following applies to treatment of the waste:
 - 1) It is not physically possible to treat the waste to the level specified in the treatment standard, or by the method specified as the treatment standard. To show that this is the case, the petitioner must demonstrate that because the physical or chemical properties of the waste differ significantly from waste analyzed in developing the treatment standard,

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the waste cannot be treated to the specified level or by the specified method; or

- 2) It is inappropriate to require the waste to be treated to the level specified in the treatment standard or by the method specified as the treatment standard, even though such treatment is technically possible. To show that this is the case, the petitioner must demonstrate that either of the following applies to treatment of the waste:
 - A) Treatment to the specified level or by the specified method is technically inappropriate (for example, resulting in combustion of large amounts of mildly contaminated environmental media where the treatment standard is not based on combustion of such media); or
 - B) For remediation waste only, treatment to the specified level or by the specified method is environmentally inappropriate because it would likely discourage aggressive remediation.
- 3) For contaminated soil only, treatment to the level or by the method specified in the soil treatment standards would result in concentrations of hazardous constituents that are below (i.e., lower than) the concentrations necessary to minimize short- and long-term threats to human health and the environment. USEPA has stated that a treatment variance granted under 40 CFR 268.44(h)(3) will include the following features:
 - A) At a minimum, USEPA has stated that a treatment variance approved under 40 CFR 268.44(h)(3) will impose an alternative land disposal restriction treatment standard that will achieve the following, using a reasonable maximum exposure scenario:
 - i) For carcinogens, it will achieve constituent concentrations that result in the total excess risk to an individual exposed over a lifetime, generally falling within a range from 10^{-4} to 10^{-6} ; and
 - For constituents with non-carcinogenic effects, it will achieve constituent concentrations that an individual could be exposed to on a daily basis without appreciable risk of deleterious effect during a lifetime.

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- B) USEPA has stated that a treatment variance approved under 40 CFR 268.44(h)(3) will not consider post-land-disposal controls.
- 4) For contaminated soil only, treatment to the level or by the method specified in the soil treatment standards would result in concentrations of hazardous constituents that are below (i.e., lower than) natural background concentrations at the site where the contaminated soil will be land disposed.
- 5) USEPA has stated that public notice and a reasonable opportunity for public comment must be provided before granting or denying a petition.
- i) Each petition for a site-specific variance from a treatment standard must include the information in 40 CFR 260.20(b)(1) through (b)(4).
- After receiving an application for <u>a</u> site-specific variance from a treatment standard, USEPA may request any additional information or samples that USEPA determines are necessary to evaluate the petition.
- k) A generator, treatment facility, or disposal facility that is managing a waste covered by a site-specific variance from a treatment standard must comply with the waste analysis requirements for restricted wastes in Section 728.107.
- 1) During the petition review process, the petitioner for a site-specific variance must comply with all restrictions on land disposal under this Part once the effective date for the waste has been reached.
- m) For any variance from a treatment standard, the petitioner must also demonstrate that compliance with the requested variance is sufficient to minimize threats to human health and the environment posed by land disposal of the waste. In evaluating this demonstration, USEPA has stated that it will take into account whether the treatment variance should be granted if the subject waste is to be used in a manner constituting disposal pursuant to 40 CFR 266.20 through 266.23.
- n) This subsection (n) corresponds with 40 CFR 268.44(n), marked "reserved" by USEPA. This statement maintains structural consistency with corresponding federal regulations.
- The facilities listed in Table H-of this Part are excluded from the treatment standards under Section 728.143(a) and Table B-of this Part, and are subject to the constituent concentrations listed in Table H-of this Part.

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p) After USEPA grants a treatability exception by regulatory action pursuant to 40 CFR 268.44 and a person demonstrates that the treatability exception needs to be adopted as part of the Illinois RCRA program because the waste is generated or managed in Illinois, the Board will adopt the treatability exception by identical in substance rulemaking pursuant to Section 22.4(a) of the Environmental Protection Act-[415 ILCS 5/22.4(a)].

(Source: Amended at 42 Ill. Reg., effective)

Section 728.145 Treatment Standards for Hazardous Debris

- a) Treatment <u>Standards</u>-standards. Hazardous debris must be treated prior to land disposal as follows, unless the Agency has determined, under 35 Ill. Adm. Code 721.103(f)(2), that the debris is no longer contaminated with hazardous waste or the debris is treated to the waste-specific treatment standard provided in this Subpart D for the waste contaminating the debris:
 - General. Hazardous debris must be treated for each "contaminant subject to treatment,", defined by subsection (b) of this Section, using the technology or technologies identified in Table F-of this Part.
 - Characteristic <u>Debris debris</u>. Hazardous debris that exhibits the characteristic of ignitability, corrosivity, or reactivity identified under 35 Ill. Adm. Code 721.121, 721.122, or 721.123, respectively, must be deactivated by treatment using one of the technologies identified in Table F-of this Part.
 - 3) Mixtures of <u>Debris Types</u> debris types. The treatment standards of Table F of this Part must be achieved for each type of debris contained in a mixture of debris types. If an immobilization technology is used in a treatment train, it must be the last treatment technology used.
 - 4) Mixtures of <u>Contaminant Types</u> contaminant types. Debris that is contaminated with two or more contaminants subject to treatment identified under subsection (b) of this Section must be treated for each contaminant using one or more treatment technologies identified in Table F of this Part. If an immobilization technology is used in a treatment train, it must be the last treatment technology used.
 - 5) Waste PCBs. Hazardous debris that is also a waste PCB under 40 CFR 761 (Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCBs) Manufacturing, Processing, Distribution in Commerce, and Use Prohibitions), incorporated by reference in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 720.111(b), is subject to the requirements of

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either 40 CFR 761 or the requirements of this Section, whichever are more stringent.

- b) Contaminants <u>Subject subject to Treatment treatment</u>. Hazardous debris must be treated for each "contaminant subject to treatment-". The contaminants subject to treatment must be determined as follows:
 - Toxicity <u>Characteristic Debris</u>-characteristic debris. The contaminants subject to treatment for debris that exhibits the Toxicity Characteristic (TC) by 35 Ill. Adm. Code 721.124 are those EP constituents for which the debris exhibits the TC toxicity characteristic.
 - 2) Debris <u>Contaminated contaminated with Listed Waste listed waste</u>. The contaminants subject to treatment for debris that is contaminated with a prohibited listed hazardous waste are those constituents or wastes for which treatment standards are established for the waste under Section 728.140 and Table T-of this Part.
 - 3) Cyanide <u>Reactive Debris</u>-reactive debris. Hazardous debris that is reactive because of cyanide must be treated for cyanide.
- c) Conditioned <u>Exclusion exclusion of Treated Debris treated debris</u>. Hazardous debris that has been treated using one of the specified extraction or destruction technologies in Table F-of this Part and that does not exhibit a characteristic of hazardous waste identified under Subpart C of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 721 after treatment is not a hazardous waste and need not be managed in a subtitle C facility. Hazardous debris contaminated with a listed waste that is treated by an immobilization technology specified in Table F-of this Part is a hazardous waste and must be managed in a RCRA Subtitle C treatment, storage, or disposal facility.
- d) Treatment <u>Residuals</u> residuals.
 - General <u>Requirements</u> requirements. Except as provided by subsections (d)(2) and (d)(4) of this Section:
 - A) Residue from the treatment of hazardous debris must be separated from the treated debris using simple physical or mechanical means; and
 - B) Residue from the treatment of hazardous debris is subject to the waste-specific treatment standards provided by Subpart D-of this Part for the waste contaminating the debris.

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- 2) Nontoxic <u>Debris</u> debris. Residue from the deactivation of ignitable, corrosive, or reactive characteristic hazardous debris (other than cyanidereactive) that is not contaminated with a contaminant subject to treatment defined by subsection (b)-of this Section, must be deactivated prior to land disposal and is not subject to the waste-specific treatment standards of Subpart D-of this Part.
- <u>Cyanide-Reactive Debris</u>Cyanide-reactive debris. Residue from the treatment of debris that is reactive because of cyanide must meet the standards for USEPA hazardous waste number D003 under Section 728.140 and Table T-of this Part.
- 4) Ignitable <u>Nonwastewater Residue</u> nonwastewater residue</u>. Ignitable nonwastewater residue containing equal to or greater than 10 percent total organic carbon is subject to the technology specified in the treatment standard for USEPA hazardous waste number D001: Ignitable Liquids.
- 5) Residue from <u>Spalling spalling</u>. Layers of debris removed by spalling are hazardous debris that remains subject to the treatment standards of this Section.

(Source: Amended at 42 Ill. Reg. _____, effective _____)

Section 728.146 Alternative Treatment Standards Based on HTMR

For the treatment standards previously found in Table G to this Part, as formerly referenced in this Section, refer to Section 728.140 and Table T to this Part, "Treatment Standards for Hazardous Wastes-".

(Source: Amended at 42 Ill. Reg. _____, effective _____)

Section 728.148 Universal Treatment Standards

Table U-to this Part, "Universal Treatment Standards (UTS),", identifies the hazardous constituents, along with the nonwastewater and wastewater treatment standard levels, that are used to regulate most prohibited hazardous wastes with numerical limits. For determining compliance with treatment standards for underlying hazardous constituents, as defined in Section 728.102(i), these treatment standards may not be exceeded. Compliance with these treatment standards is measured by an analysis of grab samples, unless otherwise noted in Table U-to this Part.

(Source: Amended at 42 Ill. Reg. _____, effective _____)

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Section 728.149 Alternative LDR Treatment Standards for Contaminated Soil

a) Applicability. An owner or operator must comply with LDRs prior to placing soil that exhibits a characteristic of hazardous waste or which exhibited a characteristic of hazardous waste at the time it was generated into a land disposal unit. The following chart describes whether an owner or operator must comply with LDRs prior to placing soil contaminated by listed hazardous waste into a land disposal unit:

If the LDRs	And if the LDRs	And if	Then the owner or operator
Applied to the listed waste when it contaminated the soil*.	Apply to the listed waste now.		Must comply with LDRs.
Did not apply to the listed waste when it contamin- ated the soil*.	Apply to the listed waste now.	The soil is deter- mined to contain the listed waste when the soil is first generated.	Must comply with LDRs.
Did not apply to the listed waste when it contamin- ated the soil*.	Apply to the listed waste now.	The soil is deter- mined not to contain the listed waste when the soil is first generated.	Needs not comply with LDRs.
Did not apply to the listed waste when it contamin- ated the soil*.	Do not apply to the listed waste now.		Needs not comply with LDRs.

- * For dates of LDR applicability, see Appendix G-of this Part. To determine the date any given listed hazardous waste contaminated any given volume of soil, use the last date any given listed hazardous waste was placed into any given land disposal unit or, in the case of an accidental spill, the date of the spill.
- b) Prior to land disposal, contaminated soil identified by subsection (a) of this Section as needing to comply with LDRs must be treated according to the applicable treatment standards specified in subsection (c) of this Section or according to the universal treatment standards specified in Section 728.148 and Table U-of this Part applicable to the contaminating listed hazardous waste or the

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applicable characteristic of hazardous waste if the soil is characteristic. The treatment standards specified in subsection (c) of this Section and the universal treatment standards may be modified through a treatment variance approved in accordance with Section 728.144.

- Treatment <u>Standards standards for Contaminated Soils contaminated soils</u>. Prior to land disposal, contaminated soil identified by subsection (a) of this Section as needing to comply with LDRs must be treated according to all the standards specified in this subsection (c) or according to the universal treatment standards specified in Section 728.148 and Table U-of this Part.
 - 1) All<u>Soils</u> soils. Prior to land disposal, all constituents subject to treatment must be treated as follows:
 - A) For non-metals except carbon disulfide, cyclohexanone, and methanol, treatment must achieve 90 percent reduction in total constituent concentrations, except as provided by subsection (c)(1)(C) of this Section.
 - B) For metals and carbon disulfide, cyclohexanone, and methanol, treatment must achieve 90 percent reduction in constituent concentrations as measured in leachate from the treated media (tested according to the TCLP) or 90 percent reduction in total constituent concentrations (when a metal removal treatment technology is used), except as provided by subsection (c)(1)(C)-of this Section.
 - C) When treatment of any constituent subject to treatment to a 90 percent reduction standard would result in a concentration less than 10 times the universal treatment standard for that constituent, treatment to achieve constituent concentrations less than 10 times the universal treatment standard is not required. The universal treatment standards are identified in Table U-of this Part.
 - 2) Soils <u>That Exhibit that exhibit the Characteristic characteristic of Ignitability, Corrosivity ignitability, corrosivity or Reactivity reactivity</u>. In addition to the treatment required by subsection (c)(1)-of this Section, prior to land disposal, soils that exhibit the characteristic of ignitability, corrosivity, or reactivity must be treated to eliminate these characteristics.

c)

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- 3) Soils <u>That Contain Nonanalyzable Constituents</u> that contain nonanalyzable constituents. In addition to the treatment requirements of subsections (c)(1) and (c)(2) of this Section, prior to land disposal, the following treatment is required for soils that contain nonanalyzable constituents:
 - A) For soil that contains only analyzable and nonanalyzable organic constituents, treatment of the analyzable organic constituents to the levels specified in subsections (c)(1) and (c)(2) of this Section; or
 - B) For soil that contains only nonanalyzable constituents, treatment by the methods specified in Section 728.142 for the waste contained in the soil.
- d) Constituents <u>Subject subject to Treatment treatment</u>. When applying the soil treatment standards in subsection (c) of this Section, constituents subject to treatment are any constituents listed in Table U-of this Part, entitled "Universal Treatment Standards,", that are reasonably expected to be present in any given volume of contaminated soil, except fluoride, selenium, sulfides, vanadium, zinc, and that are present at concentrations greater than ten times the universal treatment standard. PCBs are not constituents subject to treatment in any given volume of soil that exhibits the toxicity characteristic solely because of the presence of metals.
- e) Management of <u>Treatment Residuals</u> treatment residuals. Treatment residuals from treating contaminated soil identified by subsection (a) of this Section as needing to comply with LDRs must be managed as follows:
 - 1) Soil residuals are subject to the treatment standards of this Section;
 - 2) Non-soil residuals are subject to the following requirements:
 - A) For soils contaminated by listed hazardous waste, the RCRA Subtitle C standards applicable to the listed hazardous waste; and
 - B) For soils that exhibit a characteristic of hazardous waste, if the non-soil residual also exhibits a characteristic of hazardous waste, the treatment standards applicable to the characteristic hazardous waste.

(Source: Amended at 42 Ill. Reg. , effective)

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SUBPART E: PROHIBITIONS ON STORAGE

Section 728.150 Prohibitions on Storage of Restricted Wastes

- a) Except as provided in this Section, the storage of hazardous wastes restricted from land disposal under Subpart C-of this Part is prohibited, unless the following conditions are met:
 - A generator stores such wastes in tanks, containers, or containment buildings on-site solely for the purpose of the accumulation of such quantities of hazardous waste as necessary to facilitate proper recovery, treatment, or disposal and the generator complies with the requirements in 35 Ill. Adm. Code <u>722.116 and 722.117</u>-<u>722.134</u> and 35 Ill. Adm. Code <u>724 and 725</u>. (A generator that is in existence on the effective date of a regulation under this Part and which must store hazardous wastes for longer than 90 days due to the regulations under this Part becomes an owner or operator of a storage facility and must obtain a RCRA permit, as required by 35 Ill. Adm. Code 703. Such a facility may qualify for interim status upon compliance with the regulations governing interim status under 35 Ill. Adm. Code 703.153.)
 - 2) An owner or operator of a hazardous waste treatment, storage, or disposal facility stores such wastes in tanks, containers, or containment buildings solely for the purpose of the accumulation of such quantities of hazardous waste as necessary to facilitate proper recovery, treatment, or disposal and each of the following conditions are fulfilled:
 - A) Each container is clearly marked with the following to identify: its contents and the date each period of accumulation begins; and
 - i) The words "Hazardous Waste";
 - ii) The applicable USEPA hazardous waste numbers in Subparts <u>C and D of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 721; or use a nationally</u> recognized electronic system, such as bar coding, to identify the USEPA hazardous waste numbers;
 - <u>iii</u>) An indication of the hazards of the contents (examples include, but are not limited to, the applicable hazardous waste characteristics (i.e., ignitable, corrosive, reactive, toxic); hazard communication consistent with subpart E (Labeling) or subpart F (Placarding) of 49 CFR 172, incorporated by reference in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 720.111; a hazard statement

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or pictogram consistent with 29 CFR 1910.1200, incorporated by reference in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 720.111; or a chemical hazard label consistent with NFPA 704, incorporated by reference in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 720.111); and

- iv) The date each period of accumulation begins.
- B) Each tank is clearly marked with a description of its contents, the quantity of each hazardous waste received and the date each period of accumulation begins, or such information is recorded and maintained in the operating record at the facility. Regardless of whether the tank itself is marked, the owner and operator must comply with the operating record requirements of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 724.173 or 725.173.
- 3) A transporter stores manifested shipments of such wastes at a transfer facility for 10 days or less.
- b) An owner or operator of a treatment, storage, or disposal facility may store such wastes for up to one year unless the Agency can demonstrate that such storage was not solely for the purpose of accumulation of such quantities of hazardous waste as are necessary to facilitate proper recovery, treatment, or disposal.
- c) An owner or operator of a treatment, storage, or disposal facility may store wastes beyond one year; however, the owner or operator bears the burden of proving that such storage was solely for the purpose of accumulation of such quantities of hazardous waste as are necessary to facilitate proper recovery, treatment, or disposal.
- d) If a generator's waste is exempt from a prohibition on the type of land disposal utilized for the waste (for example, because of an approved case-by-case extension granted by USEPA pursuant to 40 CFR 268.5, an approved Section 728.106 petition or a national capacity variance granted by USEPA pursuant to subpart C of 40 CFR 268), the prohibition in subsection (a) does not apply during the period of such exemption.
- e) The prohibition in subsection (a) of this Section does not apply to hazardous wastes that meet the treatment standards specified under Sections 728.141, 728.142, and 728.143 or the adjusted treatment standards specified under Section 728.144, or, where treatment standards have not been specified, the waste is in compliance with the applicable prohibitions specified in Section 728.132 or 728.139.

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- f) Liquid hazardous wastes containing PCBs at concentrations greater than or equal to 50 ppm must be stored at a facility that meets the requirements of federal 40 CFR 761.65(b) (Storage for Disposal), incorporated by reference in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 720.111(b), and must be removed from storage and treated or disposed as required by the Part within one year of the date when such wastes are first placed into storage. The provisions of subsection (c) of this Section do not apply to such PCB wastes prohibited under Section 728.132.
- g) The prohibition and requirements in this Section do not apply to hazardous remediation wastes stored in a staging pile approved pursuant to 35 Ill. Adm. Code 724.654.

(Source: Amended at 42 Ill. Reg. _____, effective _____)

Section <u>728.APPENDIX D</u> <u>728.Appendix D</u> Wastes Excluded from Lab Packs

Hazardous waste with the following USEPA hazardous waste <u>numbers codes</u>-may not be placed in lab packs under the alternative lab pack treatment standards of Section 728.142(c): D009, F019, K003, K004, K005, K006, K062, K071, K100, K106, P010, P011, P012, P076, P078, U134, and U151.

BOARD NOTE: 35 Ill. Adm. Code 729.301 and 729.312 include additional limitations on the use of lab packs.

(Source: Amended at 42 Ill. Reg., effective)

Section <u>728.APPENDIX F</u><u>728.Appendix F</u>Technologies to Achieve Deactivation of Characteristics

The treatment standard for many characteristic wastes is stated in Table T of this Part, entitled "Treatment Standards for Hazardous Wastes₅", as "DEACT and meet Section 728.148 standards-". USEPA has determined that many technologies, when used alone or in combination, can achieve the deactivation portion of the treatment standard. Characteristic wastes that are not managed in a facility regulated by the CWA or in a CWA-equivalent facility, and that also contain underlying hazardous constituents (see Section 728.102(i)) must be treated not only by a "deactivating" technology to remove the characteristic, but also to achieve the universal treatment standards (UTS) for underlying hazardous constituents. This Appendix F presents a partial list of technologies, utilizing the five letter technology codes established in Table C-of this Part, that may be useful in meeting the treatment standard. Use of these specific technologies is not mandatory and does not preclude direct reuse, recovery or the use of other pretreatment technologies, provided deactivation is achieved and underlying hazardous constituents are treated to achieve the UTS.

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<u>USEPA hazardous waste number</u> Waste code/subcategory	Nonwastewaters	Wastewaters
D001 Ignitable Liquids based on 35 Ill. Adm. Code 721.121(a)(1)—Low TOC Nonwastewater Subcategory (containing one percent to <10 percent TOC)	RORGS WETOX INCIN CHOXD BIODG	n.a.
D001 Ignitable Liquids based on 35 Ill. Adm. Code 721.121(a)(1)—Ignitable Wastewater Subcategory (containing <one percent="" td="" toc)<=""><td>n.a.</td><td>WETOX RORGS INCIN CHOXD BIODG</td></one>	n.a.	WETOX RORGS INCIN CHOXD BIODG
D001 Compressed Gases based on 35 Ill. Adm. Code 721.121(a)(3)	RCGAS FSUBS INCIN ADGAS fb. INCIN ADGAS fb. (CHOXD; or CHRED)	n.a.
D001 Ignitable Reactives based on 35 Ill. Adm. Code 721.121(a)(2)	WTRRX CHOXD CHRED STABL INCIN	n.a.
D001 Ignitable Oxidizers based on 35 Ill. Adm. Code 721.121(a)(4)	CHRED INCIN	CHRED INCIN
D002 Acid Subcategory based on 35 Ill. Adm. Code 721.122(a)(1) with pH less than or equal to two	RCORR NEUTR INCIN	NEUTR INCIN
D002 Alkaline Subcategory based on 35 Ill. Adm. Code 721.122(a)(1) with pH greater than or equal to 12.5	NEUTR INCIN	NEUTR INCIN

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D002 Other Corrosives based on 35 Ill. Adm. Code 721.122(a)(2)	CHOXD CHRED INCIN STABL	CHOXD CHRED INCIN
D003 Water Reactives based on 35 Ill. Adm. Code 721.123(a)(2), (a)(3), and (a)(4)	INCIN WTRRX CHOXD CHRED	n.a.
D003 Reactive Sulfides based on 35 Ill. Adm. Code 721.123(a)(5)	CHOXD CHRED INCIN STABL	CHOXD CHRED BIODG INCIN
D003 Explosives based on 35 Ill. Adm. Code 721.123(a)(6), (a)(7), and (a)(8)	INCIN CHOXD CHRED	INCIN CHOXD CHRED BIODG CARBN
D003 Other Reactives based on 35 Ill. Adm. Code 721.123(a)(1)	INCIN CHOXD CHRED	INCIN CHOXD CHRED BIODG CARBN
K044 Wastewater treatment sludges from the manufacturing and processing of explosives	CHOXD CHRED INCIN	CHOXD CHRED BIODG CARBN INCIN
K045 Spent carbon from the treatment of wastewaters containing explosives	CHOXD CHRED INCIN	CHOXD CHRED BIODG CARBN INCIN
K047 Pink/red water from TNT operations	CHOXD CHRED	CHOXD CHRED

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INCIN

BIODG CARBN INCIN

Note: "n.a." stands for "not applicable-".

"fb." stands for Stands or "followed by-".

(Source: Amended at 42 Ill. Reg. _____, effective _____)

Section <u>728.APPENDIX H</u> 728.Appendix H National Capacity LDR Variances for UIC Wastes

See Note^a

USEPA Hazardous	Waste <u>Category</u> -category	Effective Date
D001 (except High	A11	February 10
TOC Ignitable Liquids	* ***	1994
Subcategory) ^c		
D001 (High TOC	Nonwastewater	September 19,
Ignitable Characteristic		1995
Liquids Subcategory)		
D002 ^b	All	May 8, 1992
D002 ^c	All	February 10,
		1994
D003 (cyanides)	All	May 8, 1992
D003 (sulfides)	All	May 8, 1992
D003 (explosives,	All	May 8, 1992
reactives)		
D007	All	May 8, 1992
D009	Nonwastewater	May 8, 1992
D012	All	September 19,
		1995
D013	All	September 19,
		1995
D014	All	September 19,
		1995
D015	All	September 19,
		1995

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D016	All	September 19,
D017	۵11	Sentember 10
DOIT	7 111	1995 1995
D018	All, including mixed with radioactive wastes	April 8, 1998
D019	All, including mixed with radioactive wastes	April 8, 1998
D020	All, including mixed with radioactive wastes	April 8, 1998
D021	All, including mixed with radioactive wastes	April 8, 1998
D022	All, including mixed with radioactive wastes	April 8, 1998
D023	All, including mixed with radioactive wastes	April 8, 1998
D024	All, including mixed with radioactive wastes	April 8, 1998
D025	All, including mixed with radioactive wastes	April 8, 1998
D026	All, including mixed with radioactive wastes	April 8, 1998
D027	All, including mixed with radioactive wastes	April 8, 1998
D028	All, including mixed with radioactive wastes	April 8, 1998
D029	All, including mixed with radioactive wastes	April 8, 1998
D030	All, including mixed with radioactive wastes	April 8, 1998
D031	All, including mixed with radioactive wastes	April 8, 1998
D032	All, including mixed with radioactive wastes	April 8, 1998
D033	All, including mixed with radioactive wastes	April 8, 1998
D034	All, including mixed with radioactive wastes	April 8, 1998
D035	All, including mixed with radioactive wastes	April 8, 1998
D036	All, including mixed with radioactive wastes	April 8, 1998
D037	All, including mixed with radioactive wastes	April 8, 1998
D038	All, including mixed with radioactive wastes	April 8, 1998
D039	All, including mixed with radioactive wastes	April 8, 1998
D040	All, including mixed with radioactive wastes	April 8, 1998
D041	All, including mixed with radioactive wastes	April 8, 1998
D042	All, including mixed with radioactive wastes	April 8, 1998
D043	All, including mixed with radioactive wastes	April 8, 1998
F001-F005	All spent F001-F005 solvent containing less than 1	August 8, 1990
	percent total F001-F005 solvent constituents	-
F007	All	June 8, 1991
F032	All, including mixed with radioactive wastes	May 12, 1999
F034	All, including mixed with radioactive wastes	May 12,1999
F035	All, including mixed with radioactive wastes	May 12, 1999
F037	All	November 8,
		1992
F038	All	November 8,
,		1992
F039	Wastewater	May 8, 1992

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K009	Wastewater	June 8, 1991
K011	Nonwastewater	June 8, 1991
K011	Wastewater	May 8, 1992
K013	Nonwastewater	June 8, 1991
K013	Wastewater	May 8, 1992
K014	All	May 8, 1992
K016 (dilute)	All	June 8, 1991
K049	All	August 8, 1990
K050	All	August 8, 1990
K051	All	August 8, 1990
K052	All	August 8, 1990
K062	All	August 8, 1990
K071	All	August 8, 1990
K088	All	January 8, 1997
K104	All	August 8, 1990
K107	All	November 8,
		1992
K108	All	November 9,
		1992
K109	All	November 9,
		1992
K110	All	November 9,
		1992
K111	All	November 9,
		1992
K112	All	November 9,
		1992
K117	All	June 30, 1995
K118	All	June 30, 1995
K123	All	November 9,
		1992
K124	All	November 9,
		1992
K125	All	November 9,
		1992
K126	All	November 9,
		1992
K131	All	June 30, 1995
K132	All	June 30, 1995
K136	All	November 9,
		1992
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A11	December 19, 1994
A11	December 19,
	1994
All	December 19,
All	December 19,
	1994
All	December 19, 1994
All	December 19,
A11	December 19,
	1994
All	December 19, 1994
All	December 19,
	1994
All	December 19, 1004
A11	Iuly 8 1996
A11	July 8, 1996
A11	July 8, 1996
A11	July 8, 1996
A11	July 8, 1996
A11	July 8, 1996
Newly identified mineral processing wastes from	May 26, 2000
titanium dioxide production and mixed	,
radioactive/newly identified D004-D011	
characteristic wastes and mineral processing wastes	
All	July 8, 1996
	All All All All All All All All All All

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All	July 8, 1996
All	July 8, 1996
All	November 9,
	1992
All	November 9,
	1992
All	November 9,
	1992
All	July 8, 1996
	All All All All All All All All All All

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U396	All	July 8, 1996
U400	All	July 8, 1996
U401	All	July 8, 1996
U402	All	July 8, 1996
U403	All	July 8, 1996
U404	All	July 8, 1996
U407	All	July 8, 1996
U409	All	July 8, 1996
U410	All	July 8, 1996
U411	All	July 8, 1996

^a Wastes that are deep well disposed on-site receive a six-month variance, with restrictions, effective in November 1990.

- ^b Deep well injected D002 liquids with a pH less than two must meet the California List treatment standards on August 8, 1990.
- ^c Managed in systems defined in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 730.105(e) as Class V injection wells that do not engage in CWA-equivalent treatment before injection.

BOARD NOTE: This table is provided for the convenience of the reader.

(Source: Amended at 42 Ill. Reg., effective)

Section <u>728.APPENDIX I</u> <u>728.Appendix I</u> EP Toxicity Test Method and Structural Integrity Test

BOARD NOTE: Method 1310B (Extraction Procedure Toxicity Test) is published in "Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste, Physical/Chemical Methods,", USEPA publication number EPA-530/SW-846, incorporated by reference in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 720.111(a).

(Source: Amended at 42 Ill. Reg., effective)

Section <u>728.APPENDIX K</u> <u>728.Appendix K</u> Metal-Bearing Wastes Prohibited from Dilution in a Combustion Unit According to Section 728.103(c)

BOARD NOTE: A combustion unit is defined as any thermal technology subject to Subpart O of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 724, Subpart O of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 725, or Subpart H of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 726.

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USEPA Hazardous	Waste Description description
Waste Number	
code	

D004	Toxicity Characteristic for Arsenic.
D005	Toxicity Characteristic for Barium.
D006	Toxicity Characteristic for Cadmium.
D007	Toxicity Characteristic for Chromium.
D008	Toxicity Characteristic for Lead.
D009	Toxicity Characteristic for Mercury.
D010	Toxicity Characteristic for Selenium.
D011	Toxicity Characteristic for Silver.
F006	Wastewater treatment sludges from electroplating operations except from the following processes: (1) sulfuric acid anodizing of aluminum; (2) tin plating carbon steel; (3) zinc plating basis on carbon steel; (4) aluminum or zinc-plating on carbon steel; (5) cleaning/stripping associated with tin, zinc and aluminum plating on carbon steel; and (6) chemical etching and milling of aluminum.
F007	Spent cyanide plating bath solutions from electroplating operations.
F008	Plating bath residues from the bottom of plating baths from electroplating operations where cyanides are used in the process.
F009	Spent stripping and cleaning bath solutions from electroplating operations where cyanides are used in the process.
F010	Quenching bath residues from oil baths from metal treating operations where cyanides are used in the process.
F011	Spent cyanide solutions from salt bath pot cleaning from metal heat- treating operations.

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- F012 Quenching waste water treatment sludges from metal heat-treating operations where cyanides are used in the process.
- F019 Wastewater treatment sludges from the chemical conversion coating of aluminum except from zirconium phosphating in aluminum car washing when such phosphating is an exclusive conversion coating process.
- K002 Wastewater treatment sludge from the production of chrome yellow and orange pigments.
- K003 Wastewater treatment sludge from the production of molybdate orange pigments.
- K004 Wastewater treatment sludge from the production of zinc yellow pigments.
- K005 Wastewater treatment sludge from the production of chrome green pigments.
- K006 Wastewater treatment sludge from the production of chrome oxide green pigments (anhydrous and hydrated).
- K007 Wastewater treatment sludge from the production of iron blue pigments.
- K008 Oven residue from the production of chrome oxide green pigments.
- K061 Emission control dust/sludge from the primary production of steel in electric furnaces.
- K069 Emission control dust/sludge from secondary lead smelting.
- K071 Brine purification muds from the mercury cell processes in chlorine production, where separately prepurified brine is not used.
- K100 Waste leaching solution from acid leaching of emission control dust/sludge from secondary lead smelting.
- K106 Sludges from the mercury cell processes for making chlorine.

P010 Arsenic acid H₃AsO₄.

P011 Arsenic oxide As₂O₅.

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P012	Arsenic trioxide.
P013	Barium cyanide.
P015	Beryllium.
P029	Copper (I) cyanide Cu(CN).
P074	Nickel (II) cyanide Ni(CN) ₂ .
P087	Osmium (VIII) tetroxide OsO4.
P099	Potassium silver cyanide KAg(CN) ₂ .
P104	Silver cyanide AgCN.
P113	Thallic (III) oxide Tl ₂ O ₃ .
P114	Thallium (I) selenite Tl ₂ SeO ₃ .
P115	Thallium (I) sulfate Tl ₂ SO ₄ .
P119	Ammonium (V) vanadate NH ₃ VO ₃ .
P120	Vanadium (V) oxide V ₂ O ₅ .
P121	Zinc cyanide ZnCN.
U032	Calcium chromate CaCrO ₄ .
U145	Lead phosphate.
U151	Mercury.
U204	Selenous acid H ₂ SeO ₃ .
U205	Selenium (IV) disulfide SeS ₂ .
U216	Thallium (I) chloride TlCl.
U217	Thallium (I) nitrate TlNO ₃ .

(Source: Amended at 42 Ill. Reg. _____, effective _____)

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Section <u>728.TABLE A</u> <u>728.Table A</u> Constituent Concentrations in Waste Extract (CCWE)

For the requirements previously found in this Section and Section 728.141, refer to Section 728.140 and Table T-to this Part, "Treatment Standards for Hazardous Wastes-".

(Source: Amended at 42 Ill. Reg. _____, effective _____)

Section <u>728.TABLE B</u> <u>728.Table B</u> Constituent Concentrations in Wastes (CCW)

For the requirements previously found in this Section and for treatment standards in Section 728.143, "Constituent Concentrations in Wastes (CCW)₅", refer to Section 728.140 and Table T-to this Part, "Treatment Standards for Hazardous Wastes-".

(Source: Amended at 42 Ill. Reg. _____, effective _____)

Section 728.TABLE C Technology Codes and Description of Technology-Based Standards

Technology Code	Description of Technology-Based Standard
ADGAS	Venting of compressed gases into an absorbing or reacting media (i.e., solid or liquid)—venting can be accomplished through physical release utilizing valves or piping; physical penetration of the container; or penetration through detonation.
AMLGM	Amalgamation of liquid, elemental mercury contaminated with radioactive materials utilizing inorganic reagents such as copper, zinc, nickel, gold, and sulfur that result in a nonliquid, semi-solid amalgam and thereby reducing potential emissions of elemental mercury vapors to the air.
BIODG	Biodegradation of organics or non-metallic inorganics (i.e., degradable inorganics that contain the elements of phosphorus, nitrogen, and sulfur) in units operated under either aerobic or anaerobic conditions such that a surrogate compound or indicator parameter has been substantially reduced in concentration in the residuals (e.g., total organic carbon (TOC) can often be used as an indicator parameter for the biodegradation of many organic constituents that cannot be directly analyzed in wastewater residues).
CARBN	Carbon adsorption (granulated or powdered) of non-metallic inorganics, organo- metallics, or organic constituents, operated so that a surrogate compound or indicator parameter has not undergone breakthrough (e.g., total organic carbon (TOC) can often be used as an indicator parameter for the adsorption of many organic constituents that cannot be directly analyzed in wastewater

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residues). Breakthrough occurs when the carbon has become saturated with the constituent (or indicator parameter) and substantial change in adsorption rate associated with that constituent occurs.

CHOXD Chemical or electrolytic oxidation utilizing the following oxidation reagents (or waste reagents) or combinations or reagents:

- 1) hypochlorite (e.g., bleach);
- 2) chlorine;
- 3) chlorine dioxide;
- 4) ozone or UV (ultraviolet light) assisted ozone;
- 5) peroxides;
- 6) persulfates;
- 7) perchlorates;
- 8) permanganates; or
- 9) other oxidizing reagents of equivalent efficiency, performed in units operated so that a surrogate compound or indicator parameter has been substantially reduced in concentration in the residuals (e.g., total organic carbon (TOC) can often be used as an indicator parameter for the oxidation of many organic constituents that cannot be directly analyzed in wastewater residues). Chemical oxidation specifically includes what is commonly referred to as alkaline chlorination.
- CHRED Chemical reduction utilizing the following reducing reagents (or waste reagents) or combinations of reagents:
 - 1) sulfur dioxide;
 - 2) sodium, potassium, or alkali salts of sulfites, bisulfites, metabisulfites, and polyethylene glycols (e.g., NaPEG and KPEG);
 - 3) sodium hydrosulfide;
 - 4) ferrous salts; or

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5) other reducing reagents of equivalent efficiency, performed in units operated such that a surrogate compound or indicator parameter has been substantially reduced in concentration in the residuals (e.g., total organic halogens (TOX) can often be used as an indicator parameter for the reduction of many halogenated organic constituents that cannot be directly analyzed in wastewater residues). Chemical reduction is commonly used for the reduction of hexavalent chromium to the trivalent state.

- CMBST High temperature organic destruction technologies, such as combustion in incinerators, boilers, or industrial furnaces operated in accordance with the applicable requirements of Subpart O of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 724, Subpart O of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 726, and in other units operated in accordance with applicable technical operating requirements; and certain non-combustive technologies, such as the Catalytic Extraction Process.
- DEACT Deactivation to remove the hazardous characteristics of a waste due to its ignitability, corrosivity, or reactivity.
- FSUBS Fuel substitution in units operated in accordance with applicable technical operating requirements.
- HLVIT Vitrification of high-level mixed radioactive wastes in units in compliance with all applicable radioactive protection requirements under control of the federal Nuclear Regulatory Commission.
- IMERC Incineration of wastes containing organics and mercury in units operated in accordance with the technical operating requirements of Subpart O of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 724 or Subpart O of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 725. All wastewater and nonwastewater residues derived from this process must then comply with the corresponding treatment standards per <u>USEPA hazardous</u> waste <u>number code</u> with consideration of any applicable subcategories (e.g., high or low mercury subcategories).
- INCIN Incineration in units operated in accordance with the technical operating requirements of Subpart O of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 724 or Subpart O of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 725.
- LLEXT Liquid-liquid extraction (often referred to as solvent extraction) of organics from liquid wastes into an immiscible solvent for which the hazardous constituents have a greater solvent affinity, resulting in an extract high in organics that must undergo either incineration, reuse as a fuel, or other recovery or reuse and a

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raffinate (extracted liquid waste) proportionately low in organics that must undergo further treatment as specified in the standard.

- MACRO Macroencapsulation with surface coating materials such as polymeric organics (e.g., resins and plastics) or with a jacket of inert inorganic materials to substantially reduce surface exposure to potential leaching media. Macroencapsulation specifically does not include any material that would be classified as a tank or container according to 35 Ill. Adm. Code 720.110.
- NEUTR Neutralization with the following reagents (or waste reagents) or combinations of reagents:
 - 1) acids;
 - 2) bases; or
 - 3) water (including wastewaters) resulting in a pH greater than two but less than 12.5 as measured in the aqueous residuals.
- NLDBR No land disposal based on recycling.
- POLYM Formation of complex high-molecular weight solids through polymerization of monomers in high-TOC D001 nonwastewaters that are chemical components in the manufacture of plastics.
- PRECP Chemical precipitation of metals and other inorganics as insoluble precipitates of oxides, hydroxides, carbonates, sulfides, sulfates, chlorides, fluorides, or phosphates. The following reagents (or waste reagents) are typically used alone or in combination:
 - 1) lime (i.e., containing oxides or hydroxides of calcium or magnesium);
 - 2) caustic (i.e., sodium or potassium hydroxides);
 - 3) soda ash (i.e., sodium carbonate);
 - 4) sodium sulfide;
 - 5) ferric sulfate or ferric chloride;
 - 6) alum; or

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- 7) sodium sulfate. Additional flocculating, coagulation, or similar reagents or processes that enhance sludge dewatering characteristics are not precluded from use.
- RBERY Thermal recovery of beryllium.
- RCGAS Recovery or reuse of compressed gases including techniques such as reprocessing of the gases for reuse or resale; filtering or adsorption of impurities; remixing for direct reuse or resale; and use of the gas as a fuel source.

RCORR Recovery of acids or bases utilizing one or more of the following recovery technologies:

- 1) distillation (i.e., thermal concentration);
- 2) ion exchange;
- 3) resin or solid adsorption;
- 4) reverse osmosis; or
- 5) incineration for the recovery of acid

Note: this does not preclude the use of other physical phase separation or concentration techniques such as decantation, filtration (including ultrafiltration), and centrifugation, when used in conjunction with the above listed recovery technologies.

- RLEAD Thermal recovery of lead in secondary lead smelters.
- RMERC Retorting or roasting in a thermal processing unit capable of volatilizing mercury and subsequently condensing the volatilized mercury for recovery. The retorting or roasting unit (or facility) must be subject to one or more of the following:
 - a) A federal national emissions standard for hazardous air pollutants (NESHAP) for mercury (subpart E of 40 CFR 61);
 - b) A best available control technology (BACT) or a lowest achievable emission rate (LAER) standard for mercury imposed pursuant to a prevention of significant deterioration (PSD) permit (including 35 Ill. Adm. Code 201 through 203); or

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- c) A state permit that establishes emission limitations (within meaning of Section 302 of the Clean Air Act) for mercury, including a permit issued pursuant to 35 Ill. Adm. Code 201. All wastewater and nonwastewater residues derived from this process must then comply with the corresponding treatment standards per <u>USEPA hazardous</u> waste <u>number</u> code with consideration of any applicable subcategories (e.g., high or low mercury subcategories).
- RMETL Recovery of metals or inorganics utilizing one or more of the following direct physical or removal technologies:
 - 1) ion exchange;
 - 2) resin or solid (i.e., zeolites) adsorption;
 - 3) reverse osmosis;
 - 4) chelation or solvent extraction;
 - 5) freeze crystallization;
 - 6) ultrafiltration; or
 - 7) simple precipitation (i.e., crystallization)

Note: this does not preclude the use of other physical phase separation or concentration techniques such as decantation, filtration (including ultrafiltration), and centrifugation, when used in conjunction with the above listed recovery technologies.

- RORGS Recovery of organics utilizing one or more of the following technologies:
 - 1) Distillation;
 - 2) thin film evaporation;
 - 3) steam stripping;
 - 4) carbon adsorption;
 - 5) critical fluid extraction;
 - 6) liquid-liquid extraction;

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- 7) precipitation or crystallization (including freeze crystallization); or
- 8) chemical phase separation techniques (i.e., addition of acids, bases, demulsifiers, or similar chemicals).

Note: This does not preclude the use of other physical phase separation techniques such as decantation, filtration (including ultrafiltration), and centrifugation, when used in conjunction with the above listed recovery technologies.

- RTHRM Thermal recovery of metals or inorganics from nonwastewaters in units defined as cement kilns, blast furnaces, smelting, melting and refining furnaces, combustion devices used to recover sulfur values from spent sulfuric acid and "other devices" determined by the Agency pursuant to 35 Ill. Adm. Code 720.110, the definition of "industrial furnace-".
- RZINC Resmelting in high temperature metal recovery units for the purpose of recovery of zinc.
- STABL Stabilization with the following reagents (or waste reagents) or combinations of reagents:
 - 1) Portland cement; or
 - 2) lime or pozzolans (e.g., fly ash and cement kiln dust)—this does not preclude the addition of reagents (e.g., iron salts, silicates, and clays) designed to enhance the set or cure time or compressive strength, or to overall reduce the leachability of the metal or inorganic.
- SSTRP Steam stripping of organics from liquid wastes utilizing direct application of steam to the wastes operated such that liquid and vapor flow rates, as well as temperature and pressure ranges, have been optimized, monitored, and maintained. These operating parameters are dependent upon the design parameters of the unit, such as, the number of separation stages and the internal column design. Thus resulting in a condensed extract high in organics that must undergo either incineration, reuse as a fuel, or other recovery or reuse and an extracted wastewater that must undergo further treatment as specified in the standard.
- WETOX Wet air oxidation performed in units operated such that a surrogate compound or indicator parameter has been substantially reduced in concentration in the residuals (e.g., total organic carbon (TOC) can often be used as an indicator

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parameter for the oxidation of many organic constituents that cannot be directly analyzed in wastewater residues).

- WTRRX Controlled reaction with water for highly reactive inorganic or organic chemicals with precautionary controls for protection of workers from potential violent reactions as well as precautionary controls for potential emissions of toxic or ignitable levels of gases released during the reaction.
- Note 1: When a combination of these technologies (i.e., a treatment train) is specified as a single treatment standard, the order of application is specified in Table T-to this Part by indicating the five letter technology code that must be applied first, then the designation "fb." (an abbreviation for "followed by"), then the five letter technology code for the technology that must be applied next, and so on.
- Note 2: When more than one technology (or treatment train) are specified as alternative treatment standards, the five letter technology codes (or the treatment trains) are separated by a semicolon (;) with the last technology preceded by the word "OR-". This indicates that any one of these BDAT technologies or treatment trains can be used for compliance with the standard.

BOARD NOTE: Derived from Table 1 in 40 CFR 268.42 (2017) (2015).

(Source: Amended at 42 Ill. Reg. _____, effective _____)

Section <u>728.TABLE D</u> <u>728.Table D</u> Technology-Based Standards by <u>USEPA Hazardous</u> RCRA Waste <u>Number Code</u>

BOARD NOTE: For the requirements previously found in this Section, refer to Section 728.140 and Table T-to this Part.

(Source: Amended at 42 Ill. Reg. _____, effective _____)

Section <u>728.TABLE E</u> <u>728.Table E</u> Standards for Radioactive Mixed Waste

BOARD NOTE: For the requirements previously found in this Section, refer to Section 728.140 and Table T-to this Part.

(Source: Amended at 42 Ill. Reg. _____, effective _____)

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Section <u>728.TABLE F</u> 728.Table F Alternative Treatment Standards For Hazardous Debris

- a) Hazardous debris must be treated by either the standards indicated in this Table F or by the waste-specific treatment standards for the waste contaminating the debris. The treatment standards must be met for each type of debris contained in a mixture of debris types, unless the debris is converted into treatment residue as a result of the treatment process. Debris treatment residuals are subject to the waste-specific treatment standards for the waste contaminating the debris.
- b) Definitions. For the purposes of this Table F, the following terms are defined as follows:

"Clean debris surface" means the surface, when viewed without magnification, must be free of all visible contaminated soil and hazardous waste except that residual staining from soil and waste consisting of light shadows, slight streaks, or minor discolorations, and soil and waste in cracks, crevices, and pits may be present provided that such staining and waste and soil in cracks, crevices, and pits must be limited to no more than five percent of each square inch of surface area.

"Contaminant restriction" means that the technology is not BDAT for that contaminant. If debris containing a restricted contaminant is treated by the technology, the contaminant must be subsequently treated by a technology for which it is not restricted in order to be land disposed (and excluded from Subtitle C regulation).

"Dioxin-listed wastes" means wastes having any of USEPA hazardous waste numbers FO20, FO21, FO22, FO23, FO26, or FO27.

c) Notes. In this Table F, the following text is to be read in conjunction with the tabulated text where the appropriate notations appear:

¹ Acids, solvents, and chemical reagents may react with some debris and contaminants to form hazardous compounds. For example, acid washing of cyanide-contaminated debris could result in the formation of hydrogen cyanide. Some acids may also react violently with some debris and contaminants, depending on the concentration of the acid and the type of debris and contaminants. Debris treaters should refer to the safety precautions specified in Material Safety Data Sheets for various acids to avoid applying an incompatible acid to a particular debris/contaminant combination. For example, concentrated sulfuric acid may react violently with certain organic compounds, such as acrylonitrile.

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 2 If reducing the particle size of debris to meet the treatment standards results in material that no longer meets the 60 mm minimum particle size limit for debris, such material is subject to the waste-specific treatment standards for the waste contaminating the material, unless the debris has been cleaned and separated from contaminated soil and waste prior to size reduction. At a minimum, simple physical or mechanical means must be used to provide such cleaning and separation of nondebris materials to ensure that the debris surface is free of caked soil, waste, or other nondebris material.

³ Thermal desorption is distinguished from thermal destruction in that the primary purpose of thermal desorption is to volatilize contaminants and to remove them from the treatment chamber for subsequent destruction or other treatment.

⁴ The demonstration of "equivalent technology" pursuant to Section 728.142(b) must document that the technology treats contaminants subject to treatment to a level equivalent to that required by the performance and design and operating standards for other technologies in this table such that residual levels of hazardous contaminants will not pose a hazard to human health and the environment absent management controls.

⁵ Any soil, waste, and other nondebris material that remains on the debris surface (or remains mixed with the debris) after treatment is considered a treatment residual that must be separated from the debris using, at a minimum, simple physical or mechanical means. Examples of simple physical or mechanical means are vibratory or trommel screening or water washing. The debris surface need not be cleaned to a "clean debris surface" as defined in subsection (b)-of this Section when separating treated debris from residue; rather, the surface must be free of caked soil, waste, or other nondebris material. Treatment residuals are subject to the waste-specific treatment standards for the waste contaminating the debris.

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Technology <u>Description</u> description	Performance or <u>Design</u> design and <u>Operating Standard</u> operating standard	Contaminant <u>Restrictions</u> restrictions
A. Extraction Technologies:		
1. Physical Extraction		
a. Abrasive Blasting: Removal of contaminated debris surface layers using water or air pressure to propel a solid media (e.g., steel shot, aluminum oxide grit, plastic beads).	Glass, Metal, Plastic, Rubber: Treatment to a clean debris surface. Brick, Cloth, Concrete, Paper, Pavement, Rock, Wood: Removal of at least 0.6 cm of the surface layer; treatment to a clean debris surface.	All Debris: None.
b. Scarification, Grinding, and Planing: Process utilizing striking piston heads, saws, or rotating grinding wheels such that contaminated debris surface layers are removed.	Same as above	Same as above
c. Spalling: Drilling or chipping holes at appropriate locations and depth in the contaminated debris surface and applying a tool that exerts a force on the sides of those holes such that the surface layer is removed. The surface layer removed remains hazardous debris subject to the debris treatment standards.	Same as above	Same as above
d. Vibratory Finishing: Process utilizing scrubbing media, flushing fluid, and oscillating energy such that hazardous contaminants or contaminated	Same as above	Same as above

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debris surface layers are removed.1

Same as above

Same as above.

e. High Pressure Steam and Water Sprays: Application of water or steam sprays of sufficient temperature, pressure, residence time, agitation, surfactants, and detergents to remove hazardous contaminants from debris surfaces or to remove contaminated debris surface layers

2. Chemical Extraction

a. Water Washing and Spraying: Application of water sprays or water baths of sufficient temperature, pressure, residence time, agitation, surfactants, acids, bases, and detergents to remove hazardous contaminants from debris surfaces and surface pores or to remove contaminated debris surface layers.

inch) in one dimension (i.e., thickness limit,² except that this thickness limit may be waived under an "Equivalent Technology" approval pursuant to Section 728.142(b);⁴ debris surfaces must be in contact with water solution for at least 15 minutes Same as above

All Debris: Treatment to a

clean debris surface; Brick,

Cloth, Concrete, Paper,

b. Liquid Phase Solvent Extraction: Removal of hazardous contaminants from debris surfaces and surface pores by applying a nonaqueous liquid or liquid solution that causes the hazardous contaminants to enter the liquid phase and be flushed away from the debris along with the liquid

Brick, Cloth, Concrete, Paper, Pavement, Rock, Wood: Contaminant must be soluble to Pavement, Rock, Wood: Debris at least five percent by weight must be no more than 1.2 cm ($\frac{1}{2}$ in water solution or five percent by weight in emulsion; if debris is contaminated with a dioxinlisted waste,³ an "Equivalent Technology" approval pursuant to Section 728.142(b) must be obtained.4

> Brick, Cloth, Concrete, Paper, Pavement, Rock, Wood: Same as above, except that contaminant must be soluble to at least five percent by weight in the solvent.

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or liquid solution while using appropriate agitation, temperature, and residence time.¹

c. Vapor Phase Solvent Extraction: Application of an organic vapor using sufficient agitation, residence time, and temperature to cause hazardous contaminants on contaminated debris surfaces and surface pores to enter the vapor phase and be flushed away with the organic vapor.¹

3. Thermal Extraction

a. High Temperature Metals Recovery: Application of sufficient heat, residence time, mixing, fluxing agents, or carbon in a smelting, melting, or refining furnace to separate metals from debris.

b. Thermal Desorption: Heating in an enclosed chamber under either oxidizing or nonoxidizing atmospheres at sufficient temperature and residence time to vaporize hazardous contaminants from contaminated surfaces and surface pores and to remove the contaminants from the heating chamber in a gaseous exhaust gas.³ Same as above, except that brick, cloth, concrete, paper, pavement, rock and wood surfaces must be in contact with the organic vapor for at least 60 minutes.

For refining furnaces, treated debris must be separated from treatment residuals using simple physical or mechanical means,⁵ and, prior to further treatment, such residuals must meet the waste-specific treatment standards for organic compounds in the waste contaminating the debris.

All Debris: Obtain an "Equivalent Technology" approval pursuant to Section 728.142(b);⁴ treated debris must be separated from treatment residuals using simple physical or mechanical means,⁵ and, prior to further treatment, such residue must meet the wastespecific treatment standards for organic compounds in the waste contaminating the debris. Same as above.

Debris contaminated with a dioxin-listed waste:² Obtain an "Equivalent Technology" approval pursuant to Section 728.142(b).⁴

All Debris: Metals other than mercury.

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Brick, Cloth, Concrete, Paper, Pavement, Rock, Wood: Debris must be no more than 10 cm (4 inches) in one dimension (i.e., thickness limit),² except that this thickness limit may be waived under the "Equivalent Technology" approval

B. Destruction Technologies:

1. Biological Destruction (Biodegradation): Removal of hazardous contaminants from debris surfaces and surface pores in an aqueous solution and biodegradation of organic or nonmetallic inorganic compounds (i.e., inorganics that contain phosphorus, nitrogen, or sulfur) in units operated under either aerobic or anaerobic conditions.

2. Chemical Destruction

a. Chemical Oxidation: Chemical or electrolytic oxidation utilizing the following oxidation reagents (or waste reagents) or combination of reagents: (1) hypochlorite (e.g., bleach); (2) chlorine; (3)

All Debris: Obtain an "Equivalent Technology" approval pursuant to Section 728.142(b);⁴ treated debris must be separated from treatment residuals using simple physical or mechanical means,⁵ and, prior to further treatment, such residue must meet the wastespecific treatment standards for organic compounds in the waste contaminating the debris. Brick, Cloth, Concrete, Paper, Pavement, Rock, Wood: Debris must be no more than $1.2 \text{ cm} (\frac{1}{2})$ inch) in one dimension (i.e., thickness limit),² except that this thickness limit may be waived under the "Equivalent Technology" approval

All Debris: Obtain an

"Equivalent Technology"

approval pursuant to 35 Ill.

Adm. Code.142(b);⁴ treated

debris must be separated from treatment residuals using simple

physical or mechanical means,⁵

All Debris: Metal contaminants.

All Debris: Metal contaminants.

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chlorine dioxide; (4) ozone or UV (ultraviolet light) assisted ozone; (5) peroxides; (6) persulfates; (7) perchlorates; (8) permanganates; or (9) other oxidizing reagents of equivalent destruction efficiency.¹ Chemical oxidation specifically includes what is referred to as alkaline chlorination.

b. Chemical Reduction: Chemical reaction utilizing the following reducing reagents (or waste reagents) or combination of reagents: (1) sulfur dioxide; (2) sodium, potassium, or alkali salts of sulfites, bisulfites, and metabisulfites, and polyethylene glycols (e.g., NaPEG and KPEG); (3) sodium hydrosulfide; (4) ferrous salts; or (5) other reducing reagents of equivalent efficiency.¹

3. Thermal Destruction: Treatment in an incinerator operating in accordance with Subpart O of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 724 or Subpart O of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 725; a boiler or industrial furnace operating in accordance with Subpart H of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 726, or other thermal treatment unit operated in accordance with Subpart X of

and, prior to further treatment, such residue must meet the waste-specific treatment standards for organic compounds in the waste contaminating the debris. Brick, Cloth, Concrete, Paper, Pavement, Rock, Wood: Debris must be no more than 1.2 cm (½ inch) in one dimension (i.e., thickness limit),² except that this thickness limit may be waived under the "Equivalent Technology" approval

Same as above

Same as above.

Treated debris must be separated from treatment residuals using simple physical or mechanical means,⁵ and, prior to further treatment, such residue must meet the wastespecific treatment standards for organic compounds in the waste contaminating the debris. Brick, Concrete, Glass, Metal, Pavement, Rock, Metal: Metals other than mercury, except that there are no metal restrictions for vitrification. Debris contaminated with a dioxin-listed waste.³ Obtain an "Equivalent Technology" approval pursuant to Section 728.142(b),⁴ except that this

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35 Ill. Adm. Code 724, or Subpart P of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 725, but excluding for purposes of these debris treatment standards Thermal Desorption units.

C. Immobilization Technologies:

1. Macroencapsulation: Application of surface coating materials such as polymeric organics (e.g., resins and plastics) or use of a jacket of inert inorganic materials to substantially reduce surface exposure to potential leaching media.

2. Microencapsulation: Stabilization of the debris with the following reagents (or waste reagents) such that the leachability of the hazardous contaminants is reduced: (1) Portland cement; or (2) lime/ pozzolans (e.g., fly ash and cement kiln dust). Reagents (e.g., iron salts, silicates, and clays) may be added to enhance the set/cure time or compressive strength, or to reduce the leachability of the hazardous constituents.²

3. Sealing: Application of an appropriate material that adheres tightly to the debris surface to avoid exposure of the surface to potential leaching Encapsulating material must completely encapsulate debris and be resistant to degradation by the debris and its contaminants and materials into which it may come into contact after placement (leachate, other waste, microbes).

Leachability of the hazardous None. contaminants must be reduced.

Sealing must avoid exposure of None. the debris surface to potential leaching media and sealant must be resistant to degradation by the debris and its

requirement does not apply to vitrification.

None.

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media. When necessary to effectively seal the surface, sealing entails pretreatment of the debris surface to remove foreign matter and to clean and roughen the surface. Sealing materials include epoxy, silicone, and urethane compounds, but paint may not be used as a sealant contaminants and materials into which it may come into contact after placement (leachate, other waste, microbes).

BOARD NOTE: Derived from Table 1 to 40 CFR 268.45 (2017) (2005).

(Source: Amended at 42 Ill. Reg. _____, effective ______

Section <u>728.TABLE G</u> 728.Table G Alternative Treatment Standards Based on HTMR

For the treatment standards previously found in this Section and Section 728.146, refer to Section 728.140 and Table T-to this Part, "Treatment Standards for Hazardous Wastes-".

(Source: Amended at 42 Ill. Reg., effective)

Section <u>728.TABLE H</u>_728.Table H-Wastes Excluded from CCW Treatment Standards

The following facilities are excluded from the treatment standard under Section 728.143(a) and Table B-to this Part, and are subject to the following constituent concentrations. These facilities have received a treatability exception by regulatory action from USEPA pursuant to 40 CFR 268.44, and have demonstrated that the Board needs to adopt the treatability exception as part of the Illinois RCRA program. The Board may also grant an "adjusted treatment standard" pursuant to Section 728.144.

Facility <u>Name</u> name and <u>Address</u> address	<u>USEPA</u> <u>Hazardous</u> Waste <u>Number</u> Code	See Also	Regulated <u>Hazardous</u> <u>Constituent</u> hazardous constituent	Wastewaters Concentra- tion (mg/l)	Notes	Nonwaste- waters Concentra- tion (mg/kg)	Notes
Craftsman Plating and Tinning	F006	Section 728.140	Cyanides (Total)	1.2	В	1,800	D

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Corp., Chicago, IL

			Cyanides (amenable) Cadmium Chromium Lead Nickel	0.86 1.6 0.32 0.40 0.44	B and C	30 NA NA NA	D
Northwestern Plating Works, Inc., Chicago, IL	F006	Section 728.140	Cyanides (Total)	1.2	В	970	D
ge,			Cyanides (amenable) Cadmium Chromium Lead Nickel	0.86 1.6 0.32 0.40 0.44	B and C	30 NA NA NA	D

Notes:

- A An owner or operator may certify compliance with these treatment standards according to the provisions of Section 728.107.
- B Cyanide wastewater standards for F006 are based on analysis of composite samples.
- C These owners and operators must comply with $0.86 \text{ mg/}\ell$ for amenable cyanides in the wastewater exiting the alkaline chlorination system. These owners and operators must also comply with Section 728.107(a)(4) for appropriate monitoring frequency consistent with the facilities' waste analysis plan.
- D Cyanide nonwastewaters are analyzed using Method 9010C (Total and Amenable Cyanide: Distillation) or 9012B (Total and Amenable Cyanide (Automated Colorimetric, with Off-Line Distillation)) in "Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste, Physical/Chemical Methods,", USEPA publication number EPA-530/SW-846, incorporated by reference in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 720.111(b), with a sample size 10 g, distillation time one hour and fifteen minutes.
- NA Not applicable.

BOARD NOTE: Derived from table to 40 CFR 268.44(o) (2017) (2005).

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(Source: Amended at 42 Ill. Reg. _____, effective _____)

Section <u>728.TABLE I</u> <u>728.Table I</u> Generator Paperwork Requirements

	Subsection Which the	of Section Paperwork	728.107 un is Required	der :
Required Information information	(a)(2)	(a)(3)	(a)(4)	(a)(9)
1. USEPA hazardous waste numbers and manifest number of first shipment	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
2. Statement: this waste is not prohibited from land disposal			√	
3. The waste is subject to the LDRs. The constituents of concern for USEPA hazardous waste numbers F001 through F005 and F039 waste, and underlying hazardous constituents in characteristic waste, unless the waste will be treated and monitored for all constituents. If all constituents will be treated and monitored, there is no need to put them all on the LDR notice	~	~		
4. The notice must include the applicable wastewater/ nonwastewater category (see Section 728.102(d) and (f)) and subdivisions made within a <u>USEPA hazardous</u> waste <u>number code</u> based on waste-specific criteria (such as D003 reactive cyanide)	~	~		
5. Waste analysis data (when available)	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	
6. Date the waste is subject to the prohibition			\checkmark	
7. For hazardous debris, when treating with the alternative treatment technologies provided by Section 728.145: the contaminants subject to treatment, as described in Section 728.145(b); and an indication that these contaminants are being treated to comply with Section 728.145	~		~	

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1

 \checkmark

 \checkmark

)

CMBST

8. For contaminated soil subject to LDRs as provided in Section 728.149(a), the constituents subject to treatment as described in Section 728.149(d), and the following statement: This contaminated soil (does/does not) contain listed hazardous waste and (does/does not) exhibit a characteristic of hazardous waste and (is subject to/complies with) the soil treatment standards as provided by Section 728.149(c) or the universal treatment standards

9. A certification is needed (see applicable subsection for exact wording)

BOARD NOTE: Derived from Table 1 to 40 CFR 268.7(a)(4) (2017) (2002).

(Source: Amended at 42 Ill. Reg. _____, effective ______

Section 728.TABLE T Treatment Standards for Hazardous Wastes

Note: The treatment standards that <u>formerly heretofore</u> appeared in tables in Sections 728.141, 728.142, and 728.143 have been consolidated into this table.

<u>USEPA Hazardous</u> Waste <u>Numb</u>	er-Code		
Waste Description and Treatmen	t or Regulatory Subca	ategory ¹	
Regulated Hazardous Constitue	ent	Wastewaters	Nonwastewaters Concentration ⁵ in mg/kg unless noted
Common Name	CAS ² Number	Concentration ³ in mg/l; or Techno- logy Code ⁴	as "mg/l TCLP"; or Technology Code ⁴
D0019			
D001			
Ignitable Characteristic Wastes,	except for the 35 Ill. A	Adm. Code 721.121(a)	(1) High TOC
Subcategory.	*		
NA	NA	DEACT and meet	DEACT and meet
		Section 728.148	Section 728.148
		standards ⁸ ; or	standards ⁸ ; or
		RORGS; or	RORGS; or

CMBST

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D001⁹

High TOC Ignitable Characteristic L 721.121(a)(1)—Greater than or equa	iquids Subcategory I to 10 percent total	based on 35 Ill. Adm. l organic carbon.	Code
(Note: This subcategory consists of NA	nonwastewaters on NA	ly.) NA	RORGS; CMBST; or POLYM
D002 ⁹			
Corrosive Characteristic Wastes.			
NA	NA	DEACT and meet Section 728.148 standards ⁸	DEACT and meet Section 728.148 standards ⁸
D002, D004, D005, D006, D007, D0)08, D009, D010, D	0011	
Radioactive high level wastes genera	ated during the repr	ocessing of fuel rods.	
(Note: This subcategory consists of	nonwastewaters on	ly.)	
Corrosivity (pH)	NA	NA	HLVIT
Arsenic	7440-38-2	NA	HLVIT
Barium	7440-39-3	NA	HLVIT
Cadmium	7440-43-9	NA	HLVIT
Chromium (Total)	7440-47-3	NA	HLVIT
Lead	7439-92-1	NA	HLVIT
Mercury	7439-97-6	NA	HLVIT
Selenium	7782-49-2	NA	HLVIT
Silver	7440-22-4	NA	HLVIT
D003 ⁹ Reactive Sulfides Subcategory based	d on 35 Ill. Adm. Co	ode 721.123(a)(5).	
NA	NA	DEACT	DEACT
D003 ⁹			
Explosive subcategory based on 35	Ill. Adm. Code 721.	123(a)(6), $(a)(7)$, and $(a)(7)$	(a)(8).
NA	NA	DEACT and meet Section 728.148 standards ⁸	DEACT and meet Section 728.148 standards ⁸
D003 ⁹			
Unexploded ordnance and other expressionse.	losive devices that I	have been the subject of	of an emergency

NA NA DEACT DEACT

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D003⁹

D005			
Other Reactives Subcategory based on NA	on 35 Ill. Adm. Cod NA	e 721.123(a)(1). DEACT and meet Section 728.148 standards ⁸	DEACT and meet Section 728.148 standards ⁸
D003 ⁹			
Water Reactive Subcategory based o (Note: This subcategory consists of	n 35 Ill. Adm. Code nonwastewaters on	e 721.123(a)(2), (a)(3), y.)	and (a)(4).
NA	NA	NA	DEACT and meet Section 728.148 standards ⁸
D003 ⁹			
Reactive Cyanides Subcategory base	d on 35 Ill. Adm. C	ode 721.123(a)(5).	
Cyanides (Total) ⁷	57-12-5		590
Cyanides (Amenable) ⁷	57-12-5	0.86	30
$D004^{9}$			
Wastes that exhibit, or are expected to Method 1311 (Toxicity Characteristi Evaluating Solid Waste, Physical/Ch 530/SW-846, incorporated by referen Arsenic	to exhibit, the chara c Leaching Procedu emical Methods , ", nce in 35 Ill. Adm. 7440-38-2	cteristic of toxicity for tre (TCLP)) in "Test M USEPA publication nu Code 720.111(a). 1.4 and meet Section 728.148 standards ⁸	arsenic based on lethods for mber EPA- 5.0 mg/ℓ TCLP and meet Section 728 148 standards ⁸
		standarus	720.140 Standards
D005 ⁹			
Wastes that exhibit, or are expected to Method 1311 (Toxicity Characteristi Evaluating Solid Waste, Physical/Ch 530/SW 846 incorporated by referen	to exhibit, the chara c Leaching Procedu emical Methods,",	cteristic of toxicity for rre (TCLP)) in "Test M USEPA publication nu	barium based on lethods for umber EPA-
JUD W-040, Incorporated by releted	ice in 55 m. Adm. (Coue /20.111(a).	

Barium		7440-39-3	1.2 and meet Section 728.148 standards ⁸	21 mg/ℓ TCLP and meet Section 728.148 standards ⁸
			standards	728.148 standards

D006⁹

Wastes that exhibit, or are expected to exhibit, the characteristic of toxicity for cadmium based on Method 1311 (Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure (TCLP)) in "Test Methods for

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Evaluating Solid Waste, Physical/Ch	nemical Methods , ",	USEPA publication nu	umber EPA-
530/SW-846, incorporated by refere	nce in 35 Ill. Adm.	Code 720.111(a).	
Cadmium	7440-43-9	0.69 and meet	0.11 mg/ℓ TCLP
		Section 728.148	and meet Section
		standards°	728.148 standards°
D006 ⁹			
Cadmium-Containing Batteries Sub	rategory		
(Note: This subcategory consists of	nonwastewaters on	lv)	
Cadmium	7440-43-9	NA	RTHRM
Cuumum	7110 13 5		
D006 ⁹			
Radioactively contaminated cadmius	m-containing batter	ies.	
(Note: This subcategory consists of	nonwastewaters on	ly.)	
Cadmium	7440-43-9	NA	Macroencapsula-
			tion in accordance
			with Section
			728.145
D0079			
D00/ ² Wester that exhibit on any expected	to orthibit the above	atomistic of toxicity for	ahromium hagad
on Mothod 1211 (Toxicity Character	righting Longhing Proc	acteristic of toxicity for adure (TCL P)) in "Tes	t Mothoda for
Evaluating Solid Waste Physical/Ch	pemical Methods-"	USEPA publication nu	umber EPA
530/SW-846 incorporated by refere	nce in 35 Ill Adm	Code $720111(a)$	
Chromium (Total)	7440-47-3	2 77 and meet	0.60 mg/ f TCLP
emonnum (Total)	7440-47-5	Section 728 148	and meet Section
		standards ⁸	$728 148 \text{ standards}^8$
		Stundards	720.110 Standards
D008 ⁹	8		
Wastes that exhibit, or are expected	to exhibit, the chara	acteristic of toxicity for	· lead based on
Method 1311 (Toxicity Characterist	ic Leaching Procedu	ure (TCLP)) in "Test N	lethods for
Evaluating Solid Waste, Physical/Ch	nemical Methods , ",	USEPA publication nu	umber EPA-
530/SW-846, incorporated by refere	nce in 35 Ill. Adm.	Code 720.111(a).	
Lead	7439-92-1	0.69 and meet	0.75 mg/ℓ TCLP
		Section 728.148	and meet Section
		standards ⁸	728.148 standards ⁸
D0009			
Loud Agid Ratteries Subastagery			
Leau Aciu Dalleries Subcalegory			

(Note: This standard only applies to lead acid batteries that are identified as RCRA hazardous wastes and that are not excluded elsewhere from regulation under the land disposal restrictions of

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this Part or exempted under other regulations (see 35 Ill. Adm. Code 726.180). This subcategory consists of nonwastewaters only.)

Lead 7439-92-1 NA RLEAD

D008⁹

Radioactive Lead Solids Subcategory

(Note: These lead solids include, but are not limited to, all forms of lead shielding and other elemental forms of lead. These lead solids do not include treatment residuals such as hydroxide sludges, other wastewater treatment residuals, or incinerator ashes that can undergo conventional pozzolanic stabilization, nor do they include organo-lead materials that can be incinerated and stabilized as ash. This subcategory consists of nonwastewaters only.)

Lead 7439-92-1 NA MACRO

D009⁹

Nonwastewaters that exhibit, or are expected to exhibit, the characteristic of toxicity for mercury based on Method 1311 (Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure (TCLP)) in "Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste, Physical/Chemical Methods,", USEPA publication number EPA-530/SW-846, incorporated by reference in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 720.111(a); and contain greater than or equal to 260 mg/kg total mercury that also contain organics and are not incinerator residues. (High Mercury-Organic Subcategory)

Mercury	7439-97-6	NA	IMERC; or
			RMERC

D009⁹

Nonwastewaters that exhibit, or are expected to exhibit, the characteristic of toxicity for mercury based on Method 1311 (Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure (TCLP)) in "Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste, Physical/Chemical Methods,", USEPA publication number EPA-530/SW-846, incorporated by reference in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 720.111(a); and contain greater than or equal to 260 mg/kg total mercury that are inorganic, including incinerator residues and residues from RMERC. (High Mercury-Inorganic Subcategory) Mercury 7439-97-6 NA RMERC

D009⁹

Nonwastewaters that exhibit, or are expected to exhibit, the characteristic of toxicity for mercury based on Method 1311 (Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure (TCLP)) in "Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste, Physical/Chemical Methods,", USEPA publication number EPA-530/SW-846, incorporated by reference in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 720.111(a); and contain less than 260 mg/kg total mercury. (Low Mercury Subcategory)

Mercury 7439-97-6 NA

0.20 mg/ℓ TCLP and meet Section 728.148 standards⁸

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D009⁹

All other nonwastewaters that exhibit, or are expected to exhibit, the characteristic of toxicity for mercury based on Method 1311 (Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure (TCLP)) in "Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste, Physical/Chemical Methods,", USEPA publication number EPA-530/SW-846, incorporated by reference in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 720.111(a); and contain less than 260 mg/kg total mercury and that are not residues from RMERC. (Low Mercury Subcategory)

Mercury	7439-97-6	NA	0.025 mg/ℓ TCLP and meet Section 728.148 standards ⁸
D009 ⁹			
All D009 wastewaters.			
Mercury	7439-97-6	0.15 and meet Section 728.148 standards ⁸	NA
D009 ⁹			
Elemental mercury contaminated w	rith radioactive mate	rials.	
(Note: This subcategory consists o	f nonwastewaters or	ly.)	
Mercury	7439-97-6	NA	AMLGM
D009 ⁹			
Hydraulic oil contaminated with M	ercurv Radioactive I	Materials Subcategory.	
(Note: This subcategory consists o	f nonwastewaters or	lly.)	
Mercury	7439-97-6	NA	IMERC
D009 ⁹			
Radioactively contaminated mercur	y-containing batteri	es.	
(Note: This subcategory consists o	f nonwastewaters or	ly.)	
Mercury	7439-97-6	NA	Macroencapsula- tion in accordance with Section 728.145

D010⁹

Wastes that exhibit, or are expected to exhibit, the characteristic of toxicity for selenium based on Method 1311 (Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure (TCLP)) in "Test Methods for

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Evaluating Solid Waste, Physical/ 530/SW-846, incorporated by refe	Chemical Methods rence in 35 Ill. Ad	, ", USEPA publication m. Code 720.111(a).	number EPA-
Selenium	7782-49-2	0.82 and meet Section 728.148 standards ⁸	5.7 mg/ℓ TCLP and meet Section 728.148 standards ⁸
D011 ⁹			
Wastes that exhibit, or are expected Method 1311 (Toxicity Characteri Evaluating Solid Waste, Physical/ 530/SW-846, incorporated by refe	ed to exhibit, the ch stic Leaching Proc Chemical Methods rence in 35 Ill. Ad	aracteristic of toxicity a edure (TCLP)) in "Test ,", USEPA publication m. Code 720.111(a).	for silver based on t Methods for number EPA-
Silver	7440-22-4	0.43	0.14 mg/ℓ TCLP and meet Section 728.148 standards ⁸
D011 ⁹			
Radioactively contaminated silver	-containing batteri	es.	
(Note: This subcategory consists	of nonwastewaters	only.)	
Silver	7440-22-4	NA	Macroencapsula- tion in accordance with Section 728.145
D012 ⁹			
Wastes that are TC for endrin base	ed on Method 1311	(Toxicity Characterist	ic Leaching
Procedure (TCLP)) in "Test Methouse EPA- USEPA publication number EPA-	ods for Evaluating 530/SW-846, inco	Solid Waste, Physical/ porated by reference in	Chemical Methods , ", 1 35 Ill. Adm. Code
/20.111(a).	72 20 8		0.12 and most
Endim	72-20-8	CMBST	Section 728.148 standards ⁸
Endrin aldehyde	7421-93-4	BIODG; or CMBST	0.13 and meet Section 728.148 standards ⁸

D013⁹

Wastes that are TC for lindane based on Method 1311 (Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure (TCLP)) in "Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste, Physical/Chemical Methods,",

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USEPA publication number EPA-530/SW-846, incorporated by reference in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 720.111(a).

α-BHC	319-84-6	CARBN; or	0.066 and meet
		CMBST	Section 728.148 standards ⁸
β-ΒΗC	319-85-7	CARBN; or	0.066 and meet
	a.	CMBST	Section 728.148 standards ⁸
δ-ΒΗC	319-86-8	CARBN; or	0.066 and meet
		CMBST	Section 728.148 standards ⁸
γ-BHC (Lindane)	58-89-9	CARBN; or	0.066 and meet
		CMBST	Section 728.148 standards ⁸

D014⁹

Wastes that are TC for methoxychlor based on Method 1311 (Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure (TCLP)) in "Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste, Physical/Chemical Methods,", USEPA publication number EPA-530/SW-846, incorporated by reference in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 720.111(a).

Methoxychlor	72-43-5	WETOX or	0.18 and meet
		CMBST	Section 728.148
			standards ⁸

D015⁹

Wastes that are TC for toxaphene based on Method 1311 (Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure (TCLP)) in "Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste, Physical/Chemical Methods,", USEPA publication number EPA-530/SW-846, incorporated by reference in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 720.111(a).

Toxaphene	8001-35-2	BIODG or	2.6 and meet
		CMBST	Section 728.148
			standards ⁸

D016⁹

Wastes that are TC for 2,4-D (2,4-dichlorophenoxyacetic acid) based on Method 1311 (Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure (TCLP)) in "Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste, Physical/Chemical Methods₇", USEPA publication number EPA-530/SW-846, incorporated by reference in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 720.111(a).

2,4-D (2,4-dichlorophenoxy-	94-75-7	CHOXD; BIODG;	10 and meet
acetic acid)		or CMBST	Section 728.148
			standards ⁸

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D017⁹

Wastes that are TC for 2,4,5-TP (Silvex) based on Method 1311 (Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure (TCLP)) in "Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste, Physical/Chemical Methods,", USEPA publication number EPA-530/SW-846, incorporated by reference in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 720.111(a). 93-72-1

2,4,5-TP	(Silvex)	

CHOXD or CMBST

7.9 and meet Section 728.148 standards⁸

D018⁹

Wastes that are TC for benzene based on Method 1311 (Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure (TCLP)) in "Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste, Physical/Chemical Methods,", USEPA publication number EPA-530/SW-846, incorporated by reference in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 720.111(a).

Benzene	71-43-2	0.14 and meet	10 and meet
		Section 728.148	Section 728.148
		standards ⁸	standards ⁸

D019⁹

Wastes that are TC for carbon tetrachloride based on Method 1311 (Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure (TCLP)) in "Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste, Physical/Chemical Methods,", USEPA publication number EPA-530/SW-846, incorporated by reference in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 720.111(a).

Carbon tetrachloride	56-23-5	0.057 and meet	6.0 and meet
		Section 728.148	Section 728.148
		standards ⁸	standards ⁸

$D020^{9}$

Wastes that are TC for chlordane based on Method 1311 (Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure (TCLP)) in "Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste, Physical/Chemical Methods,", USEPA publication number EPA-530/SW-846, incorporated by reference in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 720.111(a).

Chlordane (α and χ isomers)	57-74-9	0.0033 and meet	0.26 and meet
		Section 728.148	Section 728.148
		standards ⁸	standards ⁸

D021⁹

Wastes that are TC for chlorobenzene based on Method 1311 (Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure (TCLP)) in "Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste, Physical/Chemical Methods,",

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USEPA publication number EPA-530/SW-846, incorporated by reference in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 720.111(a).

Chlorobenzene	108-90-7	0.057 and meet	6.0 and meet
		Section 728.148	Section 728.148
		standards ⁸	standards ⁸

D022⁹

Wastes that are TC for chloroform based on Method 1311 (Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure (TCLP)) in "Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste, Physical/Chemical Methods,", USEPA publication number EPA-530/SW-846, incorporated by reference in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 720.111(a).

Chloroform	67-66-3	0.046 and meet	6.0 and meet
		Section 728.148	Section 728.148
		standards ⁸	standards ⁸

D023⁹

Wastes that are TC for o-cresol based on Method 1311 (Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure (TCLP)) in "Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste, Physical/Chemical Methods,", USEPA publication number EPA-530/SW-846, incorporated by reference in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 720.111(a).

o-Cresol	95-48-7	0.11 and meet	5.6 and meet
		Section 728.148	Section 728.148
		standards ⁸	standards ⁸

D024⁹

Wastes that are TC for m-cresol based on Method 1311 (Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure (TCLP)) in "Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste, Physical/Chemical Methods₅", USEPA publication number EPA-530/SW-846, incorporated by reference in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 720.111(a).

m-Cresol	108-39-4	0.77 and meet	5.6 and meet
(difficult to distinguish from p-		Section 728.148	Section 728.148
cresol)		standards ⁸	standards ⁸

D025⁹

Wastes that are TC for p-cresol based on Method 1311 (Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure (TCLP)) in "Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste, Physical/Chemical Methods,", USEPA publication number EPA-530/SW-846, incorporated by reference in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 720.111(a).

p-Cresol	106-44-5	0.77 and meet	5.6 and meet
(difficult to distinguish from m-		Section 728.148	Section 728.148
cresol)		standards ⁸	standards ⁸

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D026⁹

Wastes that are TC for cresols (total) based on Method 1311 (Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure (TCLP)) in "Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste, Physical/Chemical Methods,", USEPA publication number EPA-530/SW-846, incorporated by reference in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 720.111(a). Cresol-mixed isomers (Cresylic 1319-77-3 0.88 and meet 11.2 and meet

acid)

(sum of o-, m-, and p-cresol concentrations)

Section 728.148 standards⁸ 11.2 and meet Section 728.148 standards⁸

D027⁹

Wastes that are TC for p-dichlorobenzene based on Method 1311 (Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure (TCLP)) in "Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste, Physical/Chemical Methods,", USEPA publication number EPA-530/SW-846, incorporated by reference in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 720.111(a).

p-Dichlorobenzene (1,4-	106-46-7	0.090 and meet	6.0 and meet
Dichlorobenzene)		Section 728.148	Section 728.148
		standards ⁸	standards ⁸

D028⁹

Wastes that are TC for 1,2-dichloroethane based on Method 1311 (Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure (TCLP)) in "Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste, Physical/Chemical Methods,", USEPA publication number EPA-530/SW-846, incorporated by reference in 35 III. Adm. Code 720.111(a).

1,2-Dichloroethane	107-06-2	0.21 and meet	6.0 and meet
		Section 728.148	Section 728.148
		standards ⁸	standards ⁸

D029⁹

Wastes that are TC for 1,1-dichloroethylene based on Method 1311 (Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure (TCLP)) in "Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste, Physical/Chemical Methods₅", USEPA publication number EPA-530/SW-846, incorporated by reference in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 720.111(a).

1,1-Dichloroethylene	75-35-4	0.025 and meet	6.0 and meet
		Section 728.148	Section 728.148
		standards	standards

D030⁹

Wastes that are TC for 2,4-dinitrotoluene based on Method 1311 (Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure (TCLP)) in "Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste, Physical/Chemical
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Methods,", USEPA publication number EPA-530/SW-846, incorporated by reference in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 720.111(a).

2,4-Dinitrotoluene	121-14-2	0.32 and meet	140 and meet
		Section 728.148	Section 728.148
		standards ⁸	standards ⁸

D031⁹

Wastes that are TC for heptachlor based on Method 1311 (Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure (TCLP)) in "Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste, Physical/Chemical Methods₅", USEPA publication number EPA-530/SW-846, incorporated by reference in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 720.111(a).

Heptachlor	76-44-8	0.0012 and meet Section 728.148	0.066 and meet Section 728.148
		standards°	standards°
Heptachlor epoxide	1024-57-3	0.016 and meet	0.066 and meet
		Section 728.148	Section 728.148
		standards ⁸	standards ⁸

D032⁹

Wastes that are TC for hexachlorobenzene based on Method 1311 (Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure (TCLP)) in "Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste, Physical/Chemical Methods₅", USEPA publication number EPA-530/SW-846, incorporated by reference in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 720.111(a).

Hexachlorobenzene	118-74-1	0.055 and meet	10 and meet
		Section 728.148	Section 728.148
		standards ⁸	standards ⁸

D033⁹

Wastes that are TC for hexachlorobutadiene based on Method 1311 (Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure (TCLP)) in "Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste, Physical/Chemical Methods₅", USEPA publication number EPA-530/SW-846, incorporated by reference in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 720.111(a).

Hexachlorobutadiene	87-68-3	0.055 and meet	5.6 and meet
		Section 728.148	Section 728.148
		standards ⁸	standards ⁸

D034⁹

Wastes that are TC for hexachloroethane based on Method 1311 (Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure (TCLP)) in "Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste, Physical/Chemical

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Methods,", USEPA publication number EPA-530/SW-846, incorporated by reference in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 720.111(a).

Hexachloroethane	67-72-1	0.055 and meet	30 and meet
		Section 728.148	Section 728.148
		standards ⁸	standards ⁸

D035⁹

Wastes that are TC for methyl ethyl ketone based on Method 1311 (Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure (TCLP)) in "Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste, Physical/Chemical Methods,", USEPA publication number EPA-530/SW-846, incorporated by reference in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 720.111(a).

Methyl ethyl ketone	78-93-3	0.28 and meet	36 and meet
		Section 728.148	Section 728.148
		standards ⁸	standards ⁸

D036⁹

Wastes that are TC for nitrobenzene based on Method 1311 (Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure (TCLP)) in "Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste, Physical/Chemical Methods,", USEPA publication number EPA-530/SW-846, incorporated by reference in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 720.111(a).

Nitrobenzene	98-95-3	0.068 and meet	14 and meet
		Section 728.148	Section 728.148
		standards ⁸	standards ⁸

D037⁹

Wastes that are TC for pentachlorophenol based on Method 1311 (Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure (TCLP)) in "Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste, Physical/Chemical Methods,", USEPA publication number EPA-530/SW-846, incorporated by reference in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 720.111(a).

Pentachlorophenol	87-86-5	0.089 and meet	7.4 and meet
		Section 728.148	Section 728.148
		standards ⁸	standards ⁸

D038⁹

Wastes that are TC for pyridine based on Method 1311 (Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure (TCLP)) in "Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste, Physical/Chemical Methods₇", USEPA publication number EPA-530/SW-846, incorporated by reference in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 720.111(a).

Pyridine	110-86-1	0.014 and meet	16 and meet
		Section 728.148	Section 728.148
		standards ⁸	standards ⁸

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D039⁹

Wastes that are TC for tetrachloroethylene based on Method 1311 (Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure (TCLP)) in "Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste, Physical/Chemical Methods,", USEPA publication number EPA-530/SW-846, incorporated by reference in 35 III. Adm. Code 720.111(a).

Tetrachloroethylene	127-18-4	0.056 and meet	6.0 and meet
		Section 728.148	Section 728.148
		standards ⁸	standards ⁸

D040⁹

Wastes that are TC for trichloroethylene based on Method 1311 (Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure (TCLP)) in "Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste, Physical/Chemical Methods,", USEPA publication number EPA-530/SW-846, incorporated by reference in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 720.111(a).

Trichloroethylene	79-01-6	0.054 and meet	6.0 and meet
		Section 728.148 standards ⁸	Section 728.148 standards ⁸

D041⁹

Wastes that are TC for 2,4,5-trichlorophenol based on Method 1311 (Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure (TCLP)) in "Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste, Physical/Chemical Methods,", USEPA publication number EPA-530/SW-846, incorporated by reference in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 720.111(a).

2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	95-95-4	0.18 and meet	7.4 and meet
		Section 728.148	Section 728.148
		standards ⁸	standards ⁸

D042⁹

Wastes that are TC for 2,4,6-trichlorophenol based on Method 1311 (Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure (TCLP)) in "Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste, Physical/Chemical Methods₅", USEPA publication number EPA-530/SW-846, incorporated by reference in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 720.111(a).

2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	88-06-2	0.035 and meet	7.4 and meet
		Section 728.148	Section 728.148
		standards ⁸	standards ⁸

D043⁹

Wastes that are TC for vinyl chloride based on Method 1311 (Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure (TCLP)) in "Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste, Physical/Chemical Methods₅",

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USEPA publication number EPA-530/SW-846, incorporated by reference in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 720.111(a).

75-01-4

Vinyl chloride

0.27 and meet	6.0 and meet
Section 728.148	Section 728.148
standards ⁸	standards ⁸

F001, F002, F003, F004 & F005

F001, F002, F003, F004, or F005 solvent wastes that contain any combination of one or more of the following spent solvents: acetone, benzene, n-butyl alcohol, carbon disulfide, carbon tetrachloride, chlorinated fluorocarbons, chlorobenzene, o-cresol, m-cresol, p-cresol, cyclohexanone, o-dichlorobenzene, 2-ethoxyethanol, ethyl acetate, ethyl benzene, ethyl ether, isobutyl alcohol, methanol, methylene chloride, methyl ethyl ketone, methyl isobutyl ketone, nitrobenzene, 2nitropropane, pyridine, tetrachloroethylene, toluene, 1,1,1-trichloroethane, 1,1,2-trichloroethane, 1,1,2-trichloroethane, trichloroethylene, trichloromonofluoromethane, or xylenes (except as specifically noted in other subcategories). See further details of these listings in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 721.131.

Acetone	67-64-1	0.28	160
Benzene	71-43-2	0.14	10
n-Butyl alcohol	71-36-3	5.6	2.6
Carbon disulfide	75-15-0	3.8	NA
Carbon tetrachloride	56-23-5	0.057	6.0
Chlorobenzene	108-90-7	0.057	6.0
o-Cresol	95-48-7	0.11	5.6
m-Cresol	108-39-4	0.77	5.6
(difficult to distinguish from p-			
cresol)			
p-Cresol	106-44-5	0.77	5.6
(difficult to distinguish from m-			
cresol)			
Cresol-mixed isomers (Cresylic	1319-77-3	0.88	11.2
acid)			
(sum of o-, m-, and p-cresol			
concentrations)			
Cyclohexanone	108-94-1	0.36	NA
o-Dichlorobenzene	95-50-1	0.088	6.0
Ethyl acetate	141-78-6	0.34	33
Ethyl benzene	100-41-4	0.057	10
Ethyl ether	60-29-7	0.12	160
Isobutyl alcohol	78-83-1	5.6	170
Methanol	67-56-1	5.6	NA
Methylene chloride	75-9-2	0.089	30

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Methyl ethyl ketone	78-93-3	0.28	36
Methyl isobutyl ketone	108-10-1	0.14	33
Nitrobenzene	98-95-3	0.068	14
Pyridine	110-86-1	0.014	16
Tetrachloroethylene	127-18-4	0.056	6.0
Toluene	108-88-3	0.080	10
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	71-55-6	0.054	6.0
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	79-00-5	0.054	6.0
1,1,2-Trichloro-1,2,2-trifluoro-	76-13-1	0.057	30
ethane			
Trichloroethylene	79-01-6	0.054	6.0
Trichloromonofluoromethane	75-69-4	0.020	30
Xylenes-mixed isomers	1330-20-7	0.32	30
(sum of o-, m-, and p-xylene			
concentrations)			

F001, F002, F003, F004 & F005

F003 and F005 solvent wastes that contain any combination of one or more of the following three solvents as the only listed F001 through F005 solvents: carbon disulfide, cyclohexanone, or methanol. (Formerly Section 728.141(c)).

Carbon disulfide	75-15-0	3.8	4.8 mg/ℓ TCLP
Cyclohexanone	108-94-1	0.36	0.75 mg/ℓ TCLP
Methanol	67-56-1	5.6	0.75 mg/ℓ TCLP

F001, F002, F003, F004 & F005

F005 solvent waste containing 2-Nitropropane as the only listed F001 through F005 solvent.2-Nitropropane79-46-9(WETOX orCMBSTCHOXD) fbCARBN; orCMBST

F001, F002, F003, F004 & F005

F005 solvent waste contain	ning 2-Ethoxyethanol as th	he only listed F001	through F005 solvent.
2-Ethoxyethanol	110-80-5	BIODG; or	CMBST
		CMBST	

F006

Wastewater treatment sludges from electroplating operations except from the following processes: (1) Sulfuric acid anodizing of aluminum; (2) tin plating on carbon steel; (3) zinc plating (segregated basis) on carbon steel; (4) aluminum or zinc-aluminum plating on carbon

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steel; (5) cleaning or stripping associated with tin, zinc, and aluminum plating on carbon steel; and (6) chemical etching and milling of aluminum.

Cadmium	7440-43-9	0.69	0.11 mg/ℓ TCLP
Chromium (Total)	7440-47-3	2.77	0.60 mg/ℓ TCLP
Cyanides (Total) ⁷	57-12-5	1.2	590
Cyanides (Amenable) ⁷	57-12-5	0.86	30
Lead	7439-92-1	0.69	0.75 mg/ℓ TCLP
Nickel	7440-02-0	3.98	11 mg/ℓ TCLP
Silver	7440-22-4	NA	0.14 mg/ℓ TCLP

F007

Spent cyanide plating bath solutions from electroplating operations.

Cadmium	7440-43-9	NA	0.11 mg/ℓ TCLP
Chromium (Total)	7440-47-3	2.77	0.60 mg/ℓ TCLP
Cyanides (Total) ⁷	57-12-5	1.2	590
Cyanides (Amenable) ⁷	57-12-5	0.86	30
Lead	7439-92-1	0.69	0.75 mg/ℓ TCLP
Nickel	7440-02-0	3.98	11 mg/ℓ TCLP
Silver	7440-22-4	NA	0.14 mg/ℓ TCLP

F008

Plating bath residues from the bottom of plating baths from electroplating operations where cyanides are used in the process.

7440-43-9	NA	0.11 mg/ℓ TCLP
7440-47-3	2.77	0.60 mg/£ TCLP
57-12-5	1.2	590
57-12-5	0.86	30
7439-92-1	0.69	0.75 mg/ℓ TCLP
7440-02-0	3.98	11 mg/ℓ TCLP
7440-22-4	NA	0.14 mg/ℓ TCLP
	7440-43-9 7440-47-3 57-12-5 57-12-5 7439-92-1 7440-02-0 7440-22-4	7440-43-9NA7440-47-32.7757-12-51.257-12-50.867439-92-10.697440-02-03.987440-22-4NA

F009

Spent stripping and cleaning bath solutions from electroplating operations where cyanides are used in the process.

+			
Cadmium	7440-43-9	NA	0.11 mg/ℓ TCLP
Chromium (Total)	7440-47-3	2.77	0.60 mg/ℓ TCLP
Cyanides (Total) ⁷	57-12-5	1.2	590
Cyanides (Amenable) ⁷	57-12-5	0.86	30
Lead	7439-92-1	0.69	0.75 mg/ℓ TCLP
Nickel	7440-02-0	3.98	11 mg/ℓ TCLP
Silver	7440-22-4	NA	0.14 mg/ℓ TCLP
			_

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F010

Quenching bath residues from oil baths from metal heat-treating operations where cyanides are used in the process.

Cyanides (Total) ⁷	57-12-5	1.2	590
Cyanides (Amenable) ⁷	57-12-5	0.86	NA

F011

Spent cyanide solutions from salt bath pot cleaning from metal heat-treating operations.

Cadmium	7440-43-9	NA	0.11 mg/ℓ TCLP
Chromium (Total)	7440-47-3	2.77	0.60 mg/ℓ TCLP
Cyanides (Total) ⁷	57-12-5	1.2	590
Cyanides (Amenable) ⁷	57-12-5	0.86	30
Lead	7439-92-1	0.69	0.75 mg/l TCLP
Nickel	7440-02-0	3.98	11 mg/ℓ TCLP
Silver	7440-22-4	NA	0.14 mg/ℓ TCLP

F012

Quenching wastewater treatment sludges from metal heat-treating operations where cyanides are used in the process.

7440-43-9	NA	0.11 mg/ℓ TCLP
7440-47-3	2.77	0.60 mg/ℓ TCLP
57-12-5	1.2	590
57-12-5	0.86	30
7439-92-1	0.69	0.75 mg/ℓ TCLP
7440-02-0	3.98	11 mg/ℓ TCLP
7440-22-4	NA	0.14 mg/ℓ TCLP
	7440-43-9 7440-47-3 57-12-5 57-12-5 7439-92-1 7440-02-0 7440-22-4	7440-43-9NA7440-47-32.7757-12-51.257-12-50.867439-92-10.697440-02-03.987440-22-4NA

F019

Wastewater treatment sludges from the chemical conversion coating of aluminum, except from zirconium phosphating in aluminum can washing when such phosphating is an exclusive conversion coating process.

Chromium (Total)	7440-47-3	2.77	0.60 mg/l TCLP
Cyanides (Total) ⁷	57-12-5	1.2	590
Cyanides (Amenable) ⁷	57-12-5	0.86	30

F020, F021, F022, F023, F026

Wastes (except wastewater and spent carbon from hydrogen chloride purification) from the production or manufacturing use (as a reactant, chemical intermediate, or component in a formulating process) of: (1) tri- or tetrachlorophenol, or of intermediates used to produce their pesticide derivatives, excluding wastes from the production of Hexachlorophene from highly purified 2,4,5-trichlorophenol (i.e., F020); (2) pentachlorophenol, or of intermediates used to

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produce its derivatives (i.e., F021); (3) tetra-, penta-, or hexachlorobenzenes under alkaline conditions (i.e., F022) and wastes (except wastewater and spent carbon from hydrogen chloride purification) from the production of materials on equipment previously used for the production or manufacturing use (as a reactant, chemical intermediate, or component in a formulating process) of: (1) tri- or tetrachlorophenols, excluding wastes from equipment used only for the production of Hexachlorophene from highly purified 2,4,5-trichlorophenol (F023) or (2) tetra-, penta-, or hexachlorobenzenes under alkaline conditions (i.e., F026).

HxCDDs (All Hexachloro-	NA	0.000063	0.001
dibenzo-p-dioxins)			
HxCDFs (All Hexachloro-	55684-94-1	0.000063	0.001
dibenzofurans)			
PeCDDs (All Pentachloro-	36088-22-9	0.000063	0.001
dibenzo-p-dioxins)			
PeCDFs (All Pentachloro-	30402-15-4	0.000035	0.001
dibenzofurans)			
Pentachlorophenol	87-86-5	0.089	7.4
TCDDs (All Tetrachloro-	41903-57-5	0.000063	0.001
dibenzo-p-dioxins)			
TCDFs (All Tetrachloro-	55722-27-5	0.000063	0.001
dibenzofurans)			
2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	95-95-4	0.18	7.4
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	88-06-2	0.035	7.4
2,3,4,6-Tetrachlorophenol	58-90-2	0.030	7.4

F024

Process wastes, including but not limited to, distillation residues, heavy ends, tars, and reactor clean-out wastes, from the production of certain chlorinated aliphatic hydrocarbons by free radical catalyzed processes. These chlorinated aliphatic hydrocarbons are those having carbon chain lengths ranging from one to and including five, with varying amounts and positions of chlorine substitution. (This listing does not include wastewaters, wastewater treatment sludges, spent catalysts, and wastes listed in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 721.131 or 721.132.)

All F024 wastes	NA	CMBST ¹¹	CMBST ¹¹
2-Chloro-1,3-butadiene	126-99-8	0.057	0.28
3-Chloropropylene	107-05-1	0.036	30
1,1-Dichloroethane	75-34-3	0.059	6.0
1,2-Dichloroethane	107-06-2	0.21	6.0
1,2-Dichloropropane	78-87-5	0.85	18
cis-1,3-Dichloropropylene	10061-01-5	0.036	18
trans-1,3-Dichloropropylene	10061-02-6	0.036	18
bis(2-Ethylhexyl) phthalate	117-81-7	0.28	28
Hexachloroethane	67-72-1	0.055	30

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Chromium (Total)	7440-47-3	2.77	0.60 mg/ℓ TCLP
Nickel	7440-02-0	3.98	11 mg/ℓ TCLP

F025

Condensed light ends from the production of certain chlorinated aliphatic hydrocarbons by free radical catalyzed processes. These chlorinated aliphatic hydrocarbons are those having carbon chain lengths ranging from one up to and including five, with varying amounts and positions of chlorine substitution. F025—Light Ends Subcategory.

Carbon tetrachloride	56-23-5	0.057	6.0
Chloroform	67-66-3	0.046	6.0
1,2-Dichloroethane	107-06-2	0.21	6.0
1,1-Dichloroethylene	75-35-4	0.025	6.0
Methylene chloride	75-9-2	0.089	30
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	79-00-5	0.054	6.0
Trichloroethylene	79-01-6	0.054	6.0
Vinyl chloride	75-01-4	0.27	6.0

F025

Spent filters and filter aids, and spent desiccant wastes from the production of certain chlorinated aliphatic hydrocarbons by free radical catalyzed processes. These chlorinated aliphatic hydrocarbons are those having carbon chain lengths ranging from one to and including five, with varying amounts and positions of chlorine substitution. F025—Spent Filters/Aids and Desiccants Subcategory.

Carbon tetrachloride	56-23-5	0.057	6.0
Chloroform	67-66-3	0.046	6.0
Hexachlorobenzene	118-74-1	0.055	10
Hexachlorobutadiene	87-68-3	0.055	5.6
Hexachloroethane	67-72-1	0.055	30
Methylene chloride	75-9-2	0.089	30
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	79-00-5	0.054	6.0
Trichloroethylene	79-01-6	0.054	6.0
Vinyl chloride	75-01-4	0.27	6.0

F027

Discarded unused formulations containing tri-, tetra-, or pentachlorophenol or discarded unused formulations containing compounds derived from these chlorophenols. (This listing does not include formulations containing hexachlorophene synthesized from prepurified 2,4,5-trichlorophenol as the sole component.)

HxCDDs (All Hexachloro-	NA	0.000063	0.001
dibenzo-p-dioxins)			

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HxCDFs (All Hexachloro- dibenzofurans)	55684-94-1	0.000063	0.001
PeCDDs (All Pentachloro- dibenzo-p-dioxins)	36088-22-9	0.000063	0.001
PeCDFs (All Pentachloro-	30402-15-4	0.000035	0.001
dibenzofurans)			
Pentachlorophenol	87-86-5	0.089	7.4
TCDDs (All Tetrachloro-	41903-57-5	0.000063	0.001
dibenzo-p-dioxins)			
TCDFs (All Tetrachloro-	55722-27-5	0.000063	0.001
dibenzofurans)			
2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	95-95-4	0.18	7.4
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	88-06-2	0.035	7.4
2,3,4,6-Tetrachlorophenol	58-90-2	0.030	7.4

F028

Residues resulting from the incineration or thermal treatment of soil contaminated with USEPA hazardous waste numbers F020, F021, F023, F026, and F027.

HxCDDs (All Hexachloro-	NA	0.000063	0.001
dibenzo-p-dioxins)			
HxCDFs (All Hexachloro-	55684-94-1	0.000063	0.001
dibenzofurans)			
PeCDDs (All Pentachloro-	36088-22-9	0.000063	0.001
dibenzo-p-dioxins)			
PeCDFs (All Pentachloro-	30402-15-4	0.000035	0.001
dibenzofurans)			
Pentachlorophenol	87-86-5	0.089	7.4
Pentachlorophenol TCDDs (All Tetrachloro-	87-86-5 41903-57-5	0.089 0.000063	7.4 0.001
Pentachlorophenol TCDDs (All Tetrachloro- dibenzo-p-dioxins)	87-86-5 41903-57-5	0.089 0.000063	7.4 0.001
Pentachlorophenol TCDDs (All Tetrachloro- dibenzo-p-dioxins) TCDFs (All Tetrachloro-	87-86-5 41903-57-5 55722-27-5	0.089 0.000063 0.000063	7.4 0.001 0.001
Pentachlorophenol TCDDs (All Tetrachloro- dibenzo-p-dioxins) TCDFs (All Tetrachloro- dibenzofurans)	87-86-5 41903-57-5 55722-27-5	0.089 0.000063 0.000063	7.4 0.001 0.001
Pentachlorophenol TCDDs (All Tetrachloro- dibenzo-p-dioxins) TCDFs (All Tetrachloro- dibenzofurans) 2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	87-86-5 41903-57-5 55722-27-5 95-95-4	0.089 0.000063 0.000063 0.18	7.4 0.001 0.001 7.4
Pentachlorophenol TCDDs (All Tetrachloro- dibenzo-p-dioxins) TCDFs (All Tetrachloro- dibenzofurans) 2,4,5-Trichlorophenol 2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	87-86-5 41903-57-5 55722-27-5 95-95-4 88-06-2	0.089 0.000063 0.000063 0.18 0.035	7.4 0.001 0.001 7.4 7.4

F032

Wastewaters (except those that have not come into contact with process contaminants), process residuals, preservative drippage, and spent formulations from wood preserving processes generated at plants that currently use or have previously used chlorophenolic formulations (except potentially cross-contaminated wastes that have had the F032 <u>USEPA hazardous</u> waste <u>number code</u> deleted in accordance with 35 Ill. Adm. Code 721.135 or potentially cross-

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contaminated wastes that are otherwise currently regulated as hazardous wastes (i.e., F034 or F035), where the generator does not resume or initiate use of chlorophenolic formulations). This listing does not include K001 bottom sediment sludge from the treatment of wastewater from wood preserving processes that use creosote or penta-chlorophenol.

Acenaphthene	83-32-9	0.059	3.4
Anthracene	120-12-7	0.059	3.4
Benz(a)anthracene	56-55-3	0.059	3.4
Benzo(b)fluoranthene (difficult	205-99-2	0.11	6.8
to distinguish from benzo(k)			
fluoranthene)			
Benzo(k)fluoranthene (difficult	207-08-9	0.11	6.8
to distinguish from benzo(b)			
fluoranthene)			
Benzo(a)pyrene	50-32-8	0.061	3.4
Chrysene	218-01-9	0.059	3.4
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	53-70-3	0.055	8.2
2-4-Dimethyl phenol	105-67-9	0.036	14
Fluorene	86-73-7	0.059	3.4
Hexachlorodibenzo-p-dioxins	NA	0.000063 or	$0.001 \text{ or } \text{CMBST}^{11}$
		CMBST ¹¹	
Hexachlorodibenzofurans	NA	0.000063 or	$0.001 \text{ or CMBST}^{11}$
		CMBST ¹¹	
Indeno (1,2,3-c,d) pyrene	193-39-5	0.0055	3.4
Naphthalene	91-20-3	0.059	5.6
Pentachlorodibenzo-p-dioxins	NA	0.000063 or	0.001 or CMBST ¹¹
		CMBST ¹¹	
Pentachlorodibenzofurans	NA	0.000035 or	$0.001 \text{ or CMBST}^{11}$
		CMBST ¹¹	
Pentachlorophenol	87-86-5	0.089	7.4
Phenanthrene	85-01-8	0.059	5.6
Phenol	108-95-2	0.039	6.2
Pyrene	129-00-0	0.067	8.2
Tetrachlorodibenzo-p-dioxins	NA	0.000063 or	0.001 or CMBST ¹¹
		CMBST ¹¹	
Tetrachlorodibenzofurans	NA	0.000063 or	$0.001 \text{ or CMBST}^{11}$
		CMBST ¹¹	
2,3,4,6-Tetrachlorophenol	58-90-2	0.030	7.4
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	88-06-2	0.035	7.4
Arsenic	7440-38-2	1.4	5.0 mg/ℓ TCLP
Chromium (Total)	7440-47-3	2.77	0.60 mg/ℓ TCLP

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F034

Wastewaters (except those that have not come into contact with process contaminants), process residuals, preservative drippage, and spent formulations from wood preserving processes generated at plants that use creosote formulations. This listing does not include K001 bottom sediment sludge from the treatment of wastewater from wood preserving processes that use creosote or pentachlorophenol.

83-32-9	0.059	3.4
120-12-7	0.059	3.4
56-55-3	0.059	3.4
205-99-2	0.11	6.8
207-08-9	0.11	6.8
50-32-8	0.061	3.4
218-01-9	0.059	3.4
53-70-3	0.055	8.2
86-73-7	0.059	3.4
193-39-5	0.0055	3.4
91-20-3	0.059	5.6
85-01-8	0.059	5.6
129-00-0	0.067	8.2
7440-38-2	1.4	5.0 mg/ℓ TCLP
7440-47-3	2.77	0.60 mg/ℓ TCLP
	83-32-9 120-12-7 56-55-3 205-99-2 207-08-9 50-32-8 218-01-9 53-70-3 86-73-7 193-39-5 91-20-3 85-01-8 129-00-0 7440-38-2 7440-47-3	83-32-9 0.059 $120-12-7$ 0.059 $56-55-3$ 0.059 $205-99-2$ 0.11 $207-08-9$ 0.11 $50-32-8$ 0.061 $218-01-9$ 0.059 $53-70-3$ 0.055 $86-73-7$ 0.059 $193-39-5$ 0.0055 $91-20-3$ 0.059 $85-01-8$ 0.059 $129-00-0$ 0.067 $7440-38-2$ 1.4 $7440-47-3$ 2.77

F035

Wastewaters (except those that have not come into contact with process contaminants), process residuals, preservative drippage, and spent formulations from wood preserving processes that are generated at plants that use inorganic preservatives containing arsenic or chromium. This listing does not include K001 bottom sediment sludge from the treatment of wastewater from wood preserving processes that use creosote or pentachlorophenol.

61	1	1	
Arsenic	7440-38-2	1.4	5.0 mg/ℓ TCLP
Chromium (Total)	7440-47-3	2.77	0.60 mg/ℓ TCLP

F037

Petroleum refinery primary oil/water/solids separation sludge—any sludge generated from the gravitational separation of oil/water/solids during the storage or treatment of process wastewaters and oily cooling wastewaters from petroleum refineries. Such sludges include, but are not limited to, those generated in: oil/water/solids separators; tanks, and impoundments; ditches, and other conveyances; sumps; and stormwater units receiving dry weather flow. Sludge generated

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in stormwater units that do not receive dry weather flow, sludges generated from non-contact once-through cooling waters segregated for treatment from other process or oily cooling waters, sludges generated in aggressive biological treatment units as defined in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 721.131(b)(2) (including sludges generated in one or more additional units after wastewaters have been treated in aggressive biological treatment units) and K051 wastes are not included in this listing.

83-32-9	0.059	NA
120-12-7	0.059	3.4
71-43-2	0.14	10
56-55-3	0.059	3.4
50-32-8	0.061	3.4
117-81-7	0.28	28
218-01-9	0.059	3.4
84-74-2	0.057	28
100-41-4	0.057	10
86-73-7	0.059	NA
91-20-3	0.059	5.6
85-01-8	0.059	5.6
108-95-2	0.039	6.2
129-00-0	0.067	8.2
108-88-3	0.080	10
1330-20-7	0.32	30
7440-47-3	2.77	0.60 mg/& TCLP
57-12-5	1.2	590
7439-92-1	0.69	NA
7440-02-0	NA	11 mg/ℓ TCLP
	83-32-9 120-12-7 71-43-2 56-55-3 50-32-8 117-81-7 218-01-9 84-74-2 100-41-4 86-73-7 91-20-3 85-01-8 108-95-2 129-00-0 108-88-3 1330-20-7 7440-47-3 57-12-5 7439-92-1 7440-02-0	83-32-9 0.059 120-12-7 0.059 71-43-2 0.14 56-55-3 0.059 50-32-8 0.061 117-81-7 0.28 218-01-9 0.057 84-74-2 0.057 100-41-4 0.057 86-73-7 0.059 91-20-3 0.059 85-01-8 0.059 108-95-2 0.039 129-00-0 0.067 108-88-3 0.080 1330-20-7 0.32 7440-47-3 2.77 57-12-5 1.2 7439-92-1 0.69 7440-02-0 NA

F038

Petroleum refinery secondary (emulsified) oil/water/solids separation sludge or float generated from the physical or chemical separation of oil/water/solids in process wastewaters and oily cooling wastewaters from petroleum refineries. Such wastes include, but are not limited to, all sludges and floats generated in: induced air floatation (IAF) units, tanks, and impoundments, and all sludges generated in DAF units. Sludges generated in stormwater units that do not receive dry weather flow, sludges generated from non-contact once-through cooling waters segregated for treatment from other process or oily cooling waters, sludges, and floats generated in aggressive biological treatment units as defined in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 721.131(b)(2) (including sludges and floats generated in one or more additional units after wastewaters have been treated in aggressive biological units) and F037, K048, and K051 are not included in this listing.

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Benzo(a)pyrene	50-32-8	0.061	3.4
bis(2-Ethylhexyl) phthalate	117-81-7	0.28	28
Chrysene	218-01-9	0.059	3.4
Di-n-butyl phthalate	84-74-2	0.057	28
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	0.057	10
Fluorene	86-73-7	0.059	NA
Naphthalene	91-20-3	0.059	5.6
Phenanthrene	85-01-8	0.059	5.6
Phenol	108-95-2	0.039	6.2
Pyrene	129-00-0	0.067	8.2
Toluene	108-88-3	0.080	10
Xylenes-mixed isomers	1330-20-7	0.32	30
(sum of o-, m-, and p-xylene			
concentrations)			
Chromium (Total)	7440-47-3	2.77	0.60 mg/{ TCLP
Cyanides (Total) ⁷	57-12-5	1.2	590
Lead	7439-92-1	0.69	NA
Nickel	7440-02-0	NA	11 mg/ℓ TCLP

F039

Leachate (liquids that have percolated through land disposed wastes) resulting from the disposal of more than one restricted waste classified as hazardous under Subpart D-of this Part. (Leachate resulting from the disposal of one or more of the following USEPA hazardous wastes and no other hazardous wastes retains its USEPA hazardous waste numbers: F020, F021, F022, F026, F027, or F028.).

Acenaphthylene	208-96-8	0.059	3.4
Acenaphthene	83-32-9	0.059	3.4
Acetone	67-64-1	0.28	160
Acetonitrile	75-05-8	5.6	NA
Acetophenone	96-86-2	0.010	9.7
2-Acetylaminofluorene	53-96-3	0.059	140
Acrolein	107-02-8	0.29	NA
Acrylonitrile	107-13-1	0.24	84
Aldrin	309-00-2	0.021	0.066
4-Aminobiphenyl	92-67-1	0.13	NA
Aniline	62-53-3	0.81	14
o-Anisidine (2-methoxyaniline)	90-04-0	0.010	0.66
Anthracene	120-12-7	0.059	3.4
Aramite	140-57-8	0.36	NA
α-BHC	319-84-6	0.00014	0.066
β-BHC	319-85-7	0.00014	0.066
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δ-ΒΗС	319-86-8	0.023	0.066
γ-BHC	58-89-9	0.0017	0.066
Benzene	71-43-2	0.14	10
Benz(a)anthracene	56-55-3	0.059	3.4
Benzo(b)fluoranthene (difficult	205-99-2	0.11	6.8
to distinguish from benzo(k)-			
fluoranthene)			
Benzo(k)fluoranthene (difficult	207-08-9	0.11	6.8
to distinguish from benzo(b)-			
fluoranthene)			
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	191-24-2	0.0055	1.8
Benzo(a)pyrene	50-32-8	0.061	3.4
Bromodichloromethane	75-27-4	0.35	15
Methyl bromide (Bromo-	74-83-9	0.11	15
methane)			
4-Bromophenyl phenyl ether	101-55-3	0.055	15
n-Butyl alcohol	71-36-3	5.6	2.6
Butyl benzyl phthalate	85-68-7	0.017	28
2-sec-Butyl-4,6-dinitrophenol	88-85-7	0.066	2.5
(Dinoseb)			
Carbon disulfide	75-15-0	3.8	NA
Carbon tetrachloride	56-23-5	0.057	6.0
Chlordane (α and χ isomers)	57-74-9	0.0033	0.26
p-Chloroaniline	106-47-8	0.46	16
Chlorobenzene	108-90-7	0.057	6.0
Chlorobenzilate	510-15-6	0.10	NA
2-Chloro-1,3-butadiene	126-99-8	0.057	NA
Chlorodibromomethane	124-48-1	0.057	15
Chloroethane	75-00-3	0.27	6.0
bis(2-Chloroethoxy)methane	111-91-1	0.036	7.2
bis(2-Chloroethyl) ether	111-44-4	0.033	6.0
bis(2-Chloroethyl)ether			
Chloroform	67-66-3	0.046	6.0
bis(2-Chloroisopropyl) ether	39638-32-9	0.055	7.2
bis(2-Chloroisopropyl)ether			
p-Chloro-m-cresol	59-50-7	0.018	14
Chloromethane (Methyl	74-87-3	0.19	30
chloride)			
2-Chloronaphthalene	91-58-7	0.055	5.6
2-Chlorophenol	95-57-8	0.044	5.7
3-Chloropropylene	107-05-1	0.036	30

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Chrysene	218-01-9	0.059	3.4
p-Cresidine	120-71-8	0.010	0.66
o-Cresol	95-48-7	0.11	5.6
m-Cresol	108-39-4	0.77	5.6
(difficult to distinguish from p-			
cresol)			
p-Cresol	106-44-5	0.77	5.6
(difficult to distinguish from m-			
cresol)			
Cyclohexanone	108-94-1	0.36	NA
1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	96-12-8	0.11	15
Ethylene dibromide (1,2-	106-93-4	0.028	15
Dibromoethane)			
Dibromomethane	74-95-3	0.11	15
2,4-D (2,4-Dichlorophenoxy-	94-75-7	0.72	10
acetic acid)			
o,p'-DDD	53-19-0	0.023	0.087
p,p'-DDD	72-54-8	0.023	0.087
o,p'-DDE	3424-82-6	0.031	0.087
p,p'-DDE	72-55-9	0.031	0.087
o,p'-DDT	789-02-6	0.0039	0.087
p,p'-DDT	50-29-3	0.0039	0.087
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	53-70-3	0.055	8.2
Dibenz(a,e)pyrene	192-65-4	0.061	NA
m-Dichlorobenzene	541-73-1	0.036	6.0
o-Dichlorobenzene	95-50-1	0.088	6.0
p-Dichlorobenzene	106-46-7	0.090	6.0
Dichlorodifluoromethane	75-71-8	0.23	7.2
1,1-Dichloroethane	75-34-3	0.059	6.0
1,2-Dichloroethane	107-06-2	0.21	6.0
1,1-Dichloroethylene	75-35-4	0.025	6.0
trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene	156-60-5	0.054	30
2,4-Dichlorophenol	120-83-2	0.044	14
2,6-Dichlorophenol	87-65-0	0.044	14
1,2-Dichloropropane	78-87-5	0.85	18
cis-1,3-Dichloropropylene	10061-01-5	0.036	18
trans-1,3-Dichloropropylene	10061-02-6	0.036	18
Dieldrin	60-57-1	0.017	0.13
2,4-Dimethylaniline (2,4-	95-68-1	0.010	0.66
xylidine)			
Diethyl phthalate	84-66-2	0.20	28

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2-4-Dimethyl phenol	105-67-9	0.036	14
Dimethyl phthalate	131-11-3	0.047	28
Di-n-butyl phthalate	84-74-2	0.057	28
1,4-Dinitrobenzene	100-25-4	0.32	2.3
4,6-Dinitro-o-cresol	534-52-1	0.28	160
2,4-Dinitrophenol	51-28-5	0.12	160
2,4-Dinitrotoluene	121-14-2	0.32	140
2,6-Dinitrotoluene	606-20-2	0.55	28
Di-n-octyl phthalate	117-84-0	0.017	28
Di-n-propylnitrosamine	621-64-7	0.40	14
1,4-Dioxane	123-91-1	12.0	170
Diphenylamine (difficult to	122-39-4	0.92	NA
distinguish from diphenylnitros-			
amine)			
Diphenylnitrosamine (difficult	86-30-6	0.92	NA
to distinguish from diphenyl-			
amine)			
1,2-Diphenylhydrazine	122-66-7	0.087	NA
Disulfoton	298-04-4	0.017	6.2
Endosulfan I	939-98-8	0.023	0.066
Endosulfan II	33213-6-5	0.029	0.13
Endosulfan sulfate	1031-07-8	0.029	0.13
Endrin	72-20-8	0.0028	0.13
Endrin aldehyde	7421-93-4	0.025	0.13
Ethyl acetate	141-78-6	0.34	33
Ethyl cyanide (Propanenitrile)	107-12-0	0.24	360
Ethyl benzene	100-41-4	0.057	10
Ethyl ether	60-29-7	0.12	160
bis(2-Ethylhexyl) phthalate	117-81-7	0.28	28
Ethyl methacrylate	97-63-2	0.14	160
Ethylene oxide	75-21-8	0.12	NA
Famphur	52-85-7	0.017	15
Fluoranthene	206-44-0	0.068	3.4
Fluorene	86-73-7	0.059	3.4
Heptachlor	76-44-8	0.0012	0.066
1,2,3,4,6,7,8-Heptachloro-	35822-46-9	0.000035	0.0025
dibenzo-p-dioxin (1,2,3,4,6,7,8-			
HpCDD)			
1,2,3,4,6,7,8-Heptachloro-	67562-39-4	0.000035	0.0025
dibenzofuran (1,2,3,4,6,7,8-			
HpCDF)			

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1,2,3,4,7,8,9-Heptachloro-	55673-89-7	0.000035	0.0025
dibenzofuran (1,2,3,4,7,8,9-			
HpCDF)			
Heptachlor epoxide	1024-57-3	0.016	0.066
Hexachlorobenzene	118-74-1	0.055	10
Hexachlorobutadiene	87-68-3	0.055	5.6
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	77-47-4	0.057	2.4
HxCDDs (All Hexachloro-	NA	0.000063	0.001
dibenzo-p-dioxins)			
HxCDFs (All Hexachloro-	55684-94-1	0.000063	0.001
dibenzofurans)			
Hexachloroethane	67-72-1	0.055	30
Hexachloropropylene	1888-71-7	0.035	30
Indeno (1,2,3-c,d) pyrene	193-39-5	0.0055	3.4
Iodomethane	74-88-4	0.19	65
Isobutyl alcohol	78-83-1	5.6	170
Isodrin	465-73-6	0.021	0.066
Isosafrole	120-58-1	0.081	2.6
Kepone	143-50-8	0.0011	0.13
Methacrylonitrile	126-98-7	0.24	84
Methanol	67-56-1	5.6	NA
Methapyrilene	91-80-5	0.081	1.5
Methoxychlor	72-43-5	0.25	0.18
3-Methylcholanthrene	56-49-5	0.0055	15
4,4-Methylene bis(2-chloro-	101-14-4	0.50	30
aniline)			
Methylene chloride	75-09-2	0.089	30
Methyl ethyl ketone	78-93-3	0.28	36
Methyl isobutyl ketone	108-10-1	0.14	33
Methyl methacrylate	80-62-6	0.14	160
Methyl methansulfonate	66-27-3	0.018	NA
Methyl parathion	298-00-0	0.014	4.6
Naphthalene	91-20-3	0.059	5.6
2-Naphthylamine	91-59-8	0.52	NA
p-Nitroaniline	100-01-6	0.028	28
Nitrobenzene	98-95-3	0.068	14
5-Nitro-o-toluidine	99-55-8	0.32	28
p-Nitrophenol	100-02-7	0.12	29
N-Nitrosodiethylamine	55-18-5	0.40	28
N-Nitrosodimethylamine	62-75-9	0.40	NA
N-Nitroso-di-n-butylamine	924-16-3	0.40	17

POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

N-Nitrosomethylethylamine	10595-95-6	0.40	2.3
N-Nitrosomorpholine	59-89-2	0.40	2.3
N-Nitrosopiperidine	100-75-4	0.013	35
N-Nitrosopyrrolidine	930-55-2	0.013	35
1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9-Octachloro-	3268-87-9	0.000063	0.0025
dibenzo-p-dioxin			
(1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9-OCDD)			
1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9-	39001-02-0	0.000063	0.005
Octachlorodibenzofuran			
(OCDF)			
Parathion	56-38-2	0.014	4.6
Total PCBs	1336-36-3	0.10	10
(sum of all PCB isomers, or all			
Aroclors)			
Pentachlorobenzene	608-93-5	0.055	10
PeCDDs (All Pentachloro-	36088-22-9	0.000063	0.001
dibenzo-p-dioxins)			
PeCDFs (All Pentachloro-	30402-15-4	0.000035	0.001
dibenzofurans)			
Pentachloronitrobenzene	82-68-8	0.055	4.8
Pentachlorophenol	87-86-5	0.089	7.4
Phenacetin	62-44-2	0.081	16
Phenanthrene	85-01-8	0.059	5.6
Phenol	108-95-2	0.039	6.2
1,3-Phenylenediamine	108-45-2	0.010	0.66
Phorate	298-02-2	0.021	4.6
Phthalic anhydride	85-44-9	0.055	NA
Pronamide	23950-58-5	0.093	1.5
Pyrene	129-00-0	0.067	8.2
Pyridine	110-86-1	0.014	16
Safrole	94-59-7	0.081	22
Silvex (2,4,5-TP)	93-72-1	0.72	7.9
2,4,5-T	93-76-5	0.72	7.9
1,2,4,5-Tetrachlorobenzene	95-94-3	0.055	14
TCDDs (All Tetrachloro-	41903-57-5	0.000063	0.001
dibenzo-p-dioxins)			
TCDFs (All Tetrachloro-	55722-27-5	0.000063	0.001
dibenzofurans)			
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	630-20-6	0.057	6.0
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	79-34-6	0.057	6.0
Tetrachloroethylene	127-18-4	0.056	6.0

POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

2,3,4,6-Tetrachlorophenol	58-90-2	0.030	7.4
Toluene	108-88-3	0.080	10
Toxaphene	8001-35-2	0.0095	2.6
Bromoform (Tribromomethane)	75-25-2	0.63	15
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	120-82-1	0.055	19
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	71-55-6	0.054	6.0
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	79-00-5	0.054	6.0
Trichloroethylene	79-01-6	0.054	6.0
Trichloromonofluoromethane	75-69-4	0.020	30
2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	95-95-4	0.18	7.4
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	88-06-2	0.035	7.4
1,2,3-Trichloropropane	96-18-4	0.85	30
1,1,2-Trichloro-1,2,2-trifluoro-	76-13-1	0.057	30
ethane			
tris(2,3-Dibromopropyl)	126-72-7	0.11	NA
phosphate			
Vinyl chloride	75-01-4	0.27	6.0
Xylenes-mixed isomers	1330-20-7	0.32	30
(sum of o-, m-, and p-xylene			
concentrations)			
Antimony	7440-36-0	1.9	1.15 mg/ℓ TCLP
Arsenic	7440-38-2	1.4	5.0 mg/ℓ TCLP
Barium	7440-39-3	1.2	21 mg/ℓ TCLP
Beryllium	7440-41-7	0.82	NA
Cadmium	7440-43-9	0.69	0.11 mg/ℓ TCLP
Chromium (Total)	7440-47-3	2.77	0.60 mg/ℓ TCLP
Cyanides (Total) ⁷	57-12-5	1.2	590
Cyanides (Amenable) ⁷	57-12-5	0.86	NA
Fluoride	16964-48-8	35	NA
Lead	7439-92-1	0.69	0.75 mg/ℓ TCLP
Mercury	7439-97-6	0.15	0.025 mg/ℓ TCLP
Nickel	7440-02-0	3.98	11 mg/ℓ TCLP
Selenium	7782-49-2	0.82	5.7 mg/ℓ TCLP
Silver	7440-22-4	0.43	0.14 mg/ℓ TCLP
Sulfide	8496-25-8	14	NA
Thallium	7440-28-0	1.4	NA
Vanadium	7440-62-2	4.3	NA

POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

NOTICE OF ADOPTED AMENDMENTS

K001

Chromium (Total)

Bottom sediment sludge from the treatment of wastewaters from wood preserving processes that use creosote or pentachlorophenol.

Naphthalene	91-20-3	0.059	5.6
Pentachlorophenol	87-86-5	0.089	7.4
Phenanthrene	85-01-8	0.059	5.6
Pyrene	129-00-0	0.067	8.2
Toluene	108-88-3	0.080	10
Xylenes-mixed isomers	1330-20-7	0.32	30
(sum of o-, m-, and p-xylene			
concentrations)			
Lead	7439-92-1	0.69	0.75 mg/ℓ TCLP
K002			
Wastewater treatment sludge from	the production of	f chrome yellow an	d orange pigments.
Chromium (Total)	7440-47-3	2.77	0.60 mg/ℓ TCLP
Lead	7439-92-1	0.69	0.75 mg/l TCLP
K003			
Wastewater treatment sludge from	the production of	f molybdate orange	e pigments.
Chromium (Total)	7440-47-3	2.77	0.60 mg/ℓ TCLP
Lead	7439-92-1	0.69	0.75 mg/ℓ TCLP
K004			
Wastewater treatment sludge from	the production of	f zinc yellow pigm	ents.
Chromium (Total)	7440-47-3	2.77	0.60 mg/{ TCLP
Lead	7439-92-1	0.69	0.75 mg/ℓ TCLP
K005			
Wastewater treatment sludge from	the production of	f chrome green pig	ments.
Chromium (Total)	7440-47-3	2.77	0.60 mg/l TCLP
Lead	7439-92-1	0.69	0.75 mg/ℓ TCLP
Cyanides (Total) ⁷	57-12-5	1.2	590
K006			
Wastewater treatment sludge from	the production of	f chrome oxide gre	en pigments (anhydrous).
Chromium (Total)	7440-47-3	2.77	0.60 mg/ℓ TCLP
Lead	7439-92-1	0.69	0.75 mg/ℓ TCLP
K006			
Wastewater treatment sludge from	the production of	f chrome oxide gre	en pigments (hydrated).

7440-47-3 2.77

0.60 mg/l TCLP

POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

Lead	7439-92-1	0.69	NA
K007			
Wastewater treatment sludge f	rom the production of	firon blue pigments.	
Chromium (Total)	7440-47-3	2.77	0.60 mg/ℓ TCLP
Lead	7439-92-1	0.69	0.75 mg/ℓ TCLP
Cyanides (Total) ⁷	57-12-5	1.2	590
K008			
Oven residue from the product	ion of chrome oxide	green pigments.	
Chromium (Total)	7440-47-3	2.77	0.60 mg/ℓ TCLP
Lead	7439-92-1	0.69	0.75 mg/ℓ TCLP
K009			
Distillation bottoms from the p	roduction of acetalde	hyde from ethylene.	
Chloroform	67-66-3	0.046	6.0
K010			
Distillation side cuts from the	production of acetalde	ehyde from ethylene	
Chloroform	67-66-3	0.046	6.0
K011			
Bottom stream from the waster	water stripper in the p	roduction of acrylor	nitrile.
Acetonitrile	75-05-8	5.6	38
Acrylonitrile	107-13-1	0.24	84
Acrylamide	79-06-1	19	23
Benzene	71-43-2	0.14	10
Cyanide (Total)	57-12-5	1.2	590
K013			
Bottom stream from the acetor	itrile column in the p	roduction of acrylor	nitrile.
Acetonitrile	75-05-8	5.6	38
Acrylonitrile	107-13-1	0.24	84
Acrylamide	79-06-1	19	23
Benzene	71-43-2	0.14	10
Cyanide (Total)	57-12-5	1.2	590
K014			
Bottoms from the acetonitrile	purification column ir	the production of a	crylonitrile.
Acetonitrile	75-05-8	5.6	38
Acrylonitrile	107-13-1	0.24	84
Acrylamide	79-06-1	19	23

POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

Benzene	71-43-2	0.14	10
Cyanide (Total)	57-12-5	1.2	590
K015			
Still bottoms from the distillation of	of benzyl chloride	•	
Anthracene	120-12-7	0.059	3.4
Benzal chloride	98-87-3	0.055	6.0
Benzo(b)fluoranthene (difficult	205-99-2	0.11	6.8
to distinguish from benzo(k)-			
fluoranthene)			
Benzo(k)fluoranthene (difficult	207-08-9	0.11	6.8
to distinguish from benzo(b)-			
fluoranthene)			
Phenanthrene	85-01-8	0.059	5.6
Toluene	108-88-3	0.080	10
Chromium (Total)	7440-47-3	2.77	0.60 mg/ℓ TCLP
Nickel	7440-02-0	3.98	11 mg/ℓ TCLP
K016			
Heavy ends or distillation residues	from the product	ion of carbon tetrad	chloride.
Hexachlorobenzene	118-74-1	0.055	10
Hexachlorobutadiene	87-68-3	0.055	5.6
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	77-47-4	0.057	2.4
Hexachloroethane	67-72-1	0.055	30
Tetrachloroethylene	127-18-4	0.056	6.0
K017			
Heavy ends (still bottoms) from the	e purification colu	umn in the product	ion of epichlorohydrin.
bis(2-Chloroethyl) ether	111-44-4	0.033	6.0
bis(2-Chloroethyl) ether			
1,2-Dichloropropane	78-87-5	0.85	18
1,2,3-Trichloropropane	96-18-4	0.85	30
K018			
Heavy ends from the fractionation	column in ethyl c	chloride production	
Chloroethane	75-00-3	0.27	6.0
Chloromethane	74-87-3	0.19	NA
1,1-Dichloroethane	75-34-3	0.059	6.0
1,2-Dichloroethane	107-06-2	0.21	6.0
Hexachlorobenzene	118-74-1	0.055	10
Hexachlorobutadiene	87-68-3	0.055	5.6

POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

NOTICE OF ADOPTED AMENDMENTS

Hexachloroethane	67-72-1	0.055	30
Pentachloroethane	76-01-7	NA	6.0
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	71-55-6	0.054	6.0

K019

Heavy ends from the distillation	of ethylene dichlori	ide in ethylene dich	loride production.
bis(2-Chloroethyl) ether	111-44-4	0.033	6.0
bis(2-Chloroethyl) ether			
Chlorobenzene	108-90-7	0.057	6.0
Chloroform	67-66-3	0.046	6.0
p-Dichlorobenzene	106-46-7	0.090	NA
1,2-Dichloroethane	107-06-2	0.21	6.0
Fluorene	86-73-7	0.059	NA
Hexachloroethane	67-72-1	0.055	30
Naphthalene	91-20-3	0.059	5.6
Phenanthrene	85-01-8	0.059	5.6
1,2,4,5-Tetrachlorobenzene	95-94-3	0.055	NA
Tetrachloroethylene	127-18-4	0.056	6.0
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	120-82-1	0.055	19
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	71-55-6	0.054	6.0
K020			
Heavy ends from the distillation	of vinyl chloride in	vinyl chloride mor	nomer production.
1,2-Dichloroethane	107-06-2	0.21	6.0
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	79-34-6	0.057	6.0
Tetrachloroethylene	127-18-4	0.056	6.0
K021			
Aqueous spent antimony catalyst	waste from fluoron	methanes production	on.
Carbon tetrachloride	56-23-5	0.057	6.0
Chloroform	67-66-3	0.046	6.0
Antimony	7440-36-0	1.9	1.15 mg/ℓ TCLP
K022			
Distillation bottom tars from the	production of phen	ol or acetone from	cumene.
Toluene	108-88-3	0.080	10
Acetophenone	96-86-2	0.010	9.7
Diphenylamine (difficult to	122-39-4	0.92	13
distinguish from diphenylnitros amine)	-		

POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

NOTICE OF ADOPTED AMENDMENTS

Diphenylnitrosamine (difficult	86-30-6	0.92	13
to distinguish from diphenyl-			
amine)			
Phenol	108-95-2	0.039	6.2
Chromium (Total)	7440-47-3	2.77	0.60 mg/l TCLP
Nickel	7440-02-0	3.98	11 mg/ℓ TCLP
			e

K023

Distillation light ends from the prod	uction of phtha	lic anhydride from 1	naphthalene.
Phthalic anhydride (measured as	100-21-0	0.055	28
Phthalic acid or Terephthalic			
acid)			
Phthalic anhydride (measured as	85-44-9	0.055	28
Phthalic acid or Terephthalic			
acid)			

K024

Distillation bottoms from the produc	tion of phthalic anh	ydride from naphthaler	ne.
Phthalic anhydride (measured as	100-21-0	0.055	28
Phthalic acid or Terephthalic			
acid)			
Phthalic anhydride (measured as	85-44-9	0.055	28
Phthalic acid or Terephthalic			
acid)			

K025

Distillation bottoms from the production of nitrobenzene by the nitration of benzene. NA NA LLEXT fb SSTRP CMBST fb CARBN; or

CMBST

K026

Stripping still tails fro	om the production of methyl	ethyl pyridines.	
NA	NA	CMBST	CMBST
K027			
Centrifuge and distilla	ation residues from toluene d	iisocyanate production.	
NA	NA	CARBN; or	CMBST
		CMBST	

POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

NOTICE OF ADOPTED AMENDMENTS

K028

Spent catalyst from the hydrochlo	prinator reactor in t	he production of 1	,1,1-trichloroethane.
1,1-Dichloroethane	75-34-3	0.059	6.0
trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene	156-60-5	0.054	30
Hexachlorobutadiene	87-68-3	0.055	5.6
Hexachloroethane	67-72-1	0.055	30
Pentachloroethane	76-01-7	NA	6.0
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	630-20-6	0.057	6.0
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	79-34-6	0.057	6.0
Tetrachloroethylene	127-18-4	0.056	6.0
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	71-55-6	0.054	6.0
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	79-00-5	0.054	6.0
Cadmium	7440-43-9	0.69	NA
Chromium(Total)	7440-47-3	2.77	0.60 mg/ℓ TCLP
Lead	7439-92-1	0.69	0.75 mg/ℓ TCLP
Nickel	7440-02-0	3.98	11 mg/ℓ TCLP

K029

Waste from the product steam stripper in the production of 1,1,1-trichloroethane.

Chloroform	67-66-3	0.046	6.0
1,2-Dichloroethane	107-06-2	0.21	6.0
1,1-Dichloroethylene	75-35-4	0.025	6.0
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	71-55-6	0.054	6.0
Vinyl chloride	75-01-4	0.27	6.0

K030

Column bodies or heavy ends from the combined production of trichloroethylene and perchloroethylene.

o-Dichlorobenzene	95-50-1	0.088	NA
p-Dichlorobenzene	106-46-7	0.090	NA
Hexachlorobutadiene	87-68-3	0.055	5.6
Hexachloroethane	67-72-1	0.055	30
Hexachloropropylene	1888-71-7	NA	30
Pentachlorobenzene	608-93-5	NA	10
Pentachloroethane	76-01-7	NA	6.0
1,2,4,5-Tetrachlorobenzene	95-94-3	0.055	14
Tetrachloroethylene	127-18-4	0.056	6.0
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	120-82-1	0.055	19

POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

NOTICE OF ADOPTED AMENDMENTS

K031

By-product salts generated in the pro Arsenic	oduction of MSMA 7440-38-2	and cacodylic acid. 1.4	5.0 mg/ℓ TCLP
K032			
Wastewater treatment sludge from the	ne production of chl	ordane.	
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	77-47-4	0.057	2.4
Chlordane (α and γ isomers)	57-74-9	0.0033	0.26
Heptachlor	76-44-8	0.0012	0.066
Heptachlor epoxide	1024-57-3	0.016	0.066
K033			
Wastewater and scrub water from the chlordane.	e chlorination of cy	clopentadiene in the pr	oduction of
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	77-47-4	0.057	2.4
K034 Filter solids from the filtration of he	xachlorocyclopenta	diene in the production	of chlordane
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	77-47-4	0.057	2.4
V 025			
NUJJ Wastewater treatment sludges gener	ated in the production	on of groosoto	
A cenandthene	83_37_0	NA	3 /
Anthracene	120-12-7	NΔ	3.4
Benz(a)anthracene	56-55-3	0.059	3.4
Benzo(a)pyrene	50-32-8	0.061	3.4
Chrysene	218-01-9	0.059	3.4
o-Cresol	95-48-7	0.11	5.6
m-Cresol	108-39-4	0.77	5.6
(difficult to distinguish from p-	100 39 1	0.77	5.0
n-Cresol	106-44-5	0.77	5.6
(difficult to distinguish from m-	100-44-5	0.77	5.0
cresol)			
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	53-70-3	NA	8.2
Fluoranthene	206-44-0	0.068	3.4
Fluorene	86-73-7	NA	3.4
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	193-39-5	NA	3.4
Naphthalene	91-20-3	0.059	5.6
Phenanthrene	85-01-8	0.059	5.6
Phenol	108-95-2	0.039	6.2

POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

Pyrene	129-00-0	0.067	8.2
K036 Still bottoms from toluene reclan	nation distillation i	n the production of di	sulfoton
Disulfoton	298-04-4	0.017	6.2
K037			
Wastewater treatment sludges from	om the production of	of disulfoton.	
Disulfoton	298-04-4	0.017	6.2
Toluene	108-88-3	0.080	10
K038			
Wastewater from the washing an	d stripping of phor	ate production.	
Phorate	298-02-2	0.021	4.6
K039			
Filter cake from the filtration of c	liethylphosphorodi	thioic acid in the prod	luction of phorate.
NA	NA	CARBN; or	CMBST
		CMBST	
K040			
Wastewater treatment sludge from	n the production o	f phorate.	
Phorate	298-02-2	0.021	4.6
K041			
Wastewater treatment sludge from	n the production o	f toxaphene.	
Toxaphene	8001-35-2	0.0095	2.6
K042			
Heavy ends or distillation residue	es from the distillat	tion of tetrachlorobenz	zene in the production
of 2,4,5-1.	05 50 1	0.000	<u> </u>
o-Dichlorobenzene	95-50-1	0.088	6.0
p-Dichlorobenzene	106-46-7	0.090	6.0
Pentachlorobenzene	608-93-5	0.055	10
1,2,4,5-1 etrachlorobenzene	95-94-3	0.055	14
1,2,4-1richlorobenzene	120-82-1	0.055	19
K043			•
2,6-Dichlorophenol waste from t	he production of 2,	4-D.	
2,4-Dichlorophenol	120-83-2	0.044	14
2,6-Dichlorophenol	187-65-0	0.044	14
2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	95-95-4	0.18	7.4

POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

2.2.4.6 Tetre el 1 e re el 1 e re el 1	88-06-2	0.035	7.4
2,5,4,0-1 etrachiorophenol	58-90-2	0.030	7.4
Pentachlorophenol	87-86-5	0.089	7.4
Tetrachloroethylene	127-18-4	0.056	6.0
HxCDDs (All	NA	0.000063	0.001
Hexachlorodibenzo-p-dioxins)			
HxCDFs (All	55684-94-1	0.000063	0.001
Hexachlorodibenzofurans)			
PeCDDs (All	36088-22-9	0.000063	0.001
Pentachlorodibenzo-p-dioxins)			
PeCDFs (All	30402-15-4	0.000035	0.001
Pentachlorodibenzofurans)			
TCDDs (All	41903-57-5	0.000063	0.001
Tetrachlorodibenzo-p-dioxins)			
TCDFs (All Tetrachloro-	55722-27-5	0.000063	0.001
dibenzofurans)			
NA K045 Spent carbon from the treatment of	NA wastewater conta	DEACT	DEACT
NA	NA	DEACT	DEACT
141 K		DEACT	DEACI
K046		DEACT	DEACI
K046 Wastewater treatment sludges from initiating compounds.	the manufacturin	ig, formulation and	loading of lead-based
K046 Wastewater treatment sludges from initiating compounds. Lead	n the manufacturin 7439-92-1	beac r ng, formulation and 1 0.69	loading of lead-based 0.75 mg/ℓ TCLP
K046 Wastewater treatment sludges from initiating compounds. Lead K047	n the manufacturin 7439-92-1	0.69	loading of lead-based 0.75 mg/& TCLP
K046 Wastewater treatment sludges from initiating compounds. Lead K047 Pink or red water from TNT operat	the manufacturin 7439-92-1	0.69	loading of lead-based 0.75 mg/{ TCLP
K046 Wastewater treatment sludges from initiating compounds. Lead K047 Pink or red water from TNT operat NA	n the manufacturin 7439-92-1 tions. NA	DEACT ng, formulation and 0.69 DEACT	DEACT loading of lead-based 0.75 mg/ℓ TCLP DEACT
K046 Wastewater treatment sludges from initiating compounds. Lead K047 Pink or red water from TNT operat NA K048	n the manufacturin 7439-92-1 tions. NA	DEACT ag, formulation and 1 0.69 DEACT	DEACT loading of lead-based 0.75 mg/ℓ TCLP DEACT
K046 Wastewater treatment sludges from initiating compounds. Lead K047 Pink or red water from TNT operat NA K048 Dissolved air flotation (DAF) float	the manufacturin 7439-92-1 tions. NA	DEACT 0.69 DEACT m refining industry	DEACT loading of lead-based 0.75 mg/{ TCLP DEACT
 K046 Wastewater treatment sludges from initiating compounds. Lead K047 Pink or red water from TNT operation NA K048 Dissolved air flotation (DAF) float Benzene 	the manufacturin 7439-92-1 tions. NA from the petroleu 71-43-2	DEACT 0.69 DEACT m refining industry. 0.14	DEACT loading of lead-based 0.75 mg/ℓ TCLP DEACT
K046 Wastewater treatment sludges from initiating compounds. Lead K047 Pink or red water from TNT operat NA K048 Dissolved air flotation (DAF) float Benzene Benzo(a)pyrene	the manufacturin 7439-92-1 tions. NA from the petroleu 71-43-2 50-32-8	DEACT 0.69 DEACT m refining industry 0.14 0.061	DEACT loading of lead-based 0.75 mg/ℓ TCLP DEACT
 K046 Wastewater treatment sludges from initiating compounds. Lead K047 Pink or red water from TNT operation NA K048 Dissolved air flotation (DAF) float Benzene Benzo(a)pyrene bis(2-Ethylhexyl) phthalate 	the manufacturin 7439-92-1 tions. NA from the petroleu 71-43-2 50-32-8 117-81-7	DEACT 0.69 DEACT m refining industry 0.14 0.061 0.28	DEACT loading of lead-based 0.75 mg/{ TCLP DEACT
 K046 Wastewater treatment sludges from initiating compounds. Lead K047 Pink or red water from TNT operation NA K048 Dissolved air flotation (DAF) float Benzene Benzo(a)pyrene bis(2-Ethylhexyl) phthalate Chrysene 	the manufacturin 7439-92-1 tions. NA from the petroleu 71-43-2 50-32-8 117-81-7 218-01-9	DEACT ag, formulation and 0.69 DEACT m refining industry 0.14 0.061 0.28 0.059	DEACT loading of lead-based 0.75 mg/ℓ TCLP DEACT

POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

NOTICE OF ADOPTED AMENDMENTS

Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	0.057	10
Fluorene	86-73-7	0.059	NA
Naphthalene	91-20-3	0.059	5.6
Phenanthrene	85-01-8	0.059	5.6
Phenol	108-95-2	0.039	6.2
Pyrene	129-00-0	0.067	8.2
Toluene	108-88-33	0.080	10
Xylenes-mixed isomers	1330-20-7	0.32	30
(sum of o-, m-, and p-xylene			
concentrations)			
Chromium (Total)	7440-47-3	2.77	0.60 mg/ℓ TCLP
Cyanides (Total) ⁷	57-12-5	1.2	590
Lead	7439-92-1	0.69	NA
Nickel	7440-02-0	NA	11 mg/ℓ TCLP
K049			
Slop oil emulsion solids from the	e petroleum refining	, industry.	
Anthracene	120-12-7	0.059	3.4
Benzene	71-43-2	0.14	10
Benzo(a)pyrene	50-32-8	0.061	3.4
bis(2-Ethylhexyl) phthalate	117-81-7	0.28	28
Carbon disulfide	75-15-0	3.8	NA
Chrysene	218-01-9	0.059	3.4
2,4-Dimethylphenol	105-67-9	0.036	NA
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	0.057	10
Naphthalene	91-20-3	0.059	5.6
Phenanthrene	85-01-8	0.059	5.6
Phenol	108-95-2	0.039	6.2
Pyrene	129-00-0	0.067	8.2
Toluene	108-88-3	0.080	10
Xylenes-mixed isomers	1330-20-7	0.32	30
(sum of o-, m-, and p-xylene			
concentrations)			
Cyanides (Total) ⁷	57-12-5	1.2	590
Chromium (Total)	7440-47-3	2.77	0.60 mg/{ TCLP
Lead	7439-92-1	0.69	NA
Nickel	7440-02-0	NA	11 mg/ℓ TCLP

K050

Heat exchanger bundle	cleaning sludge from t	the petroleum refining	industry.
Benzo(a)pyrene	50-32-8	0.061	3.4

POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

NOTICE OF ADOPTED AMENDMENTS

Phenol	108-95-2	0.039	6.2
Cyanides (Total) ⁷	57-12-5	1.2	590
Chromium (Total)	7440-47-3	2.77	0.60 mg/l TCLP
Lead	7439-92-1	0.69	NA
Nickel	7440-02-0	NA	11 mg/ℓ TCLP

K051

API separator sludge from the pe	etroleum refining in	dustry.	
Acenaphthene	83-32-9	0.059	NA
Anthracene	120-12-7	0.059	3.4
Benz(a)anthracene	56-55-3	0.059	3.4
Benzene	71-43-2	0.14	10
Benzo(a)pyrene	50-32-8	0.061	3.4
bis(2-Ethylhexyl) phthalate	117-81-7	0.28	28
Chrysene	218-01-9	0.059	3.4
Di-n-butyl phthalate	105-67-9	0.057	28
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	0.057	10
Fluorene	86-73-7	0.059	NA
Naphthalene	91-20-3	0.059	5.6
Phenanthrene	85-01-8	0.059	5.6
Phenol	108-95-2	0.039	6.2
Pyrene	129-00-0	0.067	8.2
Toluene	108-88-3	0.08	10
Xylenes-mixed isomers	1330-20-7	0.32	30
(sum of o-, m-, and p-xylene			
concentrations)			
Cyanides (Total) ⁷	57-12-5	1.2	590
Chromium (Total)	7440-47-3	2.77	0.60 mg/£ TCLP
Lead	7439-92-1	0.69	NA
Nickel	7440-02-0	NA	11 mg/ℓ TCLP
K052			
Tank bottoms (leaded) from the	petroleum refining i	ndustry.	
Benzene	71-43-2	0.14	10
Benzo(a)pyrene	50-32-8	0.061	3.4
o-Cresol	95-48-7	0.11	5.6
m-Cresol	108-39-4	0.77	5.6
(difficult to distinguish from p-			

cresol)

POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

NOTICE OF ADOPTED AMENDMENTS

mg/l TCLP
ng/l TCLP

K061

Emission control dust or sludge from the primary production of steel in electric furnaces.

7440-36-0	NA	1.15 mg/ℓ TCLP
7440-38-2	NA	5.0 mg/ℓ TCLP
7440-39-3	NA	21 mg/ℓ TCLP
7440-41-7	NA	1.22 mg/ℓ TCLP
7440-43-9	0.69	0.11 mg/ℓ TCLP
7440-47-3	2.77	0.60 mg/ℓ TCLP
7439-92-1	0.69	0.75 mg/ℓ TCLP
7439-97-6	NA	0.025 mg/l TCLP
7440-02-0	3.98	11 mg/l TCLP
7782-49-2	NA	5.7 mg/l TCLP
7440-22-4	NA	0.14 mg/ℓ TCLP
7440-28-0	NA	0.20 mg/ℓ TCLP
7440-66-6	NA	4.3 mg/l TCLP
	7440-36-0 7440-38-2 7440-39-3 7440-41-7 7440-43-9 7440-47-3 7439-92-1 7439-97-6 7440-02-0 7782-49-2 7440-22-4 7440-28-0 7440-66-6	7440-36-0NA7440-38-2NA7440-39-3NA7440-41-7NA7440-43-90.697440-47-32.777439-92-10.697439-97-6NA7440-02-03.987782-49-2NA7440-28-0NA7440-66-6NA

POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

NOTICE OF ADOPTED AMENDMENTS

K062

Spent pickle liquor generated by steel finishing operations of facilities within the iron and steel industry (SIC Codes 331 and 332).

Chromium (Total)	7440-47-3	2.77	0.60 mg/{ TCLP
Lead	7439-92-1	0.69	0.75 mg/l TCLP
Nickel	7440-02-0	3.98	NA

K069

Emission control dust or sludge from secondary lead smelting - Calcium sulfate (Low Lead) Subcategory.

Cadmium	7440-43-9	0.69	0.11 mg/ℓ TCLP
Lead	7439-92-1	0.69	0.75 mg/l TCLP

K069

Emission control dust or sludge from secondary lead smelting - Non-Calcium sulfate (High Lead) Subcategory. N

A	J	NA	NA]	RLEAD

K071

K071 (Brine purification muds from the mercury cell process in chlorine production, where separately prepurified brine is not used) nonwastewaters that are residues from RMERC. Mercury 7439-97-6 NA 0.20 mg/ℓ TCLP

K071

K071 (Brine purification muds from the mercury cell process in chlorine production, where separately prepurified brine is not used) nonwastewaters that are not residues from RMERC. Mercury 7439-97-6 NA 0.025 mg/l TCLP K071

All K071 wastewaters.			
Mercury	7439-97-6	0.15	NA

K073

Chlorinated hydrocarbon waste from the purification step of the diaphragm cell process using graphite anodes in chlorine production.

Carbon tetrachloride	56-23-5	0.057	6.0
Chloroform	67-66-3	0.046	6.0
Hexachloroethane	67-72-1	0.055	30
Tetrachloroethylene	127-18-4	0.056	6.0
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	71-55-6	0.054	6.0

POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

NOTICE OF ADOPTED AMENDMENTS

K083			
Distillation bottoms from aniline	production.		
Aniline	62-53-3	0.81	14
Benzene	71-43-2	0.14	10
Cyclohexanone	108-94-1	0.36	NA
Diphenylamine	122-39-4	0.92	13
(difficult to distinguish from			
diphenylnitrosamine)			
Diphenylnitrosamine (difficult	86-30-6	0.92	13
to distinguish from diphenyl-			
amine)			
Nitrobenzene	98-95-3	0.068	14
Phenol	108-95-2	0.039	6.2
Nickel	7440-02-0	3.98	11 mg/l TCLP
K084			
Wastewater treatment sludges gen	erated during the	production of veter	inary pharmaceuticals
from arsenic or organo-arsenic con	mpounds.	-	
Arsenic	7440-38-2	1.4	5.0 mg/ℓ TCLP
K085			
Distillation or fractionation colum	n bottoms from th	e production of ch	lorobenzenes.
Benzene	71-43-2	0.14	10
Chlorobenzene	108-90-7	0.057	6.0
m-Dichlorobenzene	541-73-1	0.036	6.0
o-Dichlorobenzene	95-50-1	0.088	6.0
p-Dichlorobenzene	106-46-7	0.090	6.0
Hexachlorobenzene	118-74-1	0.055	10
Total PCBs	1336-36-3	0.10	10
(sum of all PCB isomers, or all			
Aroclors)			
Pentachlorobenzene	608-93-5	0.055	10
1,2,4,5-Tetrachlorobenzene	95-94-3	0.055	14
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	120-82-1	0.055	19

K086

Solvent wastes and sludges, caustic washes and sludges, or water washes and sludges from cleaning tubs and equipment used in the formulation of ink from pigments, driers, soaps, and stabilizers containing chromium and lead.

Acetone	67-64-1	0.28	160
Acetophenone	96-86-2	0.010	9.7

POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

bis(2-Ethylhexyl) phthalate	117-81-7	0.28	28
n-Butyl alcohol	71-36-3	5.6	2.6
Butylbenzyl phthalate	85-68-7	0.017	28
Cyclohexanone	108-94-1	0.36	NA
o-Dichlorobenzene	95-50-1	0.088	6.0
Diethyl phthalate	84-66-2	0.20	28
Dimethyl phthalate	131-11-3	0.047	28
Di-n-butyl phthalate	84-74-2	0.057	28
Di-n-octyl phthalate	117-84-0	0.017	28
Ethyl acetate	141-78-6	0.34	33
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	0.057	10
Methanol	67-56-1	5.6	NA
Methyl ethyl ketone	78-93-3	0.28	36
Methyl isobutyl ketone	108-10-1	0.14	33
Methylene chloride	75-09-2	0.089	30
Naphthalene	91-20-3	0.059	5.6
Nitrobenzene	98-95-3	0.068	14
Toluene	108-88-3	0.080	10
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	71-55-6	0.054	6.0
Trichloroethylene	79-01-6	0.054	6.0
Xylenes-mixed isomers	1330-20-7	0.32	30
(sum of o-, m-, and p-xylene			
concentrations)			
Chromium (Total)	7440-47-3	2.77	0.60 mg/ℓ TCLI
Cyanides (Total) ⁷	57-12-5	1.2	590
Lead	7439-92-1	0.69	0.75 mg/{ TCLI
K087			
Decanter tank tar sludge from co	king operations.		
Acenaphthylene	208-96-8	0.059	3.4
Benzene	71-43-2	0.14	10
Chrysene	218-01-9	0.059	3.4
Fluoranthene	206-44-0	0.068	3.4
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	193-39-5	0.0055	3.4
Naphthalene	91-20-3	0.059	5.6
Phenanthrene	85-01-8	0.059	5.6
Toluene	108-88-3	0.080	10
Xylenes-mixed isomers	1330-20-7	0.32	30
(sum of o-, m-, and p-xylene			
concentrations)			
Lead	7439-92-1	0.69	0.75 mg/ℓ TCLI

POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

NOTICE OF ADOPTED AMENDMENTS .

K088

Spent potliners from primary al	uminum reduction.		
Acenaphthene	83-32-9	0.059	3.4
Anthracene	120-12-7	0.059	3.4
Benz(a)anthracene	56-55-3	0.059	3.4
Benzo(a)pyrene	50-32-8	0.061	3.4
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	205-99-2	0.11	6.8
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	207-08-9	0.11	6.8
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	191-24-2	0.0055	1.8
Chrysene	218-01-9	0.059	3.4
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	53-70-3	0.055	8.2
Fluoranthene	206-44-0	0.068	3.4
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	193-39-5	0.0055	3.4
Phenanthrene	85-01-8	0.059	5.6
Pyrene	129-00-0	0.067	8.2
Antimony	7440-36-0	1.9	1.15 mg/ℓ TCLP
Arsenic	7440-38-2	1.4	26.1 mg/ℓ
Barium	7440-39-3	1.2	21 mg/ℓ TCLP
Beryllium	7440-41-7	0.82	1.22 mg/ℓ TCLP
Cadmium	7440-43-9	0.69	0.11 mg/ℓ TCLP
Chromium (Total)	7440-47-3	2.77	0.60 mg/ℓ TCLP
Lead	7439-92-1	0.69	0.75 mg/£ TCLP
Mercury	7439-97-6	0.15	0.025 mg/ℓ TCLP
Nickel	7440-02-0	3.98	11 mg/ℓ TCLP
Selenium	7782-49-2	0.82	5.7 mg/ℓ TCLP
Silver	7440-22-4	0.43	0.14 mg/ℓ TCLP
Cyanide (Total) ⁷	57-12-5	1.2	590
Cyanide (Amenable) ⁷	57-12-5	0.86	30
Fluoride	16984-48-8	35	NA

K093

Distillation light ends from the prod	luction of phth	alic anhydride from o	ortho-xylene.
Phthalic anhydride (measured as	100-21-0	0.055	28
Phthalic acid or Terephthalic			
acid)			
Phthalic anhydride (measured as	85-44-9	0.055	28
Phthalic acid or Terephthalic			
acid)			
POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

K094			
Distillation bottoms from the produ	ction of phthalic	anhydride from ort	ho-xylene.
Phthalic anhydride (measured as	100-21-0	0.055	28
Phthalic acid or Terephthalic			
acid)			
Phthalic anhydride (measured as	85-44-9	0.055	28
Phthalic acid or Terephthalic			
acid)			
K095			
Distillation bottoms from the produ	ction of 1,1,1-tri	chloroethane.	
Hexachloroethane	67-72-1	0.055	30
Pentachloroethane	76-01-7	0.055	6.0
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	630-20-6	0.057	6.0
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	79-34-6	0.057	6.0
Tetrachloroethylene	127-18-4	0.056	6.0
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	79-00-5	0.054	6.0
Trichloroethylene	79-01-6	0.054	6.0
VOOL			
N090	human from the a	noduction of 1 1 1 t	mi ala lana atla an a
meavy ends from the heavy ends co	541,72,1		richloroethane.
Dentachlana ethan a	341-73-1 76 01 7	0.030	0.0
Pentachioroethane	/0-01-/	0.055	6.0
1,1,1,2-Tetrachioroethane	030-20-0	0.057	6.0
1,1,2,2-1etrachioroethane	/9-34-0	0.057	6.0
letrachloroethylene	127-18-4	0.056	6.0
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	120-82-1	0.055	19
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	79-00-5	0.054	6.0
Trichloroethylene	79-01-6	0.054	6.0
K097			
Vacuum stripper discharge from the	e chlordane chlor	rinator in the produ	ction of chlordane.
Chlordane (α and γ isomers)	57-74-9	0.0033	0.26
Heptachlor	76-44-8	0.0012	0.066
Heptachlor epoxide	1024-57-3	0.016	0.066
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	77-47-4	0.057	2.4
Tiendemotoeyerependadiene	,, ,, ,	0.007	2.1
K098			
Untreated process wastewater from	the production of	of toxaphene.	
Toxaphene	8001-35-2	0.0095	2.6

POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

NOTICE OF ADOPTED AMENDMENTS

10

0.001

0.001

0.001

0.001

0.001

0.001

K099 Untreated wastewater from the production of 2,4-D. 2,4-Dichlorophenoxyacetic acid 94-75-7 0.72 HxCDDs (All Hexachloro-NA 0.000063 dibenzo-p-dioxins) HxCDFs (All Hexachloro-55684-94-1 0.000063 dibenzofurans) PeCDDs (All Pentachloro-36088-22-9 0.000063 dibenzo-p-dioxins) PeCDFs (All Pentachloro-30402-15-4 0.000035 dibenzofurans) TCDDs (All Tetrachloro-41903-57-5 0.000063 dibenzo-p-dioxins) TCDFs (All Tetrachloro-55722-27-5 0.000063 dibenzofurans)

K100

Waste leaching solution from acid leaching of emission control dust or sludge from secondary lead smelting.

Cadmium	7440-43-9	0.69	0.11 mg/ℓ TCLP
Chromium (Total)	7440-47-3	2.77	0.60 mg/ℓ TCLP
Lead	7439-92-1	0.69	0.75 mg/ℓ TCLP

K101

Distillation tar residues from the distillation of aniline-based compounds in the production of veterinary pharmaceuticals from arsenic or organo-arsenic compounds.

· 1	0	*	
o-Nitroaniline	88-74-4	0.27	14
Arsenic	7440-38-2	1.4	5.0 mg/ℓ TCLP
Cadmium	7440-43-9	0.69	NA
Lead	7439-92-1	0.69	NA
Mercury	7439-97-6	0.15	NA

K102

Residue from the use of activated carbon for decolorization in the production of veterinary pharmaceuticals from arsenic or organo-arsenic compounds.

o-Nitrophenol	88-75-5	0.028	13
Arsenic	7440-38-2	1.4	5.0 mg/ℓ TCLP
Cadmium	7440-43-9	0.69	NA
Lead	7439-92-1	0.69	NA
Mercury	7439-97-6	0.15	NA

POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

NOTICE OF ADOPTED AMENDMENTS

K103			
Process residues from aniline	extraction from the pr	oduction of aniline	
Aniline	62-53-3	0.81	14
Benzene	71-43-2	0.14	10
2,4-Dinitrophenol	51-28-5	0.12	160
Nitrobenzene	98-95-3	0.068	14
Phenol	108-95-2	0.039	6.2
K104			
Combined wastewater stream	s generated from nitro	benzene or aniline	production.
Aniline	62-53-3	0.81	14
Benzene	71-43-2	0.14	10
2,4-Dinitrophenol	51-28-5	0.12	160
Nitrobenzene	98-95-3	0.068	14
Phenol	108-95-2	0.039	6.2
Cyanides (Total) ⁷	57-12-5	1.2	590
K105			

Separated aqueous stream from the reactor product washing step in the production of chlorobenzenes.

71-43-2	0.14	10
108-90-7	0.057	6.0
95-57-8	0.044	5.7
95-50-1	0.088	6.0
106-46-7	0.090	6.0
108-95-2	0.039	6.2
95-95-4	0.18	7.4
88-06-2	0.035	7.4
	71-43-2 108-90-7 95-57-8 95-50-1 106-46-7 108-95-2 95-95-4 88-06-2	71-43-20.14108-90-70.05795-57-80.04495-50-10.088106-46-70.090108-95-20.03995-95-40.1888-06-20.035

K106

K106 (wastewater treatment sludge from the mercury cell process in chlorine production)nonwastewaters that contain greater than or equal to 260 mg/kg total mercury.Mercury7439-97-6NARMERC

K106

K106 (wastewater treatment sludge from the mercury cell process in chlorine production)nonwastewaters that contain less than 260 mg/kg total mercury that are residues from RMERC.Mercury7439-97-6NA0.20 mg/\ell TCLP

POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

NOTICE OF ADOPTED AMENDMENTS

K106

Other K106 nonwastewaters that contain less than 260 mg/kg total mercury and are not residues from RMERC.

Mercury	7439-97-6	NA	0.025 mg/l TCLP
K106			
All K106 wastewaters.			
Mercury	7439-97-6	0.15	NA

K107

Column bottoms from product separation from the production of 1,1-dimethylhydrazine (UDMH) from carboxylic acid hydrazides.

NA	CMBST; or	CMBST
	CHOXD fb	
	CARBN; or	
	BIODG fb	
	CARBN	
	NA	NA CMBST; or CHOXD fb CARBN; or BIODG fb CARBN

K108

Condensed column overheads from product separation and condensed reactor vent gases from the production of 1,1-dimethylhydrazine (UDMH) from carboxylic acid hydrazides.

NA	NA	CMBST; or	CMBST
		CHOXD fb	
		CARBN; or	
		BIODG fb	
		CARBN	

K109

Spent filter cartridges from product purification from the production of 1,1-dimethylhydrazine (UDMH) from carboxylic acid hydrazides.

NA

NA

CMBST; or CHOXD fb CARBN; or BIODG fb CARBN CMBST

CINIDS

POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

NOTICE OF ADOPTED AMENDMENTS

K110

Condensed column overheads from intermediate separation from the production of 1,1-dimethylhydrazine (UDMH) from carboxylic acid hydrazides.

NA	NA	CMBST; or CHOXD fb CARBN; or BIODG fb CARBN	CMBST
77 1 1 1		CAIDIN	

K111

Product washwaters from	the production of dinitrotolue	ene via	nitration of toluene.
2,4-Dinitrotoluene	121-14-2	0.32	140

2,1 Dimitotoraono		0.52	111
2,6-Dinitrotoluene	606-20-2	0.55	28

K112

Reaction by-product water from the drying column in the production of toluenediamine via hydrogenation of dinitrotoluene.

NA	NA	CMBST; or	CMBST
		CHOXD fb	
		CARBN; or	
		BIODG fb	
ж.		CARBN	

K113

Condensed liquid light ends from the purification of toluenediamine in the production of toluenediamine via hydrogenation of dinitrotoluene.

NA	NA	CARBN; or	CMBST
		CMBST	

K114

Vicinals from the purification of toluenediamine in the production of toluenediamine via hydrogenation of dinitrotoluene.

NA	NA	CARBN; or	CMBST
		CMBST	

K115

Heavy ends from the purification of toluenediamine in the production of toluenediamine via hydrogenation of dinitrotoluene.

Nickel	7440-02-0	3.98	11 mg/ℓ TCLP
NA	NA	CARBN; or	CMBST
		CMBST	

POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

NOTICE OF ADOPTED AMENDMENTS

K116

Organic condensate from the solvent recovery column in the production of toluene diisocyanate via phosgenation of toluenediamine.

NA	NA	CARBN; or	CMBST
		CMBST	

K117

Wastewater from the reactor vent gas scrubber in the production of ethylene dibromide via bromination of ethene.

Methyl bromide (Bromo-	74-83-9	0.11	15
methane)			
Chloroform	67-66-3	0.046	6.0
Ethylene dibromide (1,2-	106-93-4	0.028	15
Dibromoethane)			

K118

Spent absorbent solids from purification of ethylene dibromide in the production of ethylene dibromide via bromination of ethene.

Methyl bromide (Bromo-	74-83-9	0.11	15
methane)			
Chloroform	67-66-3	0.046	6.0
Ethylene dibromide (1,2-	106-93-4	0.028	15
Dibromoethane)			

K123

Process wastewater (including supernates, filtrates, and washwaters) from the production of ethylenebisdithiocarbamic acid and its salts.

NA	NA	CMBST; or	CMBST
		CHOXD fb	
		(BIODG or	
		CARBN)	

K124

Reactor vent scrubber water from the production of ethylenebisdithiocarbamic acid and its salts. NA NA CMBST; or CMBST CHOXD fb

(BIODG or CARBN)

POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

NOTICE OF ADOPTED AMENDMENTS

Κ	1	25	
	-		

Filtration, evaporation, and centrifugation solids from the production of ethylenebisdithiocarbamic acid and its salts.

NA	NA	CMBST; or	CMBST
		CHOXD fb	
		(BIODG or	
		CARBN)	

K126

Baghouse dust and floor sweepings in milling and packaging operations from the production or formulation of ethylenebisdithiocarbamic acid and its salts.

NA	NA	CMBST; or	CMBST
		CHOXD fb	
		(BIODG or	
		CARBN)	

K131

Wastewater from the reactor and spent sulfuric acid from the acid dryer from the production of methyl bromide.

Methyl bromide (Bromo-	x	74-83-9	0.11	15
methane)				

K132

Spent absorbent and wastewater	separator solids f	from the productio	n of methyl bromide.
Methyl bromide (Bromo-	74-83-9	0.11	15
methane)			

K136

Still bottoms from the purification of ethylene dibromide in the production of ethylene dibromide via bromination of ethene.

Methyl bromide (Bromo-	74-83-9	0.11	15
methane)			
Chloroform	67-66-3	0.046	6.0
Ethylene dibromide (1,2-	106-93-4	0.028	15
Dibromoethane)			

K141

Process residues from the recovery of coal tar, including, but not limited to, collecting sump residues from the production of coke or the recovery of coke by-products produced from coal. This listing does not include K087 (decanter tank tar sludge from coking operations). Benzene 71-43-2 0.14 10

POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

NOTICE OF ADOPTED AMENDMENTS

Benz(a)anthracene	56-55-3	0.059	3.4
Benzo(a)pyrene	50-2-8	0.061	3.4
Benzo(b)fluoranthene (difficult	205-99-2	0.11	6.8
to distinguish from benzo(k)-			
fluoranthene)			
Benzo(k)fluoranthene (difficult	207-08-9	0.11	6.8
to distinguish from benzo(b)-			
fluoranthene)			
Chrysene	218-01-9	0.059	3.4
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	53-70-3	0.055	8.2
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	193-39-5	0.0055	3.4

K142

Tar storage tank residues from the production of coke from coal or from the recovery of coke byproducts produced from coal.

Benzene	71-43-2	0.14	10
Benz(a)anthracene	56-55-3	0.059	3.4
Benzo(a)pyrene	50-32-8	0.061	3.4
Benzo(b)fluoranthene (difficult	205-99-2	0.11	6.8
to distinguish from benzo(k)-			
fluoranthene)			
Benzo(k)fluoranthene (difficult	207-08-9	0.11	6.8
to distinguish from benzo(b)-			
fluoranthene)			
Chrysene	218-01-9	0.059	3.4
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	53-70-3	0.055	8.2
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	193-39-5	0.0055	3.4

K143

Process residues from the recovery of light oil, including, but not limited to, those generated in stills, decanters, and wash oil recovery units from the recovery of coke by-products produced from coal.

Benzene	71-43-2	0.14	10 .
Benz(a)anthracene	56-55-3	0.059	3.4
Benzo(a)pyrene	50-32-8	0.061	3.4
Benzo(b)fluoranthene (difficult	205-99-2	0.11	6.8
to distinguish from benzo(k)-			
fluoranthene)			
Benzo(k)fluoranthene (difficult	207-08-9	0.11	6.8
to distinguish from benzo(b)-			
fluoranthene)			

POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

NOTICE OF ADOPTED AMENDMENTS

Chrysene	218-01-9	0.059	3.4
K144			
Wastewater sump residues from lig	tht oil refining, in	ncluding, but not li	mited to, intercepting or
contamination sump sludges from t	the recovery of c	oke by-products pr	oduced from coal.
Benzene	71-43-2	0.14	10
Benz(a)anthracene	56-55-3	0.059	3.4
Benzo(a)pyrene	50-32-8	0.061	3.4
Benzo(b)fluoranthene (difficult	205-99-2	0.11	6.8
to distinguish from benzo(k)-			
fluoranthene)			
Benzo(k)fluoranthene (difficult	207-08-9	0.11	6.8
to distinguish from benzo(b)-			
fluoranthene)			
Chrysene	218-01-9	0.059	3.4
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	53-70-3	0.055	8.2

K145

Residues from naphthalene collection and recovery operations from the recovery of coke byproducts produced from coal.

produced nom cour.			
Benzene	71-43-2	0.14	10
Benz(a)anthracene	56-55-3	0.059	3.4
Benzo(a)pyrene	50-32-8	0.061	3.4
Chrysene	218-01-9	0.059	3.4
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	53-70-3	0.055	8.2
Naphthalene	91-20-3	0.059	5.6
K147			
Tar storage tank residues from coal	tar refining.		
Benzene	71-43-2	0.14	10
Benz(a)anthracene	56-55-3	0.059	3.4
Benzo(a)pyrene	50-32-8	0.061	3.4
Benzo(b)fluoranthene (difficult	205-99-2	0.11	6.8
to distinguish from benzo(k)-			
fluoranthene)			
Benzo(k)fluoranthene (difficult	207-08-9	0.11	6.8
to distinguish from benzo(b)-			
fluoranthene)			
Chrysene	218-01-9	0.059	3.4
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	53-70-3	0.055	8.2
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	193-39-5	0.0055	3.4

POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

NOTICE OF ADOPTED AMENDMENTS

K	148	

including, but n	ot limited to, still both	toms.
56-55-3	0.059	3.4
50-32-8	0.061	3.4
205-99-2	0.11	6.8
207-08-9	0.11	6.8
218-01-9	0.059	3.4
53-70-3	0.055	8.2
193-39-5	0.0055	3.4
	including, but n 56-55-3 50-32-8 205-99-2 207-08-9 218-01-9 53-70-3 193-39-5	including, but not limited to, still both 56-55-3 0.059 50-32-8 0.061 205-99-2 0.11 207-08-9 0.11 218-01-9 0.059 53-70-3 0.055 193-39-5 0.0055

K149

Distillation bottoms from the production of α - (or methyl-) chlorinated toluenes, ring-chlorinated toluenes, benzoyl chlorides, and compounds with mixtures of these functional groups. (This waste does not include still bottoms from the distillations of benzyl chloride.)

		2	,
Chlorobenzene	108-90-7	0.057	6.0
Chloroform	67-66-3	0.046	6.0
Chloromethane	74-87-3	0.19	30
p-Dichlorobenzene	106-46-7	0.090	6.0
Hexachlorobenzene	118-74-1	0.055	10
Pentachlorobenzene	608-93-5	0.055	10
1,2,4,5-Tetrachlorobenzene	95-94-3	0.055	14
Toluene	108-88-3	0.080	10

K150

Organic residuals, excluding spent carbon adsorbent, from the spent chlorine gas and hydrochloric acid recovery processes associated with the production of α - (or methyl-) chlorinated toluenes, ring-chlorinated toluenes, benzoyl chlorides, and compounds with mixtures of these functional groups.

Carbon tetrachloride	56-23-5	0.057	6.0
Chloroform	67-66-3	0.046	6.0
Chloromethane	74-87-3	0.19	30
p-Dichlorobenzene	106-46-7	0.090	6.0
Hexachlorobenzene	118-74-1	0.055	10
Pentachlorobenzene	608-93-5	0.055	10
1,2,4,5-Tetrachlorobenzene	95-94-3	0.055	14
1,1,2,2- Tetrachloroethane	79-34-5	0.057	6.0
Tetrachloroethylene	127-18-4	0.056	6.0

POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

NOTICE OF ADOPTED AMENDMENTS

1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	120-82-1	0.055	19
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K151

Wastewater treatment sludges, excluding neutralization and biological sludges, generated during the treatment of wastewaters from the production of α - (or methyl-) chlorinated toluenes, ringchlorinated toluenes, benzoyl chlorides, and compounds with mixtures of these functional groups.

71-43-2	0.14	10
56-23-5	0.057	6.0
67-66-3	0.046	6.0
118-74-1	0.055	10
608-93-5	0.055	10
95-94-3	0.055	14
127-18-4	0.056	6.0
108-88-3	0.080	10
	71-43-2 56-23-5 67-66-3 118-74-1 608-93-5 95-94-3 127-18-4 108-88-3	71-43-20.1456-23-50.05767-66-30.046118-74-10.055608-93-50.05595-94-30.055127-18-40.056108-88-30.080

K156

Organic waste (including heavy ends, still bottoms, light ends, spent solvents, filtrates, and decantates) from the production of carbamates and carbamoyl oximes.

75-05-8	5.6	1.8
98-86-2	0.010	9.7
62-53-3	0.81	14
17804-35-2	0.056; or CMBST, CHOXD, BIODG or CARBN	1.4; or CMBST
71-43-2	0.14	10
63-25-2	0.006; or CMBST, CHOXD, BIODG or CARBN	0.14; or CMBST
10605-21-7	0.056; or CMBST, CHOXD, BIODG or CARBN	1.4; or CMBST
1563-66-2	0.006; or CMBST, CHOXD, BIODG or CARBN	0.14; or CMBST
55285-14-8	0.028; or CMBST, CHOXD, BIODG or CARBN	1.4; or CMBST
108-90-7	0.057	6.0
67-66-3	0.046	6.0
95-50-1	0.088	6.0
	75-05-8 98-86-2 62-53-3 17804-35-2 71-43-2 63-25-2 10605-21-7 1563-66-2 55285-14-8 108-90-7 67-66-3 95-50-1	75-05-8 5.6 98-86-2 0.010 62-53-3 0.81 17804-35-2 0.056; or CMBST, CHOXD, BIODG or CARBN 71-43-2 0.14 63-25-2 0.006; or CMBST, CHOXD, BIODG or CARBN 10605-21-7 0.056; or CMBST, CHOXD, BIODG or CARBN 1563-66-2 0.006; or CMBST, CHOXD, BIODG or CARBN 55285-14-8 0.028; or CMBST, CHOXD, BIODG or CARBN 108-90-7 0.057 67-66-3 0.046 95-50-1 0.088

POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

NOTICE OF ADOPTED AMENDMENTS

Methomyl ¹⁰	16752-77-5	0.028; or CMBST, CHOXD, BIODG or CARBN	0.14; or CMBST
Methylene chloride	75-09-2	0.089	30
Methyl ethyl ketone	78-93-3	0.28	36
Naphthalene	91-20-3	0.059	5.6
Phenol	108-95-2	0.039	6.2
Pyridine	110-86-1	0.014	16
Toluene	108-88-3	0.080	10
Triethylamine	121-44-8	0.081; or CMBST, CHOXD, BIODG or CARBN	1.5; or CMBST

K157

Wastewaters (including scrubber waters, condenser waters, washwaters, and separation waters) from the production of carbamates and carbamoyl oximes.

Carbon tetrachloride	56-23-5	0.057	60
Chloroform	67 66 3	0.037	6.0
Chiorotonni	07-00-3	0.040	0.0
Chloromethane	74-87-3	0.19	30
Methomyl ¹⁰	16752-77-5	0.028; or CMBST,	0.14; or CMBST
		CHOXD, BIODG	
		or CARBN	
Methylene chloride	75-09-2	0.089	30
Methyl ethyl ketone	78-93-3	0.28	36
Pyridine	110-86-1	0.014	16
Triethylamine	121-44-8	0.081; or CMBST,	1.5; or CMBST
-		CHOXD, BIODG	
		OF CADDN	
		UI CARDIN	

K158

Baghouse dusts and filter/separation solids from the production of carbamates and carbamoyl oximes.

Benomyl ¹⁰	17804-35-2	0.056; or CMBST, CHOXD, BIODG or CARBN	1.4; or CMBSTP
Benzene	71-43-2	0.14	10
Carbenzadim ¹⁰	10605-21-7	0.056; or CMBST, CHOXD, BIODG or CARBN	1.4; or CMBST

POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

NOTICE OF ADOPTED AMENDMENTS

Carbofuran ¹⁰	1563-66-2	0.006; or CMBST, CHOXD, BIODG or CARBN	0.14; or CMBST
Carbosulfan ¹⁰	55285-14-8	0.028; or CMBST, CHOXD, BIODG or CARBN	1.4; or CMBST
Chloroform	67-66-3	0.046	6.0
Methylene chloride	75-09-2	0.089	30
Phenol	108-95-2	0.039	6.2
K159			
Organics from the treatment of	of thiocarbamate wastes	.10	
Benzene	71-43-2	0.14	10
Butylate ¹⁰	2008-41-5	0.042; or CMBST, CHOXD, BIODG	1.4; or CMBST
EPTC (Eptam) ¹⁰	759-94-4	or CARBN 0.042; or CMBST, CHOXD, BIODG	1.4; or CMBST
Molinate ¹⁰	2212-67-1	0.042; or CMBST, CHOXD, BIODG	1.4; or CMBST
Pebulate ¹⁰	1114-71-2	0.042; or CMBST, CHOXD, BIODG	1.4; or CMBST
Vernolate ¹⁰	1929-77-7	0.042; or CMBST, CHOXD, BIODG or CARBN	1.4; or CMBST

K161

Purification solids (including filtration, evaporation, and centrifugation solids), baghouse dust, and floor sweepings from the production of dithiocarbamate acids and their salts.

Antimony	7440-36-0	1.9	1.15^{11}
Arsenic	7440-38-2	1.4	5.0^{11}
Carbon disulfide	75-15-0	3.8	4.811
Dithiocarbamates (total) ¹⁰	137-30-4	0.028; or CMBST, CHOXD, BIODG or CARBN	28; or CMBST
Lead	7439-92-1	0.69	0.75^{11}
Nickel	7440-02-0	3.98	11^{11}
Selenium	7782-49-2	0.82	5.7^{11}

POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

NOTICE OF ADOPTED AMENDMENTS

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	16

Crude oil tank sediment from p	etroleum refining ope	erations.	
Benz(a)anthracene	56-55-3	0.059	3.4
Benzene	71-43-2	0.14	10
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	191-24-2	0.0055	1.8
Chrysene	218-01-9	0.059	3.4
Ethyl benzene	100-41-4	0.057	10
Fluorene	86-73-7	0.059	3.4
Naphthalene	91-20-3	0.059	5.6
Phenanthrene	81-05-8	0.059	5.6
Pyrene	129-00-0	0.067	8.2
Toluene (Methyl Benzene)	108-88-3	0.080	10
Xylenes (Total)	1330-20-7	0.32	30

K170

Clarified slurry oil sediment from petroleum refining operations.

	1 (
Benz(a)anthracene	56-55-3	0.059	3.4
Benzene	71-43-2	0.14	10
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	191-24-2	0.0055	1.8
Chrysene	218-01-9	0.059	3.4
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	53-70-3	0.055	8.2
Ethyl benzene	100-41-4	0.057	10
Fluorene	86-73-7	0.059	3.4
Indeno(1,2,3,-cd)pyrene	193-39-5	0.0055	3.4
Naphthalene	91-20-3	0.059	5.6
Phenanthrene	81-05-8	0.059	5.6
Pyrene	129-00-0	0.067	8.2
Toluene (Methyl Benzene)	108-88-3	0.080	10
Xylenes (Total	1330-20-7	0.32	30

K171

Spent hydrotreating catalyst from petroleum refining operations, including guard beds used to desulfurize feeds to other catalytic reactors. (This listing does not include inert support media.)

Benz(a)anthracene	56-55-3	0.059	3.4
Benzene	71-43-2	0.14	10
Chrysene	218-01-9	0.059	3.4
Ethyl benzene	100-41-4	0.057	10
Naphthalene	91-20-3	0.059	5.6
Phenanthrene	81-05-8	0.059	5.6
Pyrene	129-00-0	0.067	8.2
Toluene (Methyl Benzene)	108-88-3	0.080	10

POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

NOTICE OF ADOPTED AMENDMENTS

Xylenes (Total)	1330-20-7	0.32	30
Arsenic	7740-38-2	1.4	5 mg/ℓ TCLP
Nickel	7440-02-0	3.98	11.0 mg/{ TCLP
Vanadium	7440-62-2	4.3	1.6 mg/ℓ TCLP
Reactive sulfides	NA	DEACT	DEACT

K172

Spent hydrorefining catalyst from petroleum refining operations, including guard beds used to desulfurize feeds to other catalytic reactors. (This listing does not include inert support media.)

5		0	11 /
Benzene	71-43-2	0.14	10
Ethyl benzene	100-41-4	0.057	10
Toluene (Methyl Benzene)	108-88-3	0.080	10
Xylenes (Total)	1330-20-7	0.32	30
Antimony	7740-36-0	1.9	1.15 mg/ℓ TCLP
Arsenic	7740-38-2	1.4	5 mg/ℓ TCLP
Nickel	7440-02-0	3.98	11.0 mg/ℓ TCLP
Vanadium	7440-62-2	4.3	1.6 mg/ℓ TCLP
Reactive Sulfides	NA	DEACT	DEACT

K174

Wastewater treatment sludge from the production of ethylene dicholoride or vinyl choloride monomer.

1,2,3,4,6,7,8-Heptachloro- dibenzo-p-dioxin (1,2,3,4,6,7,8-	35822-46-9	0.000035 or CMBST ¹¹	0.0025 or CMBST ¹¹
HpCDD)			
1,2,3,4,6,7,8-Heptachloro-	67562-39-4	0.000035 or	0.0025 or
dibenzofuran (1,2,3,4,6,7,8-		CMBST ¹¹	CMBST ¹¹
HpCDF)			
1,2,3,4,7,8,9-Heptachloro-	55673-89-7	0.000035 or	0.0025 or
dibenzofuran (1,2,3,4,7,8,9-		CMBST ¹¹	CMBST ¹¹
HpCDF)			
All hexachlorodibenzo-p-dioxins	34465-46-8	0.000063 or	0.001 or CMBST ¹¹
(HxCDDs)		CMBST ¹¹	
All hexachlorodibenzofurans	55684-94-1	0.000063 or	0.001 or CMBST ¹¹
(HxCDFs)		CMBST ¹¹	
1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9-Octachloro-	3268-87-9	0.000063 or	0.005 or CMBST ¹¹
dibenzo-p-dioxin		CMBST ¹¹	
(1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9-OCDD)			
1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9-Octachloro-	39001-02-0	0.000063 or	0.005 or CMBST ¹¹
dibenzofuran (1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9-		CMBST ¹¹	
OCDF)			

POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

NOTICE OF ADOPTED AMENDMENTS

All pentachlorodibenzo-p-	36088-22-9	0.000063 or	0.001 or CMBST ¹¹
dioxins (PeCDDs)		CMBST ¹¹	
All pentachlorodibenzofurans	30402-15-4	0.000035 or	0.001 or CMBST ¹¹
(PeCDFs)		CMBST ¹¹	
All tetrachlorodibenzo-p-dioxins	41903-57-5	0.000063 or	0.001 or CMBST ¹¹
(TCDDs)		CMBST ¹¹	
All tetrachlorodibenzofurans	55722-27-5	0.000063 or	0.001 or CMBST ¹¹
(TCDFs)		CMBST ¹¹	
Arsenic	7440-36-0	1.4	5.0 mg/l TCLP

K175

Wastewater treatment sludge from the production of vinyl choloride monomer using mercuric chloride catalyst in an acetylene-based process.

Mercury ¹²	7439-97-6	NA	0.025 mg/ℓ TCLP
PH ¹²		NA	pH≤6.0
K175 All K175 wastewaters. Mercury	7439-97-6	0.15	NA

K176

Baghouse filters from the production of antimony oxide, including filters from the production of intermediates e.g., antimony metal or crude antimony oxide).

Antimony	7440-36-0	1.9	1.15 mg/ℓ TCLP
Arsenic	7440-38-2	1.4	5.0 mg/l TCLP
Cadmium	7440-43-9	0.69	0.11 mg/ℓ TCLP
Lead	7439-92-1	0.69	0.75 mg/ℓ TCLP
Mercury	7439-97-6	0.15	0.025 mg/l TCLP
			_

K177

Slag from the production of antimony oxide that is speculatively accumulated or disposed, including slag from the production of intermediates (e.g., antimony metal or crude antimony oxide).

Antimony	7440-36-0	1.9	1.15 mg/ℓ TCLP
Arsenic	7440-38-2	1.4	5.0 mg/l TCLP
Lead	7439-92-1	0.69	0.75 mg/ℓ TCLP

POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

NOTICE OF ADOPTED AMENDMENTS

K178

Residues from manufacturing and manufacturing-site storage of ferric chloride from acids formed during the production of titanium dioxide using the chloride-ilmenite process.

1,2,3,4,6,7,8-Heptachloro-	35822-46-9	0.000035 or	0.0025 or
HpCDD)		CMBS1	CMBST
1,2,3,4,6,7,8-Heptachloro-	67562-39-4	0.000035 or	0.0025 or
dibenzofuran (1,2,3,4,6,7,8-		CMBST ¹¹	CMBST ¹¹
HpCDF)			
1,2,3,4,7,8,9-Heptachloro-	55673-89-7	0.000035 or	0.0025 or
dibenzofuran (1,2,3,4,7,8,9-		CMBST ¹¹	CMBST ¹¹
HpCDF)			
HxCDDs (All Hexachloro-	34465-46-8	0.000063 or	0.001 or CMBST ¹¹
dibenzo-p-dioxins)		CMBST ¹¹	
HxCDFs (All Hexachloro-	55684-94-1	0.000063 or	0.001 or CMBST ¹¹
dibenzofurans)		CMBST ¹¹	
1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9-Octachloro-	3268-87-9	0.000063 or	0.005 or CMBST ¹¹
dibenzo-p-dioxin		CMBST ¹¹	
(1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9-OCDD)			
1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9-Octachloro-	39001-02-0	0.000063 or	0.005 or CMBST ¹¹
dibenzofuran (OCDF)		CMBST ¹¹	
PeCDDs (All Pentachloro-	36088-22-9	0.000063 or	0.001 or CMBST ¹¹
dibenzo-p-dioxins)		CMBST ¹¹	
PeCDFs (All Pentachloro-	30402-15-4	0.000035 or	0.001 or CMBST ¹¹
dibenzofurans)		CMBST ¹¹	
TCDDs (All Tetrachloro-	41903-57-5	0.000063 or	0.001 or CMBST ¹¹
dibenzo-p-dioxins)		CMBST ¹¹	
TCDFs (All Tetrachloro-	55722-27-5	0.000063 or	0.001 or CMBST ¹¹
dibenzofurans)		CMBST ¹¹	
Thallium	7440-28-0	1.4	0.20 mg/l TCLP

K181

Nonwastewaters from the production of dyes or pigments (including nonwastewaters commingled at the point of generation with nonwastewaters from other processes) that, at the point of generation, contain mass loadings of any of the constituents identified in Section 721.132(c) which are equal to or greater than the corresponding Section 721.132(c) levels, as determined on a calendar-year basis.

Aniline	62-53-3	0.81	14
o-Anisidine (2-methoxyaniline)	90-04-0	0.010	0.66
4-Chloroaniline	106-47-8	0.46	16
p-Cresidine	120-71-8	0.010	0.66

POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

2,4-Dimethylaniline (2,4-	95-68-1	0.010	0.66
1,2-Phenylenediamine	95-54-5	CMBST; or CHOXD fb (BIODG or CARBN); or BIODG fb CARBN	CMBST; or CHOXD fb (BIODG or CARBN); or BIODG fb CARBN
1,3-Phenylenediamine	108-45-2	0.010	0.66
P001			
Warfarin, & salts, when presen Warfarin	t at concentrations g 81-81-2	reater than 0.3 percent. (WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
P002			
1-Acetyl-2-thiourea. 1-Acetyl-2-thiourea	591-08-2	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
P003 Acrolein. Acrolein	107-02-8	0.29	CMBST
P004 Aldrin. Aldrin	309-00-2	0.021	0.066
P005 Allyl alcohol. Allyl alcohol	107-18-6	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST

POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

P006			
Aluminum phosphide. Aluminum phosphide	20859-73-8	CHOXD; CHRED; or CMBST	CHOXD; CHRED; or CMBST
P007			
5-Aminomethyl-3-isoxazolol. 5-Aminomethyl-3-isoxazolol	2763-96-4	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
P008			
4-Aminopyridine.4-Aminopyridine	504-24-5	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
P009			
Ammonium picrate. Ammonium picrate	131-74-8	CHOXD; CHRED; CARBN; BIODG; or CMBST	CHOXD; CHRED; or CMBST
P010			
Arsenic acid. Arsenic	7440-38-2	1.4	5.0 mg/ℓ TCLP
P011			
Arsenic pentoxide. Arsenic	7440-38-2	1.4	5.0 mg/ℓ TCLP
P012 Arsenic trioxide. Arsenic	7440-38-2	1.4	5.0 mg/ℓ TCLP
P013			
Barium cyanide. Barium Cyanides (Total) ⁷ Cyanides (Amenable) ⁷	7440-39-3 57-12-5 57-12-5	NA 1.2 0.86	21 mg/ℓ TCLP 590 30

POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

P014			
Thiophenol (Benzene thiol). Thiophenol (Benzene thiol)	108-98-5	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
P015 Beryllium dust. Beryllium	7440-41-7	RMETL;or RTHRM	RMETL; or RTHRM
P016 Dichloromethyl ether <u>(Bis(chlorom</u>	<u>ethyl) ether) (Bis(e</u> l	nloromethyl)ether).	
Dichloromethyl ether	542-88-1	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
P017			
Bromoacetone. Bromoacetone	598-31-2	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
P018			
Brucine. Brucine	357-57-3	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
P020 2-sec-Butyl-4,6-dinitrophenol (Din 2-sec-Butyl-4,6-dinitrophenol (Dinoseb)	oseb). 88-85-7	0.066	2.5
P021			
Cyanides (Total) ⁷ Cyanides (Amenable) ⁷	57-12-5 57-12-5	1.2 0.86	590 30

POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

P022 Carbon disulfide. Carbon disulfide Carbon disulfide; alternate ⁶ standard for nonwastewaters only	75-15-0 75-15-0	3.8 NA	CMBST 4.8 mg/{ TCLP
P023			
Chloroacetaldehyde. Chloroacetaldehyde	107-20-0	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
P024			
p-Chloroaniline. p-Chloroaniline	106-47-8	0.46	16
P026 1-(o-Chlorophenyl)thiourea. 1-(o-Chlorophenyl)thiourea	5344-82-1	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
P027			
3-Chloropropionitrile.3-Chloropropionitrile	542-76-7	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
P028			
Benzyl chloride. Benzyl chloride	100-44-7	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
P029			
Copper cyanide. Cyanides (Total) ⁷	57-12-5	1.2	590

POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

Cyanides (Amenable) ⁷	57-12-5	0.86	30
P030			
Cyanides (soluble salts and comple	exes).	1.0	
Cyanides (Total)	57-12-5	1.2	590
Cyanides (Amenable)'	57-12-5	0.86	30
P031			
Cyanogen.			
Cyanogen	460-19-5	CHOXD;	CHOXD;
		WETOX; or	WETOX; or
		CMBST	CMBST
P033			
Cyanogen chloride.			
Cyanogen chloride	506-77-4	CHOXD;	CHOXD;
		WETOX; or	WETOX; or
		CMBST	CMBST
P034			
2-Cvclohexvl-4.6-dinitrophenol			
2-Cyclohexyl-4,6-dinitrophenol	131-89-5	(WETOX or	CMBST
		CHOXD) fb	
		CARBN; or	
		CMBST	
P036			
Dichlorophenylarsine.			
Arsenic	7440-38-2	1.4	5.0 mg/ℓ TCLP
			0
P037			
Dieldrin.	(0, 57, 1)	0.017	0.12
Dieldrin	00-5/-1	0.017	0.13
P038			
Diethylarsine.			
Arsenic	7440-38-2	1.4	5.0 mg/ℓ TCLP
P039			
Disulfoton.			
Disulfoton	298-04-4	0.017	6.2

POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

P040 O,O-Diethyl-O-pyrazinyl-phosphoro O,O-Diethyl-O-pyrazinyl- phosphorothioate	othioate. 297-97-2	CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
P041 Diethyl-p-nitrophenyl phosphate. Diethyl-p-nitrophenyl phosphate	311-45-5	CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
P042 Epinephrine. Epinephrine	51-43-4	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
P043 Diisopropylfluorophosphate (DFP). Diisopropylfluorophosphate (DFP)	55-91-4	CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
P044 Dimethoate. Dimethoate	60-51-5	CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
P045 Thiofanox. Thiofanox	39196-18-4	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
P046			
α, α -Dimethylphenethylamine. α, α -Dimethylphenethylamine	122-09-8	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST

POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

P047 4,6-Dinitro-o-cresol. 4,6-Dinitro-o-cresol	543-52-1	0.28	160
P047 4,6-Dinitro-o-cresol salts. NA	NA	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
P048 2,4-Dinitrophenol. 2,4-Dinitrophenol	51-28-5	0.12	160
P049 Dithiobiuret. Dithiobiuret	541-53-7	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
P050 Endosulfan. Endosulfan I Endosulfan II Endosulfan sulfate	939-98-8 33213-6-5 1031-07-8	0.023 0.029 0.029	0.066 0.13 0.13
P051 Endrin. Endrin Endrin aldehyde	72-20-8 7421-93-4	0.0028 0.025	0.13 0.13
P054 Aziridine. Aziridine	151-56-4	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST

POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

P056			
Fluoride (measured in wastewaters only)	16984-48-8	35	ADGAS fb NEUTR
P057			
Fluoroacetamide.		(10000)	
Fluoroacetamide	640-19-7	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
P058			
Fluoroacetic acid, sodium salt. Fluoroacetic acid, sodium salt	62-74-8	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
P059			
Heptachlor. Heptachlor Heptachlor epoxide	76-44-8 1024-57-3	0.0012 0.016	0.066 0.066
1 1 D0/0			
P060 Isodrin			
Isodrin	465-73-6	0.021	0.066
P062			
Hexaethyl tetraphosphate.		CADDI	
Hexaethyl tetraphosphate	/5/-58-4	CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
P063			
Hydrogen cyanide.			
Cyanides (Total) ⁷	57-12-5	1.2	590 20
Cyallines (Allicitable)	5/-12-5	0.00	50

POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

NOTICE OF ADOPTED AMENDMENTS

P064

Isocyanic acid, ethyl ester.			
Isocyanic acid, ethyl ester	624-83-9	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb	CMBST
		CARBN; or CMBST	
P065 P065 (mercury fulminate) nonwast	tewaters, regardless	of their total mercury	content, that are not
Mercury	7439-97-6	NA	IMERC
P065 P065 (mercury fulminate) nonwast from RMERC: and contain greater	tewaters that are eit	her incinerator residue	es or are residues
Mercury	7339-97-6	NA	RMERC
P065 P065 (mercury fulminate) nonwast 260 mg/kg total mercury.	tewaters that are res	sidues from RMERC a	nd contain less than
Mercury	7439-97-6	NA	0.20 mg/ℓ TCLP
P065 P065 (mercury fulminate) nonwast mg/kg total mercury.	tewaters that are inc	cinerator residues and	contain less than 260
Mercury	7439-97-6	NA	0.025 mg/l TCLP
P065 All P065 (mercury fulminate) was	tewaters	,	
Mercury	7439-97-6	0.15	NA
P066 Methomyl.			
Methomyl	16752-77-5	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST

POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

P067			
2-Methyl-aziridine 2-Methyl-aziridine	75-55-8	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
P068 Methyl hydrazine. Methyl hydrazine	60-34-4	CHOXD; CHRED; CARBN; BIODG; or CMBST	CHOXD; CHRED, or CMBST
P069 2-Methyllactonitrile. 2-Methyllactonitrile	75-86-5	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
P070 Aldicarb. Aldicarb	116-06-3	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
P071 Methyl parathion. Methyl parathion	298-00-0	0.014	4.6
P072 1-Naphthyl-2-thiourea. 1-Naphthyl-2-thiourea	86-88-4	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
P073 Nickel carbonyl. Nickel	7440-02-0	3.98	11 mg/ℓ TCLP

POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

57-12-5 57-12-5	1.2 0.86	590 30
7440-02-0	3.98	11 mg/ℓ TCLP
54-11-5	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
10102-43-9	ADGAS	ADGAS
100-01-6	0.028	28
10102-44-0	ADGAS	ADGAS
55-63-0	CHOXD; CHRED; CARBN; BIODG or CMBST	CHOXD; CHRED; or CMBST
62-75-9	0.40	2.3
4549-40-0	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or	CMBST
	57-12-5 57-12-5 7440-02-0 54-11-5 10102-43-9 100-01-6 10102-44-0 55-63-0 62-75-9 4549-40-0	57-12-5 1.2 57-12-5 0.86 7440-02-0 3.98 54-11-5 (WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST 10102-43-9 ADGAS 100-01-6 0.028 10102-44-0 ADGAS 55-63-0 CHOXD; CHRED; CARBN; BIODG or CMBST 62-75-9 0.40 4549-40-0 (WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMD) fb CARBN; or CMBN;

POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

P085			
Octamethylpyrophosphoramide. Octamethylpyrophosphoramide	152-16-9	CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
P087			
Osmium tetroxide.			
Osmium tetroxide	20816-12-0	RMETL; or RTHRM	RMETL; or RTHRM
P088			
Endothall.			
Endothall	145-73-3	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
P089			
Parathion.			
Parathion	56-38-2	0.014	4.6
P092 P092 (phenyl mercuric acetate) no are not incinerator residues or are Mercury	nwastewaters, rega not residues from I 7439-97-6	ardless of their total m RMERC. NA	ercury content, that IMERC; or RMERC
P092			
P092 (phenyl mercuric acetate) no residues from RMERC; and still co	nwastewaters that ontain greater than	are either incinerator or equal to 260 mg/k	residues or are g total mercury.
Mercury	7439-97-6	ŇA	RMERC
P092 P092 (phenyl mercuric acetate) no then 260 mg/kg total mercury	nwastewaters that	are residues from RM	ERC and contain less
Mercury	7439-97-6	NA	0.20 mg/l TCLP
P092			
P092 (phenyl mercuric acetate) no.	nwastewaters that	are incinerator residue	es and contain less
Mercury	7439-97-6	NA	0.025 mg/ℓ TCLP

POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

P092 All P092 (phenyl mercuric acetate)	wastewaters.	0.15	
Mercury	7439-97-6	0.15	NA
P093 Phenylthiourea. Phenylthiourea	103-85-5	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or	CMBST
		CMBST	
P094 Phorate.			
Phorate	298-02-2	0.021	4.6
P095 Phosgene.			
Phosgene	75-44-5	(WETOX or	CMBST
		CARBN; or CMBST	
P096 Phosphine.			
Phosphine	7803-51-2	CHOXD; CHRED; or CMBST	CHOXD; CHRED; or CMBST
P097			
Famphur.			
Famphur	52-85-7	0.017	15
P098 Potassium cyanide.			
Cyanides (Total) ⁷	57-12-5	1.2	590
Cyanides (Amenable) ⁷	57-12-5	0.86	30
P099 Potassium silver cyanide			
Cyanides (Total) ⁷	57-12-5	1.2	590
Cyanides (Amenable) ⁷	57-12-5	0.86	30
Silver	7440-22-4	0.43	0.14 mg/l TCLP

POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

P101 Ethyl cyanide (Propanenitrile). Ethyl cyanide (Propanenitrile)	107-12-0	0.24	360
P102 Propargyl alcohol. Propargyl alcohol	107-19-7	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
P103 Selenourea. Selenium	7782-49-2	0.82	5.7 mg/ℓ TCLP
P104 Silver cyanide. Cyanides (Total) ⁷ Cyanides (Amenable) ⁷ Silver	57-12-5 57-12-5 7440-22-4	1.2 0.86 0.43	590 30 0.14 mg/ℓ TCLP
P105 Sodium azide. Sodium azide	26628-22-8	CHOXD; CHRED; CARBN; BIODG; or CMBST	CHOXD; CHRED or CMBST
P106 Sodium cyanide. Cyanides (Total) ⁷ Cyanides (Amenable) ⁷	57-12-5 57-12-5	1.2 0.86	590 30
P108 Strychnine and salts. Strychnine and salts	57-24-9	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST

POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

P109 Tetraethyldithiopyrophosphate. Tetraethyldithiopyrophosphate	3689-24-5	CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
P110 Tetraethyl lead. Lead	7439-92-1	0.69	0.75 mg/ℓ TCLP
P111 Tetraethylpyrophosphate. Tetraethylpyrophosphate	107-49-3	CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
P112 Tetranitromethane. Tetranitromethane	509-14-8	CHOXD; CHRED; CARBN; BIODG; or CMBST	CHOXD; CHRED; or CMBST
P113 Thallic oxide. Thallium (measured in wastewaters only)	7440-28-0	1.4	RTHRM; or STABL
P114 Thallium selenite. Selenium	7782-49-2	0.82	5.7 mg/ℓ TCLP
P115 Thallium (I) sulfate. Thallium (measured in wastewaters only)	7440-28-0	1.4	RTHRM; or STABL
P116 Thiosemicarbazide. Thiosemicarbazide	79-19-6	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST

POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

P118			
Trichloromethanethiol	75-70-7	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
P119 Ammonium vanadate. Vanadium (measured in wastewaters only)	7440-62-2	4.3	STABL
P120 Vanadium pentoxide. Vanadium (measured in wastewaters only)	7440-62-2	4.3	STABL
P121 Zinc cyanide. Cyanides (Total) ⁷ Cyanides (Amenable) ⁷	57-12-5 57-12-5	1.2 0.86	590 30
P122 Zinc phosphide Zn ₃ P ₂ , when present Zinc Phosphide	at concentrations g 1314-84-7	reater than 10 percent. CHOXD; CHRED; or CMBST	CHOXD; CHRED; or CMBST
P123 Toxaphene. Toxaphene	8001-35-2	0.0095	2.6
P127 Carbofuran. ¹⁰ Carbofuran	1563-66-2	0.006; or CMBST, CHOXD, BIODG or CARBN	0.14; or CMBST
P128 Mexacarbate. ¹⁰ Mexacarbate	315-18-4	0.056; or CMBST, CHOXD, BIODG or CARBN	1.4; or CMBST

POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

P185			
Tirpate. ¹⁰ Tirpate	26419-73-8	0.056; or CMBST, CHOXD, BIODG or CARBN	0.28; or CMBST
P188 Physostigimine salicylate. ¹⁰ Physostigmine salicylate	57-64-7	0.056; or CMBST, CHOXD, BIODG or CARBN	1.4; or CMBST
P189 Carbosulfan. ¹⁰ Carbosulfan	55285-14-8	0.028; or CMBST, CHOXD, BIODG or CARBN	1.4; or CMBST
P190 Metolcarb. ¹⁰ Metolcarb	1129-41-5	0.056; or CMBST, CHOXD, BIODG or CARBN	1.4; or CMBST
P191 Dimetilan. ¹⁰ Dimetilan	644-64-4	0.056; or CMBST, CHOXD, BIODG or CARBN	1.4; or CMBST
P192 Isolan. ¹⁰ Isolan	119-38-0	0.056; or CMBST, CHOXD, BIODG or CARBN	1.4; or CMBST
P194 Oxamyl. ¹⁰ Oxamyl	23135-22-0	0.056; or CMBST, CHOXD, BIODG or CARBN	0.28; or CMBST

POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

P196			
Manganese dimethyldithiocarbama Dithiocarbamates (total)	tes (total). ¹⁰ NA	0.028; or CMBST, CHOXD, BIODG or CARBN	28; or CMBST
P197			
Formparanate. ¹⁰			
Formparanate	17702-57-7	0.056; or CMBST, CHOXD, BIODG or CARBN	1.4; or CMBST
P198			
Formetanate hydrochloride. ¹⁰			
Formetanate hydrochloride	23422-53-9	0.056; or CMBST, CHOXD, BIODG or CARBN	1.4; or CMBST
P199			
Methiocarb. ¹⁰			
Methiocarb	2032-65-7	0.056; or CMBST, CHOXD, BIODG or CARBN	1.4; or CMBST
P201			
Promecarb. ¹⁰			
Promecarb	2631-37-0	0.056; or CMBST, CHOXD, BIODG or CARBN	1.4; or CMBST
P202			
m-Cumenyl methylcarbamate. ¹⁰ m-Cumenyl methylcarbamate	64-00-6	0.056; or CMBST, CHOXD, BIODG or CARBN	1.4; or CMBST
P203			
Aldicarb sulfone. ¹⁰			
Aldicarb sulfone	1646-88-4	0.056; or CMBST, CHOXD, BIODG or CARBN	0.28; or CMBST

POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

P204 Physostigmine. ¹⁰			
Physostigmine	57-47-6	0.056; or CMBST, CHOXD, BIODG or CARBN	1.4; or CMBST
P205 Ziram. ¹⁰			
Dithiocarbamates (total)	NA	0.028; or CMBST, CHOXD, BIODG or CARBN	28; or CMBST
U001			
Acetaldehyde	75-07-0	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
U002			
Acetone	67-64-1	0.28	160
U003			
Acetonitrile. Acetonitrile Acetonitrile; alternate ⁶ standard for nonwastewaters only	75-05-8 75-05-8	5.6 NA	CMBST 38
U004			
Acetophenone Acetophenone	98-86-2	0.010	9.7
U005			
2-Acetylaminofluorene	53-96-3	0.059	140
POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

U006 Acetyl chloride			
Acetyl chloride	75-36-5	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
U007			
Acrylamide. Acrylamide	79-06-1	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
U008			
Acrylic acid Acrylic acid	79-10-7	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
U009			
Acrylonitrile. Acrylonitrile	107-13-1	0.24	84
U010			
Mitomycin C. Mitomycin C	50-07-7	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
U011			
Amitrole.	(1, 9)		
Amitrole	01-82-5	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBS1
U012			
Aniline. Aniline	62-53-3	0.81	14

POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

U014			
Auramine. Auramine	492-80-8	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
U015			
Azaserine	115-02-6	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
U016			
Benz(c)acridine. Benz(c)acridine	225-51-4	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
U017			
Benzal chloride. Benzal chloride	98-87-3	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
U018			
Benz(a)anthracene. Benz(a)anthracene	56-55-3	0.059	3.4
U019 Benzene. Benzene	71-43-2	0.14	10
11020			
Benzenesulfonyl chloride. Benzenesulfonyl chloride	98-09-9	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST

POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

U021 Ponzidina			
Benzidine	92-87-5	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
11022			
Benzo(a)pyrene.			
Benzo(a)pyrene	50-32-8	0.061	3.4
U023 Benzotrichloride. Benzotrichloride	98-07-7	CHOXD; CHRED; CARBN [,] BIODG [,]	CHOXD; CHRED; or CMBST
		or CMBST	
U024			
bis(2-Chloroethoxy)methane.			
bis(2-Chloroethoxy)methane	111-91-1	0.036	7.2
U025			
<u>bis(2-Chloroethyl) etherbis(2-Chloroethyl) ether</u> <u>bis(2-Chloroethyl) ether</u> <u>bis(2-Chloroethyl) ether</u>	əethyl)ether. 111-44-4	0.033	6.0
U026			
Chlornaphazine.			
Chlornaphazine	494-03-1	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
		CIVIDST	
U027	11 1 1		
bis(2-Chloroisopropyl) ether bis(2-Chloroisopropyl) ether bis(2-Chloroisopropyl)ether	hloroisopropyl)ethe 39638-32-9	9.055 0.055	7.2
U028			
bis(2-Ethylhexyl) phthalatebis(2-Eth bis(2-Ethylhexyl) phthalate bis(2-Ethylhexyl) phthalate	rylhexyl)phthalate . 117-81-7	0.28	28

POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

U029 Methyl bromide (Bromomethane). Methyl bromide (Bromo- methane)	74-83-9	0.11	15
U030 4-Bromophenyl phenyl ether. 4-Bromophenyl phenyl ether	101-55-3	0.055	15
U031 n-Butyl alcohol. n-Butyl alcohol	71-36-3	5.6	2.6
U032 Calcium chromate. Chromium (Total)	7440-47-3	2.77	0.60 mg/ℓ TCLP
U033 Carbon oxyfluoride. Carbon oxyfluoride	353-50-4	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
U034 Trichloroacetaldehyde (Chloral). Trichloroacetaldehyde (Chloral)	75-87-6	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
U035 Chlorambucil. Chlorambucil	305-03-3	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
U036 Chlordane. Chlordane (α and χ isomers)	57-74-9	0.0033	0.26

POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

U037 Chlorobenzene. Chlorobenzene	108-90-7	0.057	6.0
U038 Chlorobenzilate. Chlorobenzilate	510-15-6	0.10	CMBST
U039 p-Chloro-m-cresol. p-Chloro-m-cresol	59-50-7	0.018	14
U041 Epichlorohydrin (1-Chloro-2,3-epo: Epichlorohydrin (1-Chloro-2,3- epoxypropane)	xypropane). 106-89-8	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
U042 2-Chloroethyl vinyl ether. 2-Chloroethyl vinyl ether	110-75-8	0.062	CMBST
U043 Vinyl chloride. Vinyl chloride	75-01-4	0.27	6.0
U044 Chloroform. Chloroform	67-66-3	0.046	6.0
U045 Chloromethane (Methyl chloride). Chloromethane (Methyl chloride)	74-87-3	0.19	30
U046 Chloromethyl methyl ether. Chloromethyl methyl ether	107-30-2	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST

POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

U047			
2-Chloronaphthalene.			
2-Chloronaphthalene	91-58-7	0.055	5.6
U048			
2-Chlorophenol.			
2-Chlorophenol	95-57-8	0.044	5.7
U049			
4-Chloro-o-toluidine hydrochloride.			
4-Chloro-o-toluidine hydro-	3165-93-3	(WETOX or	CMBST
chloride		CHOXD) fb	
		CARBN; or	
		CMBST	
U050			
Chrysene.			
Chrysene	218-01-9	0.059	3.4
U051			
Creosote.			
Naphthalene	91-20-3	0.059	5.6
Pentachlorophenol	87-86-5	0.089	7.4
Phenanthrene	85-01-8	0.059	5.6
Pyrene	129-00-0	0.067	8.2
Toluene	108-88-3	0.080	10
Xylenes-mixed isomers	1330-20-7	0.32	30
(sum of o-, m-, and p-xylene			
concentrations)			
Lead	7439-92-1	0.69	0.75 mg/ℓ TCLP
U052			
Cresols (Cresylic acid).			
o-Cresol	95-48-7	0.11	5.6
m-Cresol (difficult to distinguish	108-39-4	0.77	5.6
from p-cresol)			
p-Cresol (difficult to distinguish	106-44-5	0.77	5.6
from m-cresol)			

POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

Cresol-mixed isomers (Cresylic acid) (sum of o-, m-, and p-cresol concentrations)	1319-77-3	0.88	11.2
U053			
Crotonaldehyde.			
Crotonaldehyde	4170-30-3	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
U055			
Cumene.			
Cumene	98-82-8	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
U056			
Cyclohexane.			
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
U057			
Cyclohexanone. Cyclohexanone Cyclohexanone; alternate ⁶ standard for nonwastewaters only	108-94-1 108-94-1	0.36 NA	CMBST 0.75 mg/ℓ TCLP
U058			
Cyclophosphamide. Cyclophosphamide	50-18-0	CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST

POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

U059			
Daunomycin.			
Daunomycin	20830-81-3	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
U060 DDD.			
o,p'-DDD p,p'-DDD	53-19-0 72-54-8	0.023 0.023	0.087 0.087
U061 DDT.			
o,p'-DDT p,p'-DDT o,p'-DDD p,p'-DDD o,p'-DDE p,p'-DDE	789-02-6 50-29-3 53-19-0 72-54-8 3424-82-6 72-55-9	0.0039 0.0039 0.023 0.023 0.031 0.031	0.087 0.087 0.087 0.087 0.087 0.087
U062 Diallate.			
Diallate	2303-16-4	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
U063			
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene. Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	53-70-3	0.055	8.2
U064 Dibenz(a,i)pyrene.			
Dibenz(a,i)pyrene	189-55-9	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
U066			
1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane. 1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	96-12-8	0.11	15

POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

U067 Ethylene dibromide (1,2-Dibromoe Ethylene dibromide (1,2- Dibromoethane)	ethane). 106-93-4	0.028	15
U068 Dibromomethane. Dibromomethane	74-95-3	0.11	15
U069 Di-n-butyl phthalate. Di-n-butyl phthalate	84-74-2	0.057	28
U070 o-Dichlorobenzene. o-Dichlorobenzene	95-50-1	0.088	6.0
U071 m-Dichlorobenzene. m-Dichlorobenzene	541-73-1	0.036	6.0
U072 p-Dichlorobenzene. p-Dichlorobenzene	106-46-7	0.090	6.0
U073 3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine. 3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine	91-94-1	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
U074			
1,4-Dichloro-2-butene. cis-1,4-Dichloro-2-butene	1476-11-5	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
trans-1,4-Dichloro-2-butene	764-41-0	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST

POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

U075 Dichlorodifluoromethane. Dichlorodifluoromethane	75-71-8	0.23	7.2
U076 1,1-Dichloroethane. 1,1-Dichloroethane	75-34-3	0.059	6.0
U077 1,2-Dichloroethane. 1,2-Dichloroethane	107-06-2	0.21	6.0
U078 1,1-Dichloroethylene. 1,1-Dichloroethylene	75-35-4	0.025	6.0
U079 1,2-Dichloroethylene. trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene	156-60-5	0.054	30
U080 Methylene chloride. Methylene chloride	75-09-2	0.089	30
U081 2,4-Dichlorophenol. 2,4-Dichlorophenol	120-83-2	0.044	14
U082 2,6-Dichlorophenol. 2,6-Dichlorophenol	87-65-0	0.044	14
U083 1,2-Dichloropropane. 1,2-Dichloropropane	78-87-5	0.85	18
U084 1,3-Dichloropropylene. cis-1,3-Dichloropropylene trans-1,3-Dichloropropylene	10061-01-5 10061-02-6	0.036 0.036	18 18

POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

U085			
1,2,3,4-Diepoxybutane 1,2,3,4-Diepoxybutane	1464-53-5	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
U086 N,N'-Diethylhydrazine. N,N'-Diethylhydrazine	1615-80-1	CHOXD; CHRED; CARBN; BIODG; or CMBST	CHOXD; CHRED; or CMBST
U087 O,O-Diethyl-S-methyldithiophos O,O-Diethyl-S-methyldithio- phosphate	phate. 3288-58-2	CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
U088 Diethyl phthalate. Diethyl phthalate	84-66-2	0.20	28
U089 Diethyl stilbestrol. Diethyl stilbestrol	56-53-1	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
U090 Dihydrosafrole. Dihydrosafrole	94-58-6	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
U091 3,3'-Dimethoxybenzidine. 3,3'-Dimethoxybenzidine	119-90-4	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST

POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

U092			
Dimethylamine. Dimethylamine	124-40-3	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
U093 p-Dimethylaminoazobenzene. p-Dimethylaminoazobenzene	60-11-7	0.13	CMBST
U094 7,12-Dimethylbenz(a)anthracene. 7,12-Dimethylbenz(a)anthracene	57-97-6	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
U095 3,3'-Dimethylbenzidine. 3,3'-Dimethylbenzidine	119-93-7	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
U096			
α, α-Dimethyl benzyl hydroperoxid α, α-Dimethyl benzyl hydro- peroxide	e. 80-15-9	CHOXD; CHRED; CARBN; BIODG; or CMBST	CHOXD; CHRED; or CMBST
U097 Dimethylcarbamoyl chloride. Dimethylcarbamoyl chloride	79-44-7	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST

POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

U098			
1,1-Dimethylhydrazine. 1,1-Dimethylhydrazine	57-14-7	CHOXD; CHRED; CARBN; BIODG; or CMBST	CHOXD; CHRED; or CMBST
U099 1,2-Dimethylhydrazine. 1,2-Dimethylhydrazine	540-73-8	CHOXD; CHRED; CARBN; BIODG; or CMBST	CHOXD; CHRED; or CMBST
U101 2,4-Dimethylphenol. 2,4-Dimethylphenol	105-67-9	0.036	14
U102 Dimethyl phthalate. Dimethyl phthalate	131-11-3	0.047	28
U103 Dimethyl sulfate. Dimethyl sulfate	77-78-1	CHOXD; CHRED; CARBN; BIODG; or CMBST	CHOXD; CHRED; or CMBST
U105 2,4-Dinitrotoluene. 2,4-Dinitrotoluene	121-14-2	0.32	140
U106 2,6-Dinitrotoluene. 2,6-Dinitrotoluene	606-20-2	0.55	28
U107 Di-n-octyl phthalate. Di-n-octyl phthalate	117-84-0	0.017	28

POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

U108			
1,4-Dioxane.			
1,4-Dioxane	123-91-1	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
1,4-Dioxane; alternate ⁶ standard for nonwastewaters only	123-91-1	12.0	170
U109			
1,2-Diphenylhydrazine. 1,2-Diphenylhydrazine	122-66-7	CHOXD; CHRED; CARBN; BIODG;	CHOXD; CHRED; or CMBST
1,2-Diphenylhydrazine; alternate ⁶ standard for wastewaters only	122-66-7	0.087	NA
U110 Dipropylamine. Dipropylamine	142-84-7	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
U111 Di-n-propylnitrosamine. Di-n-propylnitrosamine	621-64-7	0.40	14
U112 Ethyl acetate. Ethyl acetate	141-78-6	0.34	33
U113 Ethyl acrylate. Ethyl acrylate	140-88-5	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST

POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

U114 Ethylenebisdithiocorthomic acid solt	and esters		
Ethylenebisdithiocarbamic acid	111-54-6	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
U115			
Ethylene oxide.	75 01 0		QUAND
Ethylene oxide	/5-21-8	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or	CHOXD; of CMBST
Ethylene oxide; alternate ⁶ standard for wastewaters only	75-21-8	0.12	NA
U116			
Ethylene thiourea. Ethylene thiourea	96-45-7	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
1117			
Ethyl ether. Ethyl ether	60-29-7	0.12	160
U118			
Ethyl methacrylate. Ethyl methacrylate	97-63-2	0.14	160
U119			
Ethyl methane sulfonate. Ethyl methane sulfonate	62-50-0	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
U120			
Fluoranthene.			
Fluoranthene	206-44-0	0.068	3.4

POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

U121			
Trichloromonofluoromethane. Trichloromonofluoromethane	75-69-4	0.020	30
U122			
Formaldehyde.			
Formaldehyde	50-00-0	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
U123			
Formic acid.			
Formic acid	64-18-6	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
U124			
Furan.			
Furan	110-00-9	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
U125			
Furfural.			
Furfural	98-01-1	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
U126			
Glycidylaldehyde.			
Glycidylaldehyde	765-34-4	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
U127			
Hexachlorobenzene.			
Hexachlorobenzene	118-74-1	0.055	10

POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

U128 Hexachlorobutadiene.			
Hexachlorobutadiene	87-68-3	0.055	5.6
U129			
Lindane.			
α-BHC	319-84-6	0.00014	0.066
β-BHC	319-85-7	0.00014	0.066
δ-BHC	319-86-8	0.023	0.066
γ-BHC (Lindane)	58-89-9	0.0017	0.066
U130			
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene.			
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	77-47-4	0.057	2.4
U131			
Hexachloroethane.			
Hexachloroethane	67-72-1	0.055	30
U132			
Hexachlorophene.			
Hexachlorophene	70-30-4	(WETOX or	CMBST
		CHOXD) fb	
		CARBN; or	
		CMBST	
U133			
Hydrazine.			
Hydrazine	302-01-2	CHOXD; CHRED;	CHOXD; CHRED;
		CARBN; BIODG;	or CMBST
		or CMBST	
U134			
Hydrogen fluoride.			
Fluoride (measured in	7664-39-3	35	ADGAS fb
wastewaters only)			NEUTR; or
			NEUTR

POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

U135 Hydrogen sulfide. Hydrogen sulfide	7783-06-4	CHOXD; CHRED; or CMBST	CHOXD; CHRED; or CMBST
U136 Cacodylic acid. Arsenic	7440-38-2	1.4	5.0 mg/ℓ TCLP
U137 Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene. Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	193-39-5	0.0055	3.4
U138 Iodomethane. Iodomethane	74-88-4	0.19	65
U140 Isobutyl alcohol. Isobutyl alcohol	78-83-1	5.6	170
U141 Isosafrole. Isosafrole	120-58-1	0.081	2.6
U142 Kepone. Kepone	143-50-8	0.0011	0.13
U143 Lasiocarpine Lasiocarpine	303-34-4	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
U144 Lead acetate.			
Lead	7439-92-1	0.69	0.75 mg/ℓ TCLP

POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

U145 Lead phosphate. Lead	7439-92-1	0.69	0.75 mg/ℓ TCLP
U146 Lead subacetate. Lead	7439-92-1	0.69	0.75 mg/{ TCLP
U147 Maleic anhydride. Maleic anhydride	108-31-6	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
U148 Maleic hydrazide. Maleic hydrazide	123-33-1	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
U149 Malononitrile. Malononitrile	109-77-3	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
U150 Melphalan. Melphalan	148-82-3	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
U151 U151 (mercury) nonwastewaters Mercury	that contain greate 7439-97-6	r than or equal to 260 n	mg/kg total mercury. RMERC

POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

U151 U151 (mercury) nonwastewaters that residues from RMERC only	at contain less than	260 mg/kg total mercu	ry and that are
Mercury	7439-97-6	NA	0.20 mg/ℓ TCLP
U151 U151 (mercury) nonwastewaters that residues from RMERC only.	at contain less than	260 mg/kg total mercu	ry and that are not
Mercury	7439-97-6	NA	0.025 mg/ℓ TCLP
U151 All U151 (mercury) wastewater. Mercury	7439-97-6	0.15	NA
U151 Elemental Mercury Contaminated v Mercury	vith Radioactive Ma	nterials.	AMI GM
	7439-97-0	1 1 2 2	
Methacrylonitrile. Methacrylonitrile	126-98-7	0.24	84
U153 Methanethiol.			
Methanethiol	74-93-1	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
U154			
Methanol.			
Methanol	67-56-1	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
Methanol; alternate ⁶ set of standards for both wastewaters and nonwastewaters	67-56-1	5.6	0.75 mg/ℓ TCLP
U155			
Methapyrilene. Methapyrilene	91-80-5	0.081	1.5

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U156			
Methyl chlorocarbonate. Methyl chlorocarbonate	79-22-1	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
U157 3-Methylcholanthrene. 3-Methylcholanthrene	56-49-5	0.0055	15
U158 4,4'-Methylene bis(2-chloroaniline). 4,4'-Methylene bis(2-chloro- aniline)	101-14-4	0.50	30
U159 Methyl ethyl ketone. Methyl ethyl ketone	78-93-3	0.28	36
U160 Methyl ethyl ketone peroxide. Methyl ethyl ketone peroxide	1338-23-4	CHOXD; CHRED; CARBN; BIODG; or CMBST	CHOXD; CHRED; or CMBST
U161 Methyl isobutyl ketone. Methyl isobutyl ketone	108-10-1	0.14	33
U162 Methyl methacrylate. Methyl methacrylate	80-62-6	0.14	160
U163 N-Methyl-N'-nitro-N-nitrosoguanidi N-Methyl-N'-nitro-N-nitroso- guanidine	ine. 70-25-7	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST

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U164 Methylthiouracil.			
Methylthiouracil	56-04-2	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
U165 Naphthalene. Naphthalene	91-20-3	0.059	5.6
U166 1,4-Naphthoquinone. 1,4-Naphthoquinone	130-15-4	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
U167 1-Naphthylamine. 1-Naphthylamine	134-32-7	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
U168 2-Naphthylamine. 2-Naphthylamine	91-59-8	0.52	CMBST
U169 Nitrobenzene. Nitrobenzene	98-95-3	0.068	14
U170 p-Nitrophenol. p-Nitrophenol	100-02-7	0.12	29

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U171			
2-Nitropropane.			
2-Nitropropane	79-46-9	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
U172 N-Nitrosodi-n-butylamine. N-Nitrosodi-n-butylamine	924-16-3	0.40	17
J. A.			
U173 N-Nitrosodiethanolamine. N-Nitrosodiethanolamine	1116-54-7	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
		CIVIDST	
U174 N-Nitrosodiethylamine. N-Nitrosodiethylamine	55-18-5	0.40	28
11176			
N-Nitroso-N-ethylurea. N-Nitroso-N-ethylurea	759-73-9	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
11177			
N-Nitroso-N-methylurea. N-Nitroso-N-methylurea	684-93-5	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
11178			
N-Nitroso-N-methylurethane. N-Nitroso-N-methylurethane	615-53-2	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN: or	CMBST
		CMBST	

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U179 N-Nitrosopiperidine. N-Nitrosopiperidine	100-75-4	0.013	35
U180 N-Nitrosopyrrolidine. N-Nitrosopyrrolidine	930-55-2	0.013	35
U181 5-Nitro-o-toluidine. 5-Nitro-o-toluidine	99-55-8	0.32	28
U182 Paraldehyde. Paraldehyde	123-63-7	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
U183 Pentachlorobenzene. Pentachlorobenzene	608-93-5	0.055	10
U184 Pentachloroethane. Pentachloroethane	76-01-7	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or	CMBST
Pentachloroethane; alternate ⁶ standards for both wastewaters and nonwastewaters	76-01-7	CMBST 0.055	6.0
U185 Pentachloronitrobenzene. Pentachloronitrobenzene	82-68-8	0.055	4.8

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U186			
1,3-Pentadiene	504-60-9	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
U187			
Phenacetin. Phenacetin	62-44-2	0.081	16
U188 Phenol.			
Phenol	108-95-2	0.039	6.2
U189 Phosphorus sulfide. Phosphorus sulfide	1314-80-3	CHOXD. CHRED.	CHOXD: CHRED:
		or CMBST	or CMBST
U190 Phthalic anhydride. Phthalic anhydride (measured as	100-21-0	0.055	78
Phthalic acid or Terephthalic acid)	100 21 0	0.033	20
Phthalic anhydride (measured as Phthalic acid or Terephthalic acid)	85-44-9	0.055	28
U191 2-Picoline			
2-Picoline	109-06-8	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
U192			
Pronamide.	23950-58-5	0.093	1.5
i ionunnuo	23730-30-3	0.075	1.0

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U193			
1,3-Propane sultone.			
1,3-Propane sultone	1120-71-4	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
U194			
n-Propylamine.			
n-Propylamine	107-10-8	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
1106			
Pyridine			
Pyridine	110-86-1	0.014	16
U197			
p-Benzoquinone.			
p-Benzoquinone	106-51-4	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
U200			
Reserpine.			
Reserpine	50-55-5	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
U201			
Resorcinol.			
Resorcinol	108-46-3	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
U203			
Safrole.			
Safrole	94-59-7	0.081	22

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U204 Selenium dioxide. Selenium	7782-49-2	0.82	5.7 mg/ℓ TCLP
U205 Selenium sulfide. Selenium	7782-49-2	0.82	5.7 mg/ℓ TCLP
U206 Streptozotocin. Streptozotocin	18883-66-4	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
U207 1,2,4,5-Tetrachlorobenzene. 1,2,4,5-Tetrachlorobenzene	95-94-3	0.055	14
U208 1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane. 1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	630-20-6	0.057	6.0
U209 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane. 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	79-34-5	0.057	6.0
U210 Tetrachloroethylene. Tetrachloroethylene	127-18-4	0.056	6.0
U211 Carbon tetrachloride. Carbon tetrachloride	56-23-5	0.057	6.0
U213 Tetrahydrofuran. Tetrahydrofuran	109-99-9	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST

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U214 Thallium (I) acetate. Thallium (measured in wastewaters only)	7440-28-0	1.4	RTHRM; or STABL
U215 Thallium (I) carbonate. Thallium (measured in wastewaters only)	7440-28-0	1.4	RTHRM; or STABL
U216 Thallium (I) chloride. Thallium (measured in wastewaters only)	7440-28-0	1.4	RTHRM; or STABL
U217 Thallium (I) nitrate. Thallium (measured in wastewaters only)	7440-28-0	1.4	RTHRM; or STABL
U218 Thioacetamide. Thioacetamide	62-55-5	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
U219 Thiourea. Thiourea	62-56-6	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
U220 Toluene. Toluene	108-88-3	0.080	10
U221 Toluenediamine. Toluenediamine	25376-45-8	CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST

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U222			
o-Toluidine hydrochloride. o-Toluidine hydrochloride	636-21-5	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
U223			
Toluene diisocyanate. Toluene diisocyanate	26471-62-5	CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
U225			
Bromoform (Tribromomethane). Bromoform (Tribromomethane)	75-25-2	0.63	15
U226			
1,1,1-Trichloroethane. 1,1,1-Trichloroethane	71-55-6	0.054	6.0
U227			
1,1,2-Trichloroethane. 1,1,2-Trichloroethane	79-00-5	0.054	6.0
U228			
Trichloroethylene. Trichloroethylene	79-01-6	0.054	6.0
U234			
1,3,5-Trinitrobenzene.	00.25.4		C) (DCT
1,3,5-1rinitrobenzene	99-35-4	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBS1
U235			
tris-(2,3-Dibromopropyl)-phosphate.	106 70 7	0.11	0.10
phosphate	120-/2-/	0.11	0.10

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U236			
Trypan Blue Trypan Blue	72-57-1	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb	CMBST
		CARBN; or CMBST	
U237 Uracil mustard.			
Uracil mustard	66-75-1	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
U238			
Urethane (Ethyl carbamate). Urethane (Ethyl carbamate)	51-79-6	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
U239			
Xylenes. Xylenes-mixed isomers (sum of o-, m-, and p-xylene concentrations)	1330-20-7	0.32	30
U240			
2,4-D (2,4-Dichlorophenoxyacetic a	ncid).	0.72	10
acetic acid)	94-75-7	0.72	10
2,4-D (2,4-Dichlorophenoxy- acetic acid) salts and esters	NA	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
U243			
Hexachloropropylene.	1999 71 7	0.035	30
I I CARCINOI OPIOPYICHE	1000-/1-/	0.033	JU .

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U244 Thiram			
Thiram Thiram	137-26-8	(WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
U246			
Cyanogen bromide. Cyanogen bromide	506-68-3	CHOXD; WETOX; or CMBST	CHOXD; WETOX; or CMBST
U247			
Methoxychlor. Methoxychlor	72-43-5	0.25	0.18
U248			
Warfarin, & salts, when present at c Warfarin	oncentrations of 0.3 81-81-2	B percent or less. (WETOX or CHOXD) fb CARBN; or CMBST	CMBST
U249			
Zinc phosphide, Zn ₃ P ₂ , when preser	nt at concentrations	of 10 percent or less.	
Zinc Phosphide	1314-84-7	CHOXD; CHRED; or CMBST	CHOXD; CHRED; or CMBST
U271 Benomyl. ¹⁰			
Benomyl	17804-35-2	0.056; or CMBST, CHOXD, BIODG or CARBN	1.4; or CMBST
U278 Bendiocarb ¹⁰			
Bendiocarb	22781-23-3	0.056; or CMBST, CHOXD, BIODG or CARBN	1.4; or CMBST

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U279			
Carbaryl	63-25-2	0.006; or CMBST, CHOXD, BIODG or CARBN	0.14; or CMBST
U280 Barban ¹⁰			
Barban	101-27-9	0.056; or CMBST, CHOXD, BIODG or CARBN	1.4; or CMBST
U328			
o-Toluidine	95-53-4	CMBST; or CHOXD fb (BIODG or CARBN); or BIODG fb CARBN	CMBST
U353 p-Toluidine.			
p-Toluidine	106-49-0	CMBST; or CHOXD fb (BIODG or CARBN); or BIODG fb CARBN	CMBST
U359			
2-Ethoxyethanol	110-80-5	CMBST; or CHOXD fb (BIODG or CARBN); or BIODG fb CARBN	CMBST

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U364			
Bendiocarb phenol. ¹⁰ Bendiocarb phenol	22961-82-6	0.056; or CMBST, CHOXD, BIODG or CARBN	1.4; or CMBST
U367 Carbofuran phenol. ¹⁰ Carbofuran phenol	1563-38-8	0.056; or CMBST, CHOXD, BIODG or CARBN	1.4; or CMBST
U372 Carbendazim. ¹⁰ Carbendazim	10605-21-7	0.056; or CMBST, CHOXD, BIODG or CARBN	1.4; or CMBST
U373 Propham. ¹⁰ Propham	122-42-9	0.056; or CMBST, CHOXD, BIODG or CARBN	1.4; or CMBST
U387 Prosulfocarb. ¹⁰ Prosulfocarb	52888-80-9	0.042; or CMBST, CHOXD, BIODG or CARBN	1.4; or CMBST
U389 Triallate. ¹⁰ Triallate	2303-17-5	0.042; or CMBST, CHOXD, BIODG or CARBN	1.4; or CMBST
U394 A2213. ¹⁰ A2213	30558-43-1	0.042; or CMBST, CHOXD, BIODG or CARBN	1.4; or CMBST

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U395 Distributions along 1 disachements ¹⁰			
Diethylene glycol, dicarbamate. ¹⁰ Diethylene glycol, dicarbamate	5952-26-1	0.056; or CMBST, CHOXD, BIODG or CARBN	1.4; or CMBST
U404 Triethylamine. ¹⁰ Triethylamine	121-44-8	0.081; or CMBST,	1.5; or CMBST
		CHOXD, BIODG or CARBN	
U409 Thiophanate methyl ¹⁰			
Thiophanate-methyl	23564-05-8	0.056; or CMBST, CHOXD, BIODG or CARBN	1.4; or CMBST
U410 Thiodicarb ¹⁰			
Thiodicarb	59669-26-0	0.019; or CMBST, CHOXD, BIODG or CARBN	1.4; or CMBST
U411 Proposur ¹⁰			
Propoxur	114-26-1	0.056; or CMBST, CHOXD, BIODG or CARBN	1.4; or CMBST

Notes:

- 1 The waste descriptions provided in this table do not replace waste descriptions in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 721. Descriptions of Treatment or Regulatory Subcategories are provided, as needed, to distinguish between applicability of different standards.
- 2 CAS means Chemical Abstract Services. When the <u>USEPA hazardous</u> waste <u>number</u> code or regulated constituents are described as a combination of a chemical with its salts or esters, the CAS number is given for the parent compound only.
- 3 Concentration standards for wastewaters are expressed in mg/ℓ and are based on analysis of composite samples.

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- 4 All treatment standards expressed as a Technology Code or combination of Technology Codes are explained in detail in Table C-of this Part, "Technology Codes and Descriptions of Technology-Based Standards-". "fb" inserted between <u>USEPA</u> <u>hazardous</u> waste <u>numbers</u> codes-denotes "followed by₇", so that the first-listed treatment is followed by the second-listed treatment. A semicolon (;) separates alternative treatment schemes.
- 5 Except for Metals (EP or TCLP) and Cyanides (Total and Amenable), the nonwastewater treatment standards expressed as a concentration were established, in part, based on incineration in units operated in accordance with the technical requirements of Subpart O of 35 III. Adm. Code 724 or Subpart O of 35 III. Adm. Code 725 or based on combustion in fuel substitution units operating in accordance with applicable technical requirements. A facility may comply with these treatment standards according to provisions in Section 728.140(d). All concentration standards for nonwastewaters are based on analysis of grab samples.
- 6 Where an alternate treatment standard or set of alternate standards has been indicated, a facility may comply with this alternate standard, but only for the Treatment or Regulatory Subcategory or physical form (i.e., wastewater or nonwastewater) specified for that alternate standard.
- Both Cyanides (Total) and Cyanides (Amenable) for nonwastewaters are to be analyzed using Method 9010C or 9012B, in "Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste,
 <u>Physical/Chemical Physical or Chemical Methods</u>,", USEPA publication number EPA-530/SW-846, incorporated by reference in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 720.111(a), with a sample size of 10 grams and a distillation time of one hour and 15 minutes.
- 8 These wastes, when rendered non-hazardous and then subsequently managed in CWA or CWA-equivalent systems, are not subject to treatment standards. (See Section 728.101(c)(3) and (c)(4).)
- 9 These wastes, when rendered non-hazardous and then subsequently injected in a Class I SDWA well, are not subject to treatment standards. (See 35 Ill. Adm. Code 738.101(d).)
- 10 The treatment standard for this waste may be satisfied by either meeting the constituent concentrations in the table in this Section or by treating the waste by the specified technologies: combustion, as defined by the technology code CMBST at Table C for nonwastewaters; and biodegradation, as defined by the technology code BIODG; carbon adsorption, as defined by the technology code CARBN; chemical oxidation, as defined by the technology code CMBST, at Table C, for wastewaters.

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- 11 For these wastes, the definition of CMBST is limited to any of the following that have obtained a determination of equivalent treatment under Section 728.142(b): (1) combustion units operating under 35 Ill. Adm. Code 726, (2) combustion units permitted under Subpart O of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 724, or (3) combustion units operating under Subpart O of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 725.
- 12 Disposal of USEPA hazardous waste number K175 waste that has complied with all applicable Section 728.140 treatment standards must also be macroencapsulated in accordance with Table F-of this Part, unless the waste is placed in either of the following types of facilities:
 - a) A RCRA Subtitle C monofill containing only K175 wastes that meet all applicable 40 CFR 268.40 treatment standards; or
 - b) A dedicated RCRA Subtitle C landfill cell in which all other wastes being codisposed are at pH≤6.0.

BOARD NOTE: Derived from table to 40 CFR 268.40 (2017) (2015).

NA means not applicable.

(Source: Amended at 42 Ill. Reg. _____, effective _____)

Section 728.TABLE U Universal Treatment Standards (UTS)

			Nonwastewater
		Wastewater	Standard
		Standard	Concentration ³ (in
Regulated Constituent-		Concentration ² (in	mg/kg unless noted
Common Name	CAS^1 No.	mg/ℓ)	as "mg/ℓ TCLP")
Acenaphthylene	208-96-8	0.059	3.4
Acenaphthene	83-32-9	0.059	3.4
Acetone	67-64-1	0.28	160
Acetonitrile	75-05-8	5.6	38
Acetophenone	96-86-2	0.010	9.7
2-Acetylaminofluorene	53-96-3	0.059	140
Acrolein	107-02-8	0.29	NA
Acrylamide	79-06-1	19	23
Acrylonitrile	107-13-1	0.24	84
Aldrin	309-00-2	0.021	0.066
4-Aminobiphenyl	92-67-1	0.13	NA
Aniline	62-53-3	0.81	14
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o-Anisidine (2-methoxy-	90-04-0	0.010	0.66
aniline)			
Anthracene	120-12-7	0.059	3.4
Aramite	140-57-8	0.36	NA
α-BHC	319-84-6	0.00014	0.066
β-BHC	319-85-7	0.00014	0.066
δ-BHC	319-86-8	0.023	0.066
γ-BHC	58-89-9	0.0017	0.066
Benz(a)anthracene	56-55-3	0.059	3.4
Benzal chloride	98-87-3	0.055	6.0
Benzene	71-43-2	0.14	10
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	205-99-2	0.11	6.8
(difficult to distinguish from			
benzo(k)fluoranthene)			
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	207-08-9	0.11	6.8
(difficult to distinguish from			
benzo(b)fluoranthene)			
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	191-24-2	0.0055	1.8
Benzo(a)pyrene	50-32-8	0.061	3.4
Bromodichloromethane	75-27-4	0.35	15
Methyl bromide (Bromo-	74-83-9	0.11	15
methane)			
4-Bromophenyl phenyl ether	101-55-3	0.055	15
n-Butyl alcohol	71-36-3	5.6	2.6
Butyl benzyl phthalate	85-68-7	0.017	28
2-sec-Butyl-4,6-dinitrophenol	88-85-7	0.066	2.5
(Dinoseb)			
Carbon disulfide	75-15-0	3.8	4.8 mg/ℓ TCLP
Carbon tetrachloride	56-23-5	0.057	6.0
Chlordane (α and γ isomers)	57-74-9	0.0033	0.26
p-Chloroaniline	106-47-8	0.46	16
Chlorobenzene	108-90-7	0.057	6.0
Chlorobenzilate	510-15-6	0.10	NA
2-Chloro-1,3-butadiene	126-99-8	0.057	0.28
p-Chloro-m-cresol	59-50-7	0.018	14
Chlorodibromomethane	124-48-1	0.057	15
Chloroethane	75-00-3	0.27	6.0
bis(2-Chloroethoxy)methane	111-91-1	0.036	7.2
bis(2-Chloroethyl) ether	111-44-4	0.033	6.0
bis(2-Chloroethyl)ether			

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2-Chloroethyl vinyl ether	110-75-8	0.062	NA
Chloroform	67-66-3	0.046	6.0
bis(2-Chloroisopropyl) ether	39638-32-9	0.055	7.2
bis(2-Chloroisopropyl)ether			
Chloromethane (Methyl	74-87-3	0.19	30
chloride)			
2-Chloronaphthalene	91-58-7	0.055	5.6
2-Chlorophenol	95-57-8	0.044	5.7
3-Chloropropylene	107-05-1	0.036	30
Chrysene	218-01-9	0.059	3.4
p-Cresidine	120-71-8	0.010	0.66
o-Cresol	95-48-7	0.11	5.6
m-Cresol (difficult to	108-39-4	0.77	5.6
distinguish from p-cresol)			
p-Cresol (difficult to	106-44-5	0.77	5.6
distinguish from m-cresol)			
Cyclohexanone	108-94-1	0.36	0.75 mg/ℓ TCLP
o,p'-DDD	53-19-0	0.023	0.087
p,p'-DDD	72-54-8	0.023	0.087
o,p'-DDE	3424-82-6	0.031	0.087
p,p'-DDE	72-55-9	0.031	0.087
o,p'-DDT	789-02-6	0.0039	0.087
p,p'-DDT	50-29-3	0.0039	0.087
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	53-70-3	0.055	8.2
Dibenz(a,e)pyrene	192-65-4	0.061	NA
1,2-Dibromo-3-chloro-	96-12-8	0.11	15
propane			
1,2-Dibromoethane/Ethylene	106-93-4	0.028	15
dibromide			
Dibromomethane	74-95-3	0.11	15
m-Dichlorobenzene	541-73-1	0.036	6.0
o-Dichlorobenzene	95-50-1	0.088	6.0
p-Dichlorobenzene	106-46-7	0.090	6.0
Dichlorodifluoromethane	75-71-8	0.23	7.2
1,1-Dichloroethane	75-34-3	0.059	6.0
1,2-Dichloroethane	107-06-2	0.21	6.0
1,1-Dichloroethylene	75-35-4	0.025	6.0
trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene	156-60-5	0.054	30
2,4-Dichlorophenol	120-83-2	0.044	14
2,6-Dichlorophenol	87-65-0	0.044	14

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2,4-Dichlorophenoxyacetic	94-75-7	0.72	10
acid/2,4-D			
1,2-Dichloropropane	78-87-5	0.85	18
cis-1,3-Dichloropropylene	10061-01-5	0.036	18
trans-1,3-Dichloropropylene	10061-02-6	0.036	18
Dieldrin	60-57-1	0.017	0.13
Diethyl phthalate	84-66-2	0.20	28
p-Dimethylaminoazobenzene	60-11-7	0.13	NA
2,4-Dimethylaniline (2,4-	95-68-1	0.010	0.66
xylidine)			
2,4-Dimethyl phenol	105-67-9	0.036	14
Dimethyl phthalate	131-11-3	0.047	28
Di-n-butyl phthalate	84-74-2	0.057	28
1,4-Dinitrobenzene	100-25-4	0.32	2.3
4,6-Dinitro-o-cresol	534-52-1	0.28	160
2,4-Dinitrophenol	51-28-5	0.12	160
2,4-Dinitrotoluene	121-14-2	0.32	140
2,6-Dinitrotoluene	606-20-2	0.55	28
Di-n-octyl phthalate	117-84-0	0.017	28
Di-n-propylnitrosamine	621-64-7	0.40	14
1,4-Dioxane	123-91-1	12.0	170
Diphenylamine (difficult to	122-39-4	0.92	13
distinguish from			
diphenylnitrosamine)			
Diphenylnitrosamine	86-30-6	0.92	13
(difficult to distinguish from			
diphenylamine)			
1.2-Diphenylhydrazine	122-66-7	0.087	NA
Disulfoton	298-04-4	0.017	6.2
Endosulfan I	959-98-8	0.023	0.066
Endosulfan II	33213-65-9	0.029	0.13
Endosulfan sulfate	1031-07-8	0.029	0.13
Endrin	72-20-8	0.0028	0.13
Endrin aldehvde	7421-93-4	0.025	0.13
Ethyl acetate	141-78-6	0.34	33
Ethyl benzene	100-41-4	0.057	10
Ethyl cyanide	107-12-0	0.037	360
(Propanenitrile)	107 12 0	0.21	500
Ethylene oxide	75-21-8	0.12	NA
Ethyl ether	60-29-7	0.12	160
his(2-Ethylhexyl) nhthalate	117-81-7	0.28	28
Sista Durgineryij pilulaidio		0.20	20

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Ethyl methacrylate	97-63-2	0.14	160
Famphur	52-85-7	0.017	15
Fluoranthene	206-44-0	0.068	3.4
Fluorene	86-73-7	0.059	3.4
Heptachlor	76-44-8	0.0012	0.066
1,2,3,4,6,7,8-Heptachloro-	35822-46-9	0.000035	0.0025
dibenzo-p-dioxin			
(1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDD)			
1,2,3,4,6,7,8-Heptachloro-	67562-39-4	0.000035	0.0025
dibenzofuran (1,2,3,4,6,7,8-			
HpCDF)			
1,2,3,4,7,8,9-Heptachloro-	55673-89-7	0.000035	0.0025
dibenzofuran (1,2,3,4,7,8,9-			
HpCDF)			
Heptachlor epoxide	1024-57-3	0.016	0.066
Hexachlorobenzene	118-74-1	0.055	10
Hexachlorobutadiene	87-68-3	0.055	5.6
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	77-47-4	0.057	2.4
HxCDDs (All Hexachloro-	NA	0.000063	0.001
dibenzo-p-dioxins)			
HxCDFs (All Hexachloro-	55684-94-1	0.000063	0.001
dibenzofurans)			
Hexachloroethane	67-72-1	0.055	30
Hexachloropropylene	1888-71-7	0.035	30
Indeno (1,2,3-c,d) pyrene	193-39-5	0.0055	3.4
Iodomethane	74-88-4	0.19	65
Isobutyl alcohol	78-83-1	5.6	170
Isodrin	465-73-6	0.021	0.066
Isosafrole	120-58-1	0.081	2.6
Kepone	143-50-0	0.0011	0.13
Methacrylonitrile	126-98-7	0.24	84
Methanol	67-56-1	5.6	0.75 mg/l TCLF
Methapyrilene	91-80-5	0.081	1.5
Methoxychlor	72-43-5	0.25	0.18
3-Methylcholanthrene	56-49-5	0.0055	15
4,4-Methylene bis(2-chloro-	101-14-4	0.50	30
aniline)			
Methylene chloride	75-09-2	0.089	30
Methyl ethyl ketone	78-93-3	0.28	36
Methyl isobutyl ketone	108-10-1	0.14	33
Methyl methacrylate	80-62-6	0.14	160

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Methyl methansulfonate	66-27-3	0.018	NA
Methyl parathion	298-00-0	0.014	4.6
Naphthalene	91-20-3	0.059	5.6
2-Naphthylamine	91-59-8	0.52	NA
o-Nitroaniline	88-74-4	0.27	14
p-Nitroaniline	100-01-6	0.028	28
Nitrobenzene	98-95-3	0.068	14
5-Nitro-o-toluidine	99-55-8	0.32	28
o-Nitrophenol	88-75-5	0.028	13
p-Nitrophenol	100-02-7	0.12	29
N-Nitrosodiethylamine	55-18-5	0.40	28
N-Nitrosodimethylamine	62-75-9	0.40	2.3
N-Nitroso-di-n-butylamine	924-16-3	0.40	17
N-Nitrosomethylethylamine	10595-95-6	0.40	2.3
N-Nitrosomorpholine	59-89-2	0.40	2.3
N-Nitrosopiperidine	100-75-4	0.013	35
N-Nitrosopyrrolidine	930-55-2	0.013	35
1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9-Octachloro-	3268-87-9	0.000063	0.005
dibenzo-p-dioxin			
(1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9-OCDD)			
1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9-Octachloro-	39001-02-0	0.000063	0.005
dibenzofuran (1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9-			
OCDF)			
Parathion	56-38-2	0.014	4.6
Total PCBs (sum of all PCB	1336-36-3	0.10	10
isomers, or all Aroclors) ⁸			
Pentachlorobenzene	608-93-5	0.055	10
PeCDDs (All Pentachloro-	36088-22-9	0.000063	0.001
dibenzo-p-dioxins)			
PeCDFs (All Pentachloro-	30402-15-4	0.000035	0.001
dibenzofurans)			
Pentachloroethane	76-01-7	0.055	6.0
Pentachloronitrobenzene	82-68-8	0.055	4.8
Pentachlorophenol	87-86-5	0.089	7.4
Phenacetin	62-44-2	0.081	16
Phenanthrene	85-01-8	0.059	5.6
Phenol	108-95-2	0.039	6.2
1,3-Phenylenediamine	108-45-2	0.010	0.66
Phorate	298-02-2	0.021	4.6
Phthalic acid	100-21-0	0.055	28
Phthalic anhydride	85-44-9	0.055	28

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Pronamide	23950-58-5	0.093	1.5
Pyrene	129-00-0	0.067	8.2
Pyridine	110-86-1	0.014	16
Safrole	94-59-7	0.081	22
Silvex (2,4,5-TP)	93-72-1	0.72	7.9
1,2,4,5-Tetrachlorobenzene	95-94-3	0.055	14
TCDDs (All Tetrachloro-	41903-57-5	0.000063	0.001
dibenzo-p-dioxins)			
TCDFs (All Tetrachloro-	55722-27-5	0.000063	0.001
dibenzofurans)			
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	630-20-6	0.057	6.0
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	79-34-5	0.057	6.0
Tetrachloroethylene	127-18-4	0.056	6.0
2,3,4,6-Tetrachlorophenol	58-90-2	0.030	7.4
Toluene	108-88-3	0.080	10
Toxaphene	8001-35-2	0.0095	2.6
Tribromomethane	75-25-2	0.63	15
(Bromoform)			
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	120-82-1	0.055	19
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	71-55-6	0.054	6.0
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	79-00-5	0.054	6.0
Trichloroethylene	79-01-6	0.054	6.0
Trichloromonofluoromethane	75-69-4	0.020	30
2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	95-95-4	0.18	7.4
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	88-06-2	0.035	7.4
2,4,5-Trichlorophenoxyacetic	93-76-5	0.72	7.9
acid/2,4,5-T			
1,2,3-Trichloropropane	96-18-4	0.85	30
1,1,2-Trichloro-1,2,2-	76-13-1	0.057	30
trifluoroethane			
tris-(2,3-Dibromopropyl)	126-72-7	0.11	0.10
phosphate			
Vinyl chloride	75-01-4	0.27	6.0
Xylenes-mixed isomers (sum	1330-20-7	0.32	30
of o-, m-, and p-xylene			
concentrations)			
Antimony	7440-36-0	1.9	1.15 mg/ℓ TCLP
Arsenic	7440-38-2	1.4	5.0 mg/ℓ TCLP
Barium	7440-39-3	1.2	21 mg/l TCLP
Beryllium	7440-41-7	0.82	1.22 mg/ℓ TCLP
Cadmium	7440-43-9	0.69	0.11 mg/l TCLP

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Chromium (Total)	7440-47-3	2.77	0.60 mg/{ TCLP
Cyanides (Total) ⁴	57-12-5	1.2	590
Cyanides (Amenable) ⁴	57-12-5	0.86	30
Fluoride ⁵	16984-48-8	35	NA
Lead	7439-92-1	0.69	0.75 mg/{ TCLP
Mercury-Nonwastewater	7439-97-6	NA	0.20 mg/{ TCLP
from Retort			-
Mercury-All Others	7439-97-6	0.15	0.025 mg/& TCLP
Nickel	7440-02-0	3.98	11 mg/ℓ TCLP
Selenium ⁷	7782-49-2	0.82	5.7 mg/ℓ TCLP
Silver	7440-22-4	0.43	0.14 mg/l TCLP
Sulfide	18496-25-8	14	NA
Thallium	7440-28-0	1.4	0.20 mg/ℓ TCLP
Vanadium ⁵	7440-62-2	4.3	1.6 mg/ℓ TCLP
Zinc ⁵	7440-66-6	2.61	4.3 mg/ℓ TCLP

- ¹ CAS means Chemical Abstract Services. When the <u>USEPA hazardous</u> waste <u>number</u> code or regulated constituents are described as a combination of a chemical with its salts or esters, the CAS number is given for the parent compound only.
- ² Concentration standards for wastewaters are expressed in mg/ℓ are based on analysis of composite samples.
- ³ Except for metals (EP or TCLP) and cyanides (total and amenable), the nonwastewater treatment standards expressed as a concentration were established, in part, based on incineration in units operated in accordance with the technical requirements of Subpart O of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 724 or Subpart O of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 725 or on combustion in fuel substitution units operating in accordance with applicable technical requirements. A facility may comply with these treatment standards according to provisions in Section 728.140(d). All concentration standards for nonwastewaters are based on analysis of grab samples.
- ⁴ Both Cyanides (Total) and Cyanides (Amenable) for nonwastewaters are to be analyzed using Method 9010C or 9012B, in "Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste, Physical/Chemical Methods,", USEPA publication number EPA-530/SW-846, incorporated by reference in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 720.111(a), with a sample size of 10 grams and a distillation time of one hour and 15 minutes.
- ⁵ These constituents are not "underlying hazardous constituents" in characteristic wastes, according to the definition at Section 728.102(i).

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NOTICE OF ADOPTED AMENDMENTS

- ⁶ This footnote corresponds with footnote 6 to the table to 40 CFR 268.48(a), which USEPA has removed and marked "reserved.". This statement maintains structural consistency with the corresponding federal regulations.
- ⁷ This constituent is not an underlying hazardous constituent, as defined at Section 728.102(i), because its UTS level is greater than its TC level. Thus, a treated selenium waste would always be characteristically hazardous unless it is treated to below its characteristic level.
- ⁸ This standard is temporarily deferred for soil exhibiting a hazardous characteristic due to USEPA hazardous waste numbers D004 through D011 only.

Note: NA means not applicable.

BOARD NOTE: Derived from table to 40 CFR 268.48(a) (2017) (2011).

(Source: Amended at 42 Ill. Reg. _____, effective _____)